Package ‘SummarizedExperiment’

January 29, 2024

Title  SummarizedExperiment container

Description  The SummarizedExperiment container contains one or more assays, each represented by a matrix-like object of numeric or other mode. The rows typically represent genomic ranges of interest and the columns represent samples.

biocViews  Genetics, Infrastructure, Sequencing, Annotation, Coverage, GenomeAnnotation

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Description

The Assays virtual class and its methods provide a formal abstraction of the assays slot of SummarizedExperiment objects.

SimpleAssays and ShallowSimpleListAssays are concrete subclasses of Assays with the former being currently the default implementation of Assays objects. Other implementations (e.g., disk-based) could easily be added.

Note that these classes are not meant to be used directly by the end user and the material in this man page is aimed at package developers.

Details

Assays objects have a list-like semantics with elements having matrix- or array-like semantics (e.g., dim, dimnames).

The Assays API consists of:

R topics documented:

Assays-class .................................................. 2
coverage-methods .............................................. 5
findOverlaps-methods ......................................... 6
inter-range-methods ............................................. 7
intra-range-methods ............................................ 9
makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame .................. 11
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet ............... 13
makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom ........................ 14
nearest-methods ................................................. 15
RangedSummarizedExperiment-class ........................... 18
SummarizedExperiment-class .................................. 21

Index 30
Assays-class

- (a) The Assays() constructor function.
- (b) Lossless back and forth coercion from/to SimpleList. The coercion method from SimpleList doesn't need (and should not) validate the returned object.
- (c) length, names, `names<-`, getListElement, setListElement, dim, `[`, `[<-`, rbind, cbind.

An Assays concrete subclass needs to implement (b) (required) plus, optionally any of the methods in (c).

IMPORTANT:

1. Nobody in the Assays hierarchy is allowed to inherit from SimpleList because of the conflicting semantic of `[.

2. Methods that return a modified Assays object (a.k.a. endomorphisms), that is, `[ as well as replacement methods names<-, setListElement, and `[<-`, must respect the *copy-on-change contract*. With objects that don’t make use of references internally, the developer doesn’t need to take any special action for that because it’s automatically taken care of by R itself. However, for objects that do make use of references internally (e.g. environments, external pointers, pointer to a file on disk, etc...), the developer needs to be careful to implement endomorphisms with copy-on-change semantics. This can easily be achieved (and is what the default methods for Assays objects do) by performing a full (deep) copy of the object before modifying it instead of trying to modify it in-place. However note that this full (deep) copy can be very expensive and is actually not necessary in order to achieve copy-on-change semantics: it’s enough (and often preferable for performance reasons) to copy only the parts of the object that need to be modified.

Assays has currently 3 implementations which are formalized by concrete subclasses SimpleAssays, ShallowSimpleListAssays, and AssaysInEnv. SimpleAssays is the default (prior to SummarizedExperiment 1.15.4, ShallowSimpleListAssays was the default). AssaysInEnv is a broken alternative to ShallowSimpleListAssays that does NOT respect the *copy-on-change contract*. It is only provided for illustration purposes (see source file Assays-class.R for the details).

A little more detail about ShallowSimpleListAssays: a small reference class hierarchy (not exported from the GenomicRanges name space) defines a reference class ShallowData with a single field data of type ANY, and a derived class ShallowSimpleListAssays that specializes the type of data as SimpleList, and contains=c(“ShallowData”, ”Assays”). The assays slot of a SummarizedExperiment object contains an instance of ShallowSimpleListAssays.

**Author(s)**

Martin Morgan and Hervé Pagès

**See Also**

- SummarizedExperiment objects.
- SimpleList objects in the S4Vectors package.
Examples

```r
## DIRECT MANIPULATION OF Assays OBJECTS

m1 <- matrix(runif(24), ncol=3)
m2 <- matrix(runif(24), ncol=3)
a <- Assays(SimpleList(m1, m2))
a
as(a, "SimpleList")

length(a)
getListElement(a, 2)
dim(a)

b <- a[-4, 2]
b
length(b)
getListElement(b, 2)
dim(b)

names(a)
names(a) <- c("a1", "a2")
names(a)
getListElement(a, "a2")

rbind(a, a)
cbind(a, a)

## COPY-ON-CHANGE CONTRACT

## ShallowSimpleListAssays objects have copy-on-change semantics but not
## AssaysInEnv objects. For example:

ssla <- as(SimpleList(m1, m2), "ShallowSimpleListAssays")
aie <- as(SimpleList(m1, m2), "AssaysInEnv")

## No names on 'ssla' and 'aie':

names(ssla)
names(aie)

ssla2 <- ssla
daie2 <- aie

names(ssla2) <- names(aie2) <- c("A1", "A2")

names(ssla) # still NULL (as expected)

names(aie) # changed! (because the names<- AssaysInEnv method is not
# implemented in a way that respects the copy-on-change
# contract)
```
Description

This man page documents the coverage method for RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.

Usage

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
coverage(x, shift=0L, width=NULL, weight=1L,
         method=c("auto", "sort", "hash"))

Arguments

x

A RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

shift, width, weight, method

See ?coverage in the GenomicRanges package.

Details

This method operates on the rowRanges component of the RangedSummarizedExperiment object, which can be a GenomicRanges or GRangesList object.

More precisely, on RangedSummarizedExperiment object x, coverage(x, ...) is equivalent to coverage(rowRanges(x), ...).

See ?coverage in the GenomicRanges package for the details of how coverage operates on a GenomicRanges or GRangesList object.

Value

See ?coverage in the GenomicRanges package.

See Also

- RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.
- The coverage man page in the GenomicRanges package where the coverage methods for GenomicRanges and GRangesList objects are documented.

Examples

nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                     IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                     strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)),
                     seqlengths=c(chr1=1800, chr2=1300))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                     ...)

...
row.names=LETTERS[1:6])

rse <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
    rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

cvg <- coverage(rse)
cvg
stopifnot(identical(cvg, coverage(rowRanges(rse))))

findOverlaps-methods  Finding overlapping ranges in RangedSummarizedExperiment objects

Description
This man page documents the findOverlaps methods for RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.
RangedSummarizedExperiment objects also support countOverlaps, overlapsAny, and subsetByOverlaps
thanks to the default methods defined in the IRanges package and to the findOverlaps methods
defined in this package and documented below.

Usage
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,Vector'
findOverlaps(query, subject,
    maxgap=-1L, minoverlap=0L,
    type=c("any", "start", "end", "within", "equal"),
    select=c("all", "first", "last", "arbitrary"),
    ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Vector,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
findOverlaps(query, subject,
    maxgap=-1L, minoverlap=0L,
    type=c("any", "start", "end", "within", "equal"),
    select=c("all", "first", "last", "arbitrary"),
    ignore.strand=FALSE)

Arguments
query, subject  One of these two arguments must be a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.
maxgap, minoverlap, type
    See ?findOverlaps in the GenomicRanges package.
select, ignore.strand
    See ?findOverlaps in the GenomicRanges package.

Details
These methods operate on the rowRanges component of the RangedSummarizedExperiment object,
which can be a GenomicRanges or GRangesList object.
More precisely, if any of the above functions is passed a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object thru the `query` and/or `subject` argument, then it behaves as if `rowRanges(query)` and/or `rowRanges(subject)` had been passed instead.

See `?findOverlaps` in the `GenomicRanges` package for the details of how `findOverlaps` and family operate on `GenomicRanges` and `GRangesList` objects.

Value

See `?findOverlaps` in the `GenomicRanges` package.

See Also

- `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.
- The `findOverlaps` man page in the `GenomicRanges` package where the `findOverlaps` family of methods for `GenomicRanges` and `GRangesList` objects is documented.

Examples

```r
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
  IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
  strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
  row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
  rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)
rse1 <- shift(rse0, 100)

hits <- findOverlaps(rse0, rse1)

stopifnot(identical(hits, findOverlaps(rowRanges(rse0), rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(hits, findOverlaps(rse0, rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(hits, findOverlaps(rowRanges(rse0), rse1)))
```

Description

This man page documents the *inter range transformations* that are supported on `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.
## Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
isDisjoint(x, ignore.strand=FALSE)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
disjointBins(x, ignore.strand=FALSE)
```

### Arguments

- `x` A `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object.
- `ignore.strand` See `?isDisjoint` in the `GenomicRanges` package.

### Details

These transformations operate on the `rowRanges` component of the `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object, which can be a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object.

More precisely, any of the above functions performs the following transformation on `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object `x`:

```r
f(rowRanges(x), ...)
```

where `f` is the name of the function and `...` any additional arguments passed to it.

See `?isDisjoint` in the `GenomicRanges` package for the details of how these transformations operate on a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object.

### Value

See `?isDisjoint` in the `GenomicRanges` package.

### See Also

- `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.
- The `isDisjoint` man page in the `GenomicRanges` package where *inter range transformations* of a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object are documented.

### Examples

```r
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                       IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                       strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                       row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                             rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)
rse1 <- shift(rse0, 99*start(rse0))
isDisjoint(rse0)  # FALSE
```
isDisjoint(rse1) # TRUE

bins0 <- disjointBins(rse0)
bins0
stopifnot(identical(bins0, disjointBins(rowRanges(rse0))))

bins1 <- disjointBins(rse1)
bins1
stopifnot(all(bins1 == bins1[1]))

---

**Description**

This man page documents the *intra range transformations* that are supported on RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
shift(x, shift=0L, use.names=TRUE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
narrow(x, start=NA, end=NA, width=NA, use.names=TRUE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
resize(x, width, fix="start", use.names=TRUE,
       ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
flank(x, width, start=TRUE, both=FALSE,
      use.names=TRUE, ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
promoters(x, upstream=2000, downstream=200)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
restrict(x, start=NA, end=NA, keep.all.ranges=FALSE,
         use.names=TRUE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
trim(x, use.names=TRUE)
```
Arguments

- **x**: A `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object.
- **shift**, **use.names**
  - See `?shift` in the `IRanges` package.
- **start**, **end**, **width**, **fix**
  - See `?shift` in the `IRanges` package.
- **ignore.strand**, **both**
  - See `?shift` in the `IRanges` package.
- **upstream**, **downstream**
  - See `?shift` in the `IRanges` package.
- **keep.all.ranges**
  - See `?shift` in the `IRanges` package.

Details

These transformations operate on the `rowRanges` component of the `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object, which can be a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object.

More precisely, any of the above functions performs the following transformation on `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object `x`:

```
rowRanges(x) <- f(rowRanges(x), ...)
```

where `f` is the name of the function and `...` any additional arguments passed to it.

See `?shift` in the `IRanges` package for the details of how these transformations operate on a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object.

See Also

- `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.
- The `shift` man page in the `IRanges` package where `intra range transformations` of a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object are documented.

Examples

```r
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
  IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
  strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
  row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
  rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

rse1 <- shift(rse0, 1)
stopifnot(identical(
  rowRanges(rse1),
  shift(rowRanges(rse0), 1))
```
makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame

Make a RangedSummarizedExperiment from a data.frame or DataFrame

Description

makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame uses data.frame or DataFrame column names to create a GRanges object for the rowRanges of the resulting SummarizedExperiment object. It requires that non-range data columns be coercible into a numeric matrix for the SummarizedExperiment constructor. All columns that are not part of the row ranges attribute are assumed to be experiment data; thus, keeping metadata columns will not be supported. Note that this function only returns SummarizedExperiment objects with a single assay.

If metadata columns are to be kept, one can first construct the row ranges attribute by using the makeGRangesFromDataFrame function and subsequently creating the SummarizedExperiment.

Usage

makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame(df, 
                      ..., 
                      seqinfo = NULL, 
                      starts.in.df.are.0based = FALSE)
makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame

Arguments

df
A data.frame or DataFrame object. If not, then the function first tries to turn df into a data frame with as.data.frame(df).

... Additional arguments passed on to makeGRangesFromDataFrame

seqinfo
Either NULL, or a Seqinfo object, or a character vector of seqlevels, or a named numeric vector of sequence lengths. When not NULL, it must be compatible with the genomic ranges in df i.e. it must include at least the sequence levels represented in df.

starts.in.df.are.0based
TRUE or FALSE (the default). If TRUE, then the start positions of the genomic ranges in df are considered to be 0-based and are converted to 1-based in the returned GRanges object. This feature is intended to make it more convenient to handle input that contains data obtained from resources using the "0-based start" convention. A notorious example of such resource is the UCSC Table Browser (http://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTables).

Value

A RangedSummarizedExperiment object with rowRanges and a single assay

Author(s)

M. Ramos

See Also

• makeGRangesFromDataFrame

Examples

```r
## BASIC EXAMPLES
##
# Note that rownames of the data.frame are also rownames of the result
df <- data.frame(chr="chr2", start = 11:15, end = 12:16,
str_len = c("-", "-", "+", "-", "), expr0 = 3:7,
expr1 = 8:12, expr2 = 12:16,
row.names = paste0("GENE", letters[5:1]))

df

exRSE <- makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame(df)

exRSE

assay(exRSE)

rowRanges(exRSE)
```
**makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet**

*Make a RangedSummarizedExperiment object from an ExpressionSet and vice-versa*

---

**Description**

Coercion between RangedSummarizedExperiment and ExpressionSet is supported in both directions.

For going from ExpressionSet to RangedSummarizedExperiment, the `makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet` function is also provided to let the user control how to map features to ranges.

**Usage**

```r
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(from, 
  mapFun = naiveRangeMapper, 
  ...)  
```

---

**Arguments**

- `from` An ExpressionSet object.
- `mapFun` A function which takes an ExpressionSet object and returns a GRanges, or GRangesList object which corresponds to the genomic ranges used in the ExpressionSet. The rownames of the returned GRanges are used to match the featureNames of the ExpressionSet.
- `...` Additional arguments passed to mapFun.
- `txDbPackage` A character string with the Transcript Database to use for the mapping.
- `key` A character string with the Gene key to use for the mapping.

**Value**

`makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet` takes an ExpressionSet object as input and a range mapping function that maps the features to ranges. It then returns a RangedSummarizedExperiment object that corresponds to the input.

The range mapping functions return a GRanges object, with the rownames corresponding to the featureNames of the ExpressionSet object.

**Author(s)**

Jim Hester, james.f.heimer@gmail.com
makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom

Make a SummarizedExperiment from a '.loom' hdf5 file

Description

makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom represents a '.loom' file as a SummarizedExperiment. The '/matrix' and '/layers' are represented as HDF5Array objects; row and column attributes are parsed to DataFrame. Optionally, row or column attributes can be specified as row and column names.

See Also

- RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.
- ExpressionSet objects in the Biobase package.
- TxDb objects in the GenomicFeatures package.

Examples

```r
## GOING FROM ExpressionSet TO SummarizedExperiment
##
# naive coercion
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(sample.ExpressionSet)
as(sample.ExpressionSet, "RangedSummarizedExperiment")
as(sample.ExpressionSet, "SummarizedExperiment")

# using probe range mapper
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(sample.ExpressionSet, probeRangeMapper)

# using the gene range mapper
se <- makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(
  sample.ExpressionSet,
  geneRangeMapper("TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene")
)
se
rowData(se) # duplicate row names

## GOING FROM SummarizedExperiment TO ExpressionSet
##
example(RangedSummarizedExperiment) # to create 'rse'
rse
as(rse, "ExpressionSet")
```
Usage

```r
makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom(file,
    rownames_attr = NULL,
    colnames_attr = NULL)
```  

Arguments

- `file` The path (as a single character string) to the HDF5 file where the dataset is located.
- `rownames_attr` The name of the row attribute to be used as row names.
- `colnames_attr` The name of the column attribute to be used as column names.

Value

A `SummarizedExperiment` object with row and column data and one or more assays.

Author(s)

Martin Morgan

See Also

http://loompy.org/loompy-docs/format/index.html for a specification of the .loom format.

Examples

```r
## BASIC EXAMPLE

file <- system.file(
    package="SummarizedExperiment", "extdata", "example.loom"
)  
se <- makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom(file)
se
assay(se)
metadata(se)
```

Description

This man page documents the nearest methods and family (i.e. precede, follow, distance, and distanceToNearest methods) for `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.
Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
precede(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
         ignore.strand=FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
precede(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
         ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
follow(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
        ignore.strand=FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
follow(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
        ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
nearest(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"), ignore.strand=FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
nearest(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"), ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
distance(x, y, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
distance(x, y, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
distanceToNearest(x, subject, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
distanceToNearest(x, subject, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

- `x`, `subject` One of these two arguments must be a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object.
- `y` For the distance methods, one of `x` or `y` must be a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object.
- `...` Additional arguments for methods.

Details

These methods operate on the `rowRanges` component of the `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object, which can be a `GenomicRanges` or `GRangesList` object.

More precisely, if any of the above functions is passed a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object thru the `x`, `subject`, and/or `y` argument, then it behaves as if `rowRanges(x)`, `rowRanges(subject)`, and/or `rowRanges(y)` had been passed instead.
See \texttt{?nearest} in the \texttt{GenomicRanges} package for the details of how \texttt{nearest} and family operate on \texttt{GenomicRanges} and \texttt{GRangesList} objects.

**Value**

See \texttt{?nearest} in the \texttt{GenomicRanges} package.

**See Also**

- \texttt{RangedSummarizedExperiment} objects.

- The \texttt{nearest} man page in the \texttt{GenomicRanges} package where the \texttt{nearest} family of methods for \texttt{GenomicRanges} and \texttt{GRangesList} objects is documented.

**Examples**

```r
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                     IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                     strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                     row.names=LETTERS[1:6])

rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                           rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

rse1 <- shift(rse0, 100)

res <- nearest(rse0, rse1)
res
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rse0, rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rse1))))

res <- nearest(rse0)  # missing subject
res
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rowRanges(rse0)))))

hits <- nearest(rse0, rse1, select="all")
hits
stopifnot(identical(
  hits,
  nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rowRanges(rse1), select="all")
))
stopifnot(identical(
  hits,
  nearest(rse0, rowRanges(rse1), select="all")
))
stopifnot(identical(
  hits,
  nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rse1, select="all")
))
```

```
RangedSummarizedExperiment-class

Description

The RangedSummarizedExperiment class is a matrix-like container where rows represent ranges of interest (as a GRanges or GRangesList object) and columns represent samples (with sample data summarized as a DataFrame). A RangedSummarizedExperiment contains one or more assays, each represented by a matrix-like object of numeric or other mode.

RangedSummarizedExperiment is a subclass of SummarizedExperiment and, as such, all the methods documented in class?SummarizedExperiment also work on a RangedSummarizedExperiment object. The methods documented below are additional methods that are specific to RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.

Usage

```r
## Constructor
SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(),
                      rowData=NULL, rowRanges=GRangesList(),
                      colData=DataFrame(),
                      metadata=list(),
                      checkDimnames=TRUE)

## Accessors
rowRanges(x, ...)
rowRanges(x, ...) <- value

## Subsetting
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
subset(x, subset, select, ...)

## rowRanges access
## see 'GRanges compatibility', below

Arguments

assays A list or SimpleList of matrix-like elements, or a matrix-like object (e.g. an ordinary matrix, a data frame, a DataFrame object from the S4Vectors package, a sparseMatrix derivative from the Matrix package, aDelayedMatrix object from the DelayedArray package, etc...). All elements of the list must have the same dimensions, and dimension names (if present) must be consistent across elements and with the row names of rowRanges and colData.
**Details**

The rows of a RangedSummarizedExperiment object represent ranges (in genomic coordinates) of interest. The ranges of interest are described by a GRanges or a GRangesList object, accessible using the `rowRanges` function, described below. The GRanges and GRangesList classes contain sequence (e.g., chromosome) name, genomic coordinates, and strand information. Each range can be annotated with additional data; this data might be used to describe the range or to summarize results (e.g., statistics of differential abundance) relevant to the range. Rows may or may not have row names; they often will not.

**Constructor**

RangedSummarizedExperiment instances are constructed using the SummarizedExperiment() function with arguments outlined above.

**Accessors**

In the following code snippets, `x` is a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

```r
rowRanges(x), rowRanges(x) <- value: Get or set the row data. value is a GenomicRanges object. Row names of value must be NULL or consistent with the existing row names of x.
```
GRanges compatibility (rowRanges access)

Many GRanges and GRangesList operations are supported on RangedSummarizedExperiment objects, using rowRanges.

Supported operations include: pcompare, duplicated, end, end<-, granges, is.unsorted, match, mcols, mcols<-, order, ranges, ranges<-, rank, seqinfo, seqinfo<-, seqnames, sort, start, start<-, strand, strand<-, width, width<-.

See also ?shift, ?isDisjoint, ?coverage, ?findOverlaps, and ?nearest for more GRanges compatibility methods.

Not all GRanges operations are supported, because they do not make sense for RangedSummarizedExperiment objects (e.g., length, name, as.data.frame, c, splitAsList), involve non-trivial combination or splitting of rows (e.g., disjoin, gaps, reduce, unique), or have not yet been implemented (Ops, map, window, window<->).

Subsetting

In the code snippets below, x is a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

subset(x, subset, select): Create a subset of x using an expression subset referring to columns of rowRanges(x) (including `seqnames`, `start`, `end`, `width`, `strand`, and names(rowData(x))) and/or select referring to column names of colData(x).

Extension

RangedSummarizedExperiment is implemented as an S4 class, and can be extended in the usual way, using contains="RangedSummarizedExperiment" in the new class definition.

Author(s)

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See Also

- SummarizedExperiment-class
- shift, isDisjoint, coverage, findOverlaps, and nearest for more GRanges compatibility methods.
- GRanges objects in the GenomicRanges package.

Examples

define the number of rows and columns:

```r
nrows <- 200; ncols <- 6
```

collect random matrices of counts and rowRanges:

```r
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(50, 150)),
                      IRanges(floor(runif(200, 1e5, 1e6)), width=100),
                      strand=sample(c("+", "-"), 200, TRUE),
                      feature_id=sprintf("ID%03d", 1:200))
```

collect random treatment names and row names:

```r
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                      row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
```
rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

rse
dim(rse)
dimnames(rse)
assayNames(rse)
head(assay(rse))

assays(rse) <- endoapply(assays(rse), asinh)
head(assay(rse))

rowRanges(rse)
rowData(rse) # same as 'mcols(rowRanges(rse))'

colData(rse)

rse[, rse$Treatment == "ChIP"]

## cbind() combines objects with the same ranges but different samples:
rsel <- rse
rsel2 <- rsel[, 1:3]
colnames(rsel2) <- letters[1:ncol(rsel2)]
cmb1 <- cbind(rsel1, rsel2)
dim(cmb1)
dimnames(cmb1)

## rbind() combines objects with the same samples but different ranges:
rsel1 <- rse
rsel2 <- rsel1[1:50, ]
rownames(rsel2) <- letters[1:nrow(rsel2)]
cmb2 <- rbind(rsel1, rsel2)
dim(cmb2)
dimnames(cmb2)

## Coercion to/from SummarizedExperiment:
se0 <- as(rse, "SummarizedExperiment")

se

as(se0, "RangedSummarizedExperiment")

## Setting rowRanges on a SummarizedExperiment object turns it into a
## RangedSummarizedExperiment object:
se <- se0
rowRanges(se) <- rowRanges
se # RangedSummarizedExperiment

## Sanity checks:
stopifnot(identical(assays(se0), assays(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(dim(se0), dim(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(dimnames(se0), dimnames(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(rownames(se0), rowData(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(colData(se0), colData(rse)))
**SummarizedExperiment-class**

**SummarizedExperiment objects**

**Description**

The SummarizedExperiment class is a matrix-like container where rows represent features of interest (e.g., genes, transcripts, exons, etc...) and columns represent samples (with sample data summarized as a DataFrame). A SummarizedExperiment object contains one or more assays, each represented by a matrix-like object of numeric or other mode.

Note that SummarizedExperiment is the parent of the RangedSummarizedExperiment class which means that all the methods documented below also work on a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

**Usage**

```r
## Constructor

# See ?RangedSummarizedExperiment for the constructor function.

## Accessors

assayNames(x, ...) 
assayNames(x, ...) <- value 
assays(x, withDimnames=TRUE, ...) 
assays(x, withDimnames=TRUE, ...) <- value 
assay(x, i, withDimnames=TRUE, ...) 
assay(x, i, withDimnames=TRUE, ...) <- value 
rowData(x, use.names=TRUE, ...) 
rowData(x, ...) <- value 
colData(x, ...) 
colData(x, ...) <- value 
#dim(x)  
#dimnames(x) 
#dimnames(x) <- value

## Quick colData access

## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'

x$name 
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'

x$name <- value 
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment,ANY,missing'

x[[i, j, ...]] 
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment,ANY,missing'

x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## Subsetting
```
# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
x[i, j, ... , drop=TRUE]
# S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment,ANY,ANY,SummarizedExperiment'
x[i, j] <- value
# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
subset(x, subset, select, ...)

## Combining

# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
rbind(..., deparse.level=1)
# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
cbind(..., deparse.level=1)
# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
combineRows(x, ..., delayed=TRUE, fill=NA, use.names=TRUE)
# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
combineCols(x, ..., delayed=TRUE, fill=NA, use.names=TRUE)

## On-disk realization

# S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
realize(x, BACKEND=getAutoRealizationBackend())

Arguments

- **x**
  A SummarizedExperiment object.

- **...**
  For assay, arguments in ... are forwarded to assays.
  For rbind, cbind, ... contains SummarizedExperiment objects to be combined.
  For other accessors, ignored.

- **value**
  An object of a class specified in the S4 method signature or as outlined in 'Details'.

- **i, j**
  For assay, assay<-, i is an integer or numeric scalar; see 'Details' for additional constraints.
  For [, SummarizedExperiment. [, SummarizedExperiment<-, i, j are subscripts that can act to subset the rows and columns of x, that is the matrix elements of assays.
  For [[, SummarizedExperiment, [[<-, SummarizedExperiment, i is a scalar index (e.g. character(1) or integer(1)) into a column of colData.

- **name**
  A symbol representing the name of a column of colData.

- **withDimnames**
  A logical(1), indicating whether the dimnames of the SummarizedExperiment object should be applied (i.e. copied) to the extracted assays. More precisely, setting withDimnames=FALSE in the getter returns the assays as-is whereas setting withDimnames=FALSE return them with possibly modified dimnames.
Setting `withDimnames=FALSE` in the `setter (assays<-)` is required when the
dimnames on the supplied assays are not identical to the dimnames on the Sum-
marizedExperiment object; it does not influence actual assignment of dimnames
to assays (they're always stored as-is).

Note that

```
assays(x, withDimnames=FALSE) <- assays(x, withDimnames=FALSE)
```

is guaranteed to always work and be a no-op. This is not the case if `withDimnames=TRUE`
is used or if `withDimnames` is not specified.

**use.names**

For `rowData`: Like `mcols(x)`, by default `rowData(x)` propagates the rownames
of `x` to the returned `DataFrame` object (note that for a SummarizedExperiment
object, the rownames are also the names i.e. `rownames(x)` is always the same as
`names(x)`). Setting `use.names=FALSE` suppresses this propagation i.e. it returns
a `DataFrame` object with no rownames. Use this when `rowData(x)` fails, which
can happen when the rownames contain NAs (because the rownames of a Sum-
marizedExperiment object can contain NAs, but the rownames of a `DataFrame`
object cannot).

For `combineRows` and `combineCols`: See Combining section below.

**drop**

A logical(1), ignored by these methods.

**deparse.level**

See `?base::cbind` for a description of this argument.

**subset**

An expression which, when evaluated in the context of `rowData(x)`, is a logical
vector indicating elements or rows to keep: missing values are taken as false.

**select**

An expression which, when evaluated in the context of `colData(x)`, is a logical
vector indicating elements or rows to keep: missing values are taken as false.

**delayed, fill**

See `combineRows` and `combineCols` in Combining section below.

**BACKEND**

NULL (the default), or a single string specifying the name of the backend. When
the backend is set to NULL, each element of `assays(x)` is realized in memory as
an ordinary array by just calling `as.array` on it.

**Details**

The SummarizedExperiment class is meant for numeric and other data types derived from a se-
quencing experiment. The structure is rectangular like a `matrix`, but with additional annotations on
the rows and columns, and with the possibility to manage several assays simultaneously so long as
they be of the same dimensions.

The rows of a SummarizedExperiment object represent features of interest. Information about these
features is stored in a `DataFrame` object, accessible using the function `rowData`. The `DataFrame`
must have as many rows as there are rows in the SummarizedExperiment object, with each row of the
`DataFrame` providing information on the feature in the corresponding row of the Summa-
rizedExperiment object. Columns of the `DataFrame` represent different attributes of the features of
interest, e.g., gene or transcript IDs, etc.

Each column of a SummarizedExperiment object represents a sample. Information about the sam-
ple is stored in a `DataFrame`, accessible using the function `colData`, described below. The `DataFrame`
must have as many rows as there are columns in the SummarizedExperiment object, with each row of the `DataFrame` providing information on the sample in the corresponding column.
of the SummarizedExperiment object. Columns of the DataFrame represent different sample attributes, e.g., tissue of origin, etc. Columns of the DataFrame can themselves be annotated (via the mcols function). Column names typically provide a short identifier unique to each sample.

A SummarizedExperiment object can also contain information about the overall experiment, for instance the lab in which it was conducted, the publications with which it is associated, etc. This information is stored as a list object, accessible using the metadata function. The form of the data associated with the experiment is left to the discretion of the user.

The SummarizedExperiment container is appropriate for matrix-like data. The data are accessed using the assays function, described below. This returns a SimpleList object. Each element of the list must itself be a matrix (of any mode) and must have dimensions that are the same as the dimensions of the SummarizedExperiment in which they are stored. Row and column names of each matrix must either be NULL or match those of the SummarizedExperiment during construction. It is convenient for the elements of SimpleList of assays to be named.

Constructor

SummarizedExperiment instances are constructed using the SummarizedExperiment function documented in ?RangedSummarizedExperiment.

Accessors

In the following code snippets, x is a SummarizedExperiment object.

assays(x), assays(x) <- value: Get or set the assays. value is a list or SimpleList, each element of which is a matrix with the same dimensions as x.

assay(x, i), assay(x, i) <- value: A convenient alternative (to assays(x)[[i]], assays(x)[[i]] <- value) to get or set the i-th (default first) assay element. value must be a matrix of the same dimension as x, and with dimension names NULL or consistent with those of x.

assayNames(x), assayNames(x) <- value: Get or set the names of assay() elements.

rowData(x, use.names=TRUE), rowData(x) <- value: Get or set the row data. value is a DataFrame object.

colData(x), colData(x) <- value: Get or set the column data. value is a DataFrame object.

Row names of value must be NULL or consistent with the existing column names of x.

metadata(x), metadata(x) <- value: Get or set the experiment data. value is a list with arbitrary content.

dim(x): Get the dimensions (features of interest x samples) of the SummarizedExperiment.

dimnames(x), dimnames(x) <- value: Get or set the dimension names. value is usually a list of length 2, containing elements that are either NULL or vectors of appropriate length for the corresponding dimension. value can be NULL, which removes dimension names. This method implies that rownames, rownames<-, colnames, and colnames<- are all available.

Subsetting

In the code snippets below, x is a SummarizedExperiment object.

x[i,j], x[i,j] <- value: Create or replace a subset of x. i, j can be numeric, logical, character, or missing. value must be a SummarizedExperiment object with dimensions, dimension names, and assay elements consistent with the subset x[i,j] being replaced.
subset(x, subset, select): Create a subset of x using an expression subset referring to columns of rowData(x) and / or select referring to column names of colData(x).

Additional subsetting accessors provide convenient access to colData columns

x$name, x$name <- value  Access or replace column name in x.

x[[i, ...]], x[[i, ...]] <- value  Access or replace column i in x.

Combining

In the code snippets below, x, y and ... are SummarizedExperiment objects to be combined.

rbind(...): rbind combines objects with the same samples but different features of interest (rows in assays). The colnames in rowData(SummarizedExperiment) must match or an error is thrown. Duplicate columns of colData(SummarizedExperiment) must contain the same data.

Data in assays are combined by name matching; if all assay names are NULL matching is by position. A mixture of names and NULL throws an error.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

cbind(...): cbind combines objects with the same features of interest but different samples (columns in assays). The colnames in colData(SummarizedExperiment) must match or an error is thrown. Duplicate columns of rowData(SummarizedExperiment) must contain the same data.

Data in assays are combined by name matching; if all assay names are NULL matching is by position. A mixture of names and NULL throws an error.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

combineRows(x, ..., use.names=TRUE, delayed=TRUE, fill=NA): combineRows acts like more flexible rbind, returning a SummarizedExperiment with features equal to the concatenation of features across all input objects. Unlike rbind, it permits differences in the number and identity of the columns, differences in the available rowData fields, and even differences in the available assays among the objects being combined.

If use.names=TRUE, each input object must have non-NULL, non-duplicated column names. These names do not have to be the same, or even shared, across the input objects. The column names of the returned SummarizedExperiment will be a union of the column names across all input objects. If a column is not present in an input, the corresponding assay and colData entries will be filled with fill and NAs, respectively, in the combined SummarizedExperiment.

If use.names=FALSE, all objects must have the same number of columns. The column names of the returned object is set to colnames(x). Any differences in the column names between input objects are ignored.

Data in assays are combined by matching the names of the assays. If one input object does not contain a named assay present in other input objects, the corresponding assay entries in the returned object will be set to fill. If all assay names are NULL, matching is done by position. A mixture of named and unnamed assays will throw an error.

If delayed=TRUE, assay matrices are wrapped in DelayedArrays to avoid any extra memory allocation during the matrix rbinding. Otherwise, the matrices are combined as-is; note that this may still return DelayedMatrixs if the inputs were also DelayedMatrix objects.
If any input is a RangedSummarizedExperiment, the returned object will also be a RangedSummarizedExperiment. The rowRanges of the returned object is set to the concatenation of the rowRanges of all inputs. If any input is a SummarizedExperiment, the returned rowRanges is converted into a GRangesList and the entries corresponding to the rows of the SummarizedExperiment are set to zero-length GRanges. If all inputs are SummarizedExperiment objects, a SummarizedExperiment is also returned.

rowData are combined using combineRows for DataFrame objects. It is not necessary for all input objects to have the same fields in their rowData; missing fields are filled with NAs for the corresponding rows in the returned object.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

combineCols acts like more flexible cbind, returning a SummarizedExperiment with columns equal to the concatenation of columns across all input objects. Unlike cbind, it permits differences in the number and identity of the rows, differences in the available colData fields, and even differences in the available assays among the objects being combined.

If use.names=TRUE, each input object must have non-NULL, non-duplicated row names. These names do not have to be the same, or even shared, across the input objects. The row names of the returned SummarizedExperiment will be a union of the row names across all input objects. If a row is not present in an input, the corresponding assay and rowData entries will be filled with fill and NAs, respectively, in the combined SummarizedExperiment.

If use.names=FALSE, all objects must have the same number of rows. The row names of the returned object is set to rownames(x). Any differences in the row names between input objects are ignored.

Data in assays are combined by matching the names of the assays. If one input object does not contain a named assay present in other input objects, the corresponding assay entries in the returned object will be set to fill. If all assay names are NULL, matching is done by position. A mixture of named and unnamed assays will throw an error.

If delayed=TRUE, assay matrices are wrapped in DelayedArrays to avoid any extra memory allocation during the matrix rbinding. Otherwise, the matrices are combined as-is; note that this may still return DelayedMatrix if the inputs were also DelayedMatrix objects.

If any input is a RangedSummarizedExperiment, the returned object will also be a RangedSummarizedExperiment. The rowRanges of the returned object is set to a merge of the rowRanges of all inputs, where the coordinates for each row are taken from the input object that contains that row. Any conflicting ranges for shared rows will raise a warning and all rowRanges information from the offending RangedSummarizedExperiment will be ignored. If any input is a SummarizedExperiment, the returned rowRanges is converted into a GRangesList and the entries corresponding to the unique rows of the SummarizedExperiment are set to zero-length GRanges. If all inputs are SummarizedExperiment objects, a SummarizedExperiment is also returned.

colData are combined using combineRows for DataFrame objects. It is not necessary for all input objects to have the same fields in their colData; missing fields are filled with NAs for the corresponding columns in the returned object.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

Implementation and Extension

This section contains advanced material meant for package developers.
SummarizedExperiment is implemented as an S4 class, and can be extended in the usual way, using contains="SummarizedExperiment" in the new class definition.

In addition, the representation of the assays slot of SummarizedExperiment is as a virtual class Assays. This allows derived classes (contains="Assays") to implement alternative requirements for the assays, e.g., backed by file-based storage like NetCDF or the ff package, while re-using the existing SummarizedExperiment class without modification. See Assays for more information.

Author(s)

Martin Morgan; combineRows and combineCols by Aaron Lun

See Also

- RangedSummarizedExperiment objects.
- DataFrame, SimpleList, and Annotated objects in the S4Vectors package.
- The metadata and mcols accessors in the S4Vectors package.
- saveHDF5SummarizedExperiment and loadHDF5SummarizedExperiment in the HDF5Array package for saving/loading an HDF5-based SummarizedExperiment object to/from disk.
- The realize generic function in the DelayedArray package for more information about on-disk realization of objects carrying delayed operations.

Examples

```r
nrows <- 200; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                      row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
se0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                           colData=colData)
se0
dim(se0)
dimnames(se0)
assayNames(se0)
head(assay(se0))
assays(se0) <- endoapply(assays(se0), asinh)
head(assay(se0))
rowData(se0)
colData(se0)
se0[, se0$Treatment == "ChIP"]
subset(se0, select = Treatment == "ChIP")
```

## rbind() combines objects with the same samples but different
## features of interest:

```r
se1 <- se0
se2 <- se1[1:50,]
rownames(se2) <- letters[seq_len(nrow(se2))]
cmb2 <- rbind(se1, se2)
dim(cmb2)
```
dimnames(cmb2)

## cbind() combines objects with the same features of interest
## but different samples:
se1 <- se0
se2 <- se0[,1:3]
colnames(se2) <- letters[seq_len(ncol(se2))]
cmb1 <- cbind(se1, se2)
dim(cmb1)
dimnames(cmb1)

## ON-DISK REALIZATION
## ---------------------------------------------------------------------
library(DelayedArray)
setAutoRealizationBackend("HDF5Array")
cmb3 <- realize(cmb2)
assay(cmb3, withDimnames=FALSE) # an HDF5Matrix object
# Index

**manip**
- `makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet`, 13

**methods**
- `coverage-methods`, 5
- `findOverlaps-methods`, 6
- `inter-range-methods`, 7
- `intra-range-methods`, 9
- `nearest-methods`, 15

**utilities**
- `coverage-methods`, 5
- `findOverlaps-methods`, 6
- `inter-range-methods`, 7
- `intra-range-methods`, 9
- `nearest-methods`, 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>[,Assays,ANY,ANY,ANY-method</code> (Assays-class), 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>`[,Assays,ANY-method (Assays-class), 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[,SummarizedExperiment,ANY,ANY,ANY-method</code> (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>`[,SummarizedExperiment,ANY-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[,SummarizedExperiment-method</code> (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[&lt;-,Assays,ANY,ANY,ANY-method</code> (Assays-class), 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[&lt;-,SummarizedExperiment,ANY,ANY,SummarizedExperiment-method</code> (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[[,SummarizedExperiment,ANY,missing-method</code> (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>[[&lt;-,SummarizedExperiment,ANY,missing-method</code> (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>$</code>,SummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line</td>
<td>Index</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Assays, 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>assays, 26, 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>assays, SummarizedExperiment-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Assays-class, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>assays&lt;-,SummarizedExperiment, list-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Assays OR NULL-class (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>AssaysInEnv (Assays-class), 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>cbind</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>cbind</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>colData</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>colData, SummarizedExperiment-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>colData&lt;-,SummarizedExperiment, DataFrame-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>colData</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>colData&lt;-,SummarizedExperiment, NULL-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>combineCols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>combineCols</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX

(SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
combineRows, 27
combineRows (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
combineRows, SummarizedExperiment-method (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
Compare, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
Compare, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
Compare, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
distanceToNearest, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
distanceToNearest, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method (nearest-methods), 15
distanceToNearest, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
duplicated, 20
duplicated, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
elementMetadata, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
elementMetadata<-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
end, 20
distanceToNearest, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
distanceToNearest, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method (nearest-methods), 15
distanceToNearest, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
end<-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
ExpressionSet, 13, 14
featureNames, 13
findOverlaps, 6, 7, 20
findOverlaps, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (findOverlaps-methods), 6
findOverlaps, RangedSummarizedExperiment, Vector-method (findOverlaps-methods), 6
findOverlaps, Vector, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (findOverlaps-methods), 6
findOverlaps-methods, 6
flank (intra-range-methods), 9
flank, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (intra-range-methods), 9
follow (nearest-methods), 15
follow, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
follow, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method (nearest-methods), 15
follow, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
coverage, 5, 20
coverage (coverage-methods), 5
coverage, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (coverage-methods), 5
distanceToNearest (nearest-methods), 15
distance (nearest-methods), 15
distance, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
distance, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method (nearest-methods), 15
distance, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), 15
distanceToNearest (nearest-methods), 15
duplicated, 20
duplicated, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function/Method</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GenomicRanges, getListElement, Assays-method</td>
<td>5–8, 10, 16, 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRanges, GRangesList</td>
<td>11–13, 18–20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRanges, Granges, smartphonepl, granges, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>20, 11–13, 18–20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRanges, GRangesList</td>
<td>5–8, 10, 13, 16–20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>horizontal_slot_names, SummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inter-range-methods, is.unsorted</td>
<td>7, 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intra-range-methods, is.unsorted</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isDisjoint</td>
<td>8, 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isDisjoint, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>length, Assays-method (Assays-class), length, AssaysInEnv-method (Assays-class)</td>
<td>2, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>length, SummarizedExperiment-method (SummarizedExperiment-class)</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadHDF5SummarizedExperiment</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>makeGRangesFromDataFrame, makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame</td>
<td>11, 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>makeGRangesFromDataFrame</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet, makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom</td>
<td>13, 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mcols, mcols&lt;-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>20, 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mcols, mcols&lt;-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>20, 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mcols&lt;-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>metadata, metadata</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>naiveRangeMapper</td>
<td>(makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet), 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>names, Assays-method (Assays-class), names, AssaysInEnv-method (Assays-class)</td>
<td>2, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>names, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>names, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (SummarizedExperiment-class)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>names&lt;-, Assays-method (Assays-class), names&lt;-, AssaysInEnv-method (Assays-class)</td>
<td>2, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>names&lt;-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>narrow (intra-range-methods), narrow, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>9, 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nearest, nearest (nearest-methods), nearest, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (nearest-methods), nearest, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method (nearest-methods)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nearest, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment</td>
<td>15, 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nearest-methods, numrow</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nearest-methods, numrow, SummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>order</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>order, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parallel_slot_names, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
parallel_slot_names, SummarizedExperiment-method, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
pcompare, 20
   resize (intra-range-methods), 9
pcompare, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method, size, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   restrict (intra-range-methods), 9
pcompare, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method, restrict, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowData, 26
pcompare, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowData, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
precede (nearest-methods), 15
   rowData<-, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
precede, ANY, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method, rowData<-, (SummarizedExperiment-class),
   (nearest-methods), 15
precede, RangedSummarizedExperiment, ANY-method, rowData<-, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (SummarizedExperiment-class),
   (nearest-methods), 15
precede, RangedSummarizedExperiment, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (nearest-methods), 15
   rownames, 13
probeRangeMapper
   rownames, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet). (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
promoters (intra-range-methods), 9
   rowRanges
promoters, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (intra-range-methods), 9
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges<-
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges<-, RangedSummarizedExperiment, NULL-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges<-, SummarizedExperiment, GenomicRanges-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges<-, SummarizedExperiment, GRangesList-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
   rowRanges<-, SummarizedExperiment, NULL-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
rank, 20
   saveHDFSSummarizedExperiment, 28
rank, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
ranges, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
ranges<-, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
rank, RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
   (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
rbind, Assays-method (Assays-class), 2
rbind, SummarizedExperiment-method
   (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
realize, 28
Seqinfo, 12
seqinfo, 20
seqinfo,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
seqinfo<-,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
seqnames, 20
seqnames,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
setListElement,Assays-method
  (Assays-class), 2
setListElement,AssaysInEnv-method
  (Assays-class), 2
ShallowData (Assays-class), 2
ShallowData-class (Assays-class), 2
ShallowSimpleListAssays (Assays-class), 2
ShallowSimpleListAssays-class
  (Assays-class), 2
shift, 10, 20
shift (intra-range-methods), 9
shift,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (intra-range-methods), 9
show,SummarizedExperiment-method
  (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
showAsCell,SummarizedExperiment-method
  (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
SimpleAssays (Assays-class), 2
SimpleAssays-class (Assays-class), 2
SimpleList, 3, 25, 28
sort, 20
sort,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
sparseMatrix, 18
split,RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
split,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
start, 20
start,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
start<-,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
shift (intra-range-methods), 9
show,SummarizedExperiment-method
  (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
updateObject,Assays-method
  (Assays-class), 2
updateObject,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
updateObject,SummarizedExperiment-method
  (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
vertical_slot_names,SummarizedExperiment-method
  (SummarizedExperiment-class), 22
width, 20
width,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
width<-,RangedSummarizedExperiment-method
  (RangedSummarizedExperiment-class), 18
TxDb, 14