Package ‘STATegRa’

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bioDist bioDist

Description

Function to compute a bioDistclass object from profile data and a mapping. For details of the process see the user’s guide, but briefly the process involves using the mapping to identify reference features appropriate to each surrogate feature (if any), aggregating the surrogate data into pseudo-data for each reference feature, and then calculating the correlation distance between the reference features according to the surrogate data.
bioDist

Usage

bioDist(referenceFeatures=NULL, reference=NULL, mapping=NULL, referenceData=NULL, surrogateData=NULL, filtering=NULL, noMappingDist=NA, distance="spearman", aggregation="sum", maxitems=NULL, selectionRule="maxFC", expfac=NULL, name=NULL, ...)

Arguments

referenceFeatures
subset of features to be considered for the computation of the distances. If NULL then the features are first gathered from the features in referenceData. If referenceData is not provided then the list of features are gathered from mapping (bioMap class) and using the reference.

reference
A character indicating the variable that is being used as features to compute distance between

mapping
The mapping between feature types

referenceData
ExpressionSet object with the data from the reference features.

surrogateData
ExpressionSet object with the data from the surrogate features.

filtering
A filtering for the bioMap class. To be implemented.

noMappingDist
Distance value to be used when a reference feature do not map to any surrogate feature. If "max", maximum indirect distance among the rest of reference features is taken. If NA, distance weights are re-scaled so this surrogate association is not considered. If a number then the missing values are replaces with that value.

distance
Distance between features to be computed. Possible values are "pearson", "kendall", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum", "manhattan", "canberra", "binary" and "minkowski". Default is "spearman".

aggregation
Action to perform when a reference feature maps to more than one surrogate feature. Options are "max", "sum", "mean" or "median" and the the values are aggregated according to the chosen statistic.

maxitems
The maximum number of surrogate features per reference feature to be used, selected according to "selectionRule" parameter. Default is 2.

selectionRule
Rule to select the surrogate features to be used (the number is determined by "maxitems"). It can be one of the following: (1) "maxcor" those presenting maximum correlation with corresponding main feature; in this case "referenceData" must be provided and the columns must overlap in at least 3 samples; (2) "maxmean": average across samples is computed and those features with higher mean are selected; case (3) is simmilar to (2) but considering other statistics: "maxmedian", "maxdiff", "maxFC", "sd", "ee".

expfac
Not in use yet.

name
Character that describes the nature of the bioDist class computed

... extra arguments passed to dist, eg "p=value" for the power used if calculating minkowski distance
Value

An object of class `bioDistclass` containing distances between the features in surrogateData.

Author(s)

David Gomez-Cabrero

Examples

data(STATegRa_S1)
data(STATegRa_S2)
require(Biobase)

# Truncate data for brevity
Block1 <- Block1[1:100,]
Block2 <- Block2[1:100,]

## Create ExpressionSets
mRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
miRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))

## Create the bioMap
map.gene.miRNA <- bioMap(name = "Symbol-miRNA",
                          metadata = list(type_v1="Gene",type_v2="miRNA",
                                          source_database="targetscan.Hs.eg.db",
                                          data_extraction="July2014"),
                          map=mapdata)

# Create Gene-gene distance computed through miRNA data
bioDistmiRNA <- bioDist(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
                         reference = "Var1",
                         mapping = map.gene.miRNA,
                         surrogateData = miRNA.ds, surrogateData = miRNA.ds,
                         referenceData = mRNA.ds, referenceData = mRNA.ds,
                         maxitems=2,
                         selectionRule="sd",
                         expfac=NULL,
                         aggregation = "sum",
                         distance = "spearman",
                         noMappingDist = 0,
                         filtering = NULL,
                         name = "mRNAbymiRNA")

# Create Gene-gene distance through mRNA data
bioDistmRNA <- new("bioDistclass",
                   name = "mRNAbymRNA",
                   distance = cor(t(exprs(mRNA.ds)),method="spearman"),
                   map.name = "id",
                   map.metadata = list(),
                   params = list())

# Generation of the list of Surrogated distances.
bioDistList <- list(bioDistmRNA, bioDistmiRNA)
sample.weights <- matrix(0,4,2)
sample.weights[,1] <- c(0, 0.33, 0.67, 1)
sample.weights[,2] <- c(1, 0.67, 0.33, 0)

###### Generation of the list of bioDistWclass objects.

bioDistWList <- bioDistW(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
                        bioDistList = bioDistList,
                        weights = sample.weights)

###### Plot of distances.

bioDistWPlot(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
             listDistW = bioDistWList,
             method.cor = "spearman")

###### Computing the matrix of features/distances associated.

fm <- bioDistFeature(Feature = rownames(Block1)[1],
                     listDistW = bioDistWList,
                     threshold.cor = 0.7)

bioDistFeaturePlot(data = fm)

---

bioDistclass

### Description

Class to manage mappings between genomic features.

### Usage

```r
bioDistclass(name, distance, map.name, map.metadata, params)
```

### Arguments

- **name**: Name assigned to the object
- **distance**: Matrix giving the distance between features
- **map.name**: Charactering giving the name of the bioMap object used to compute the distance
- **map.metadata**: List of parameters used to generate the mapping
- **params**: List of parameters used to generate the distance
bioDistFeature

Description

Function that computes for a given selected feature the closest features given a selected set of weighted distances.

Usage

bioDistFeature(Feature, listDistW, threshold.cor)

Arguments

Feature Feature A selected as a reference.
listDistW A list of bioDistWclass objects. All the objects must contain the Feature A selected and all of them must contain the same set of features.
threshold.cor A threshold to select the features associated to Feature A

Value

Matrix with the associated features given the different weighted distances considered

Author(s)

David Gomez-Cabrero

Examples

data(STATegRa_S1)
data(STATegRa_S2)
require(Biobase)

# Truncate data for brevity
Block1 <- Block1[1:100,]
Block2 <- Block2[1:100,]

## Create ExpressionSets
mRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
mRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))

## Create the bioMap
map.gene.miRNA<-bioMap(name = "Symbol-miRNA",
                        metadata = list(type_v1="Gene",type_v2="miRNA",
                                        source_database="targetscan.Hs.eg.db",
                                        data_extraction="July2014"),
                        map=mapdata)

# Create Gene-gene distance computed through miRNA data
bioDistmiRNA<-bioDist(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
  reference = "Var1",
  mapping = map.gene.miRNA,
  surrogateData = miRNA.ds, ### miRNA data
  referenceData = mRNA.ds, ### mRNA data
  maxitems=2,
  selectionRule="sd",
  expfac=NULL,
  aggregation = "sum",
  distance = "spearman",
  noMappingDist = 0,
  filtering = NULL,
  name = "mRNAbymiRNA")

# Create Gene-gene distance through mRNA data
bioDistmRNA<-new("bioDistclass",
  name = "mRNAbymRNA",
  distance = cor(t(exprs(mRNA.ds)),method="spearman"),
  map.name = "id",
  map.metadata = list(),
  params = list())

##### Generation of the list of Surrogated distances.
bioDistList<-list(bioDistmRNA,bioDistmiRNA)
sample.weights<-matrix(0,4,2)
sample.weights[,1]<-c(0,0.33,0.67,1)
sample.weights[,2]<-c(1,0.67,0.33,0)

##### Generation of the list of bioDistWclass objects.
bioDistWList<-bioDistW(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
  bioDistList = bioDistList,
  weights=sample.weights)

##### Plot of distances.
bioDistWPlot(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1) ,
  listDistW = bioDistWList,
  method.cor="spearman")

##### Computing the matrix of features/distances associated.
fm<-bioDistFeature(Feature = rownames(Block1)[1] ,
  listDistW = bioDistWList,
  threshold.cor=0.7)
bioDistFeaturePlot(data=fm)
**bioDistFeaturePlot**

**Description**
Function that plots the results from a bioDistFeature analysis.

**Usage**

```
bioDistFeaturePlot(data)
```

**Arguments**

- `data` Matrix produced by bioDistFeature.

**Value**
Generates a heatmap plot.

**Author(s)**
David Gomez-Cabrero.

**Examples**

```r
data(STATegRa_S1)
data(STATegRa_S2)
require(Biobase)

# Truncate data for brevity
Block1 <- Block1[1:100,]
Block2 <- Block2[1:100,]

## Create ExpressionSets
mRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
miRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))

## Create the bioMap
map.gene.miRNA <- bioMap(name = "Symbol-miRNA",
metadata = list(type_v1="Gene",type_v2="miRNA",
source_database="targetscan.Hs.eg.db",
data_extraction="July2014"),
map=mapdata)

# Create Gene-gene distance computed through miRNA data
bioDistmiRNA <- bioDist(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
reference = "Var1",
mapping = map.gene.miRNA,
surrogateData = miRNA.ds, ### miRNA data
referenceData = mRNA.ds, ### mRNA data
maxitems=2,
selectionRule="sd",
expfac=NULL,
aggregation = "sum",
distance = "spearman",
noMappingDist = 0,
```

# Create Gene-gene distance through mRNA data
bioDistmRNA<-new("bioDistClass",
  name = "mRNAbymiRNA",
  distance = cor(t(exprs(mRNA.ds)),method="spearman"),
  map.name = "id",
  map.metadata = list(),
  params = list())

##### Generation of the list of Surrogated distances.
bioDistList<-list(bioDistmRNA,bioDistmiRNA)
sample.weights<-matrix(0,4,2)
sample.weights[,1]<-c(0,0.33,0.67,1)
sample.weights[,2]<-c(1,0.67,0.33,0)

##### Generation of the list of bioDistWclass objects.
bioDistWList<-bioDistW(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
  bioDistList = bioDistList,
  weights=sample.weights)

##### Plot of distances.
bioDistWPlot(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
  listDistW = bioDistWList,
  method.cor="spearman")

##### Computing the matrix of features/distances associated.
fm<-bioDistFeature(Feature = rownames(Block1)[1],
  listDistW = bioDistWList,
  threshold.cor=0.7)
bioDistFeaturePlot(data=fm)

---

**bioDistW**

**bioDistW**

### Description

Function that computes weighted distances between a list of bioDistclass objects.

### Usage

bioDistW(referenceFeatures, bioDistList, weights)
Arguments

referenceFeatures
   The set of features that weighted distance is computed between.

bioDistList
   A list of bioDistclass objects. All the objects must contain the set of features selected.

weights
   A matrix where the number of columns equals the number of elements included in the bioDistList list.

Value

Returns a list of bioDistWclass objects. Each element in the list returns the weighted distance associated to each row in the "weights" matrix.

Author(s)

David Gomez-Cabrero

Examples

```r
data(STATegRa_S1)
data(STATegRa_S2)
require(Biobase)

# Truncate data for brevity
Block1 <- Block1[1:100,]
Block2 <- Block2[1:100,]

## CreateExpressionSets
mRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
miRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))

## Create the bioMap
map.gene.miRNA<-bioMap(name = "Symbol-miRNA",
   metadata = list(type_v1="Gene",type_v2="miRNA",
   source_database="targetscan.Hs.eg.db",
   data_extraction="July2014"),
   map=mapdata)

# Create Gene-gene distance computed through miRNA data
bioDistmiRNA<-bioDistW(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
   reference = "Var1",
   mapping = map.gene.miRNA,
   surrogateData = miRNA.ds, ### miRNA data
   referenceData = mRNA.ds, ### mRNA data
   maxitems=2,
   selectionRule="sd",
   expfac=NULL,
   aggregation = "sum",
   distance = "spearman",
   noMappingDist = 0,
   filtering = NULL,
   weights = weights, ### weighted distance
   bioDistList = bioDistList)```
bioDistWPlot

name = "mRNAbymiRNA")

# Create Gene-gene distance through mRNA data
bioDistmRNA<-new("bioDistclass",
    name = "mRNAbymiRNA",
    distance = cor(t(exprs(mRNA.ds)),method="spearman"),
    map.name = "id",
    map.metadata = list(),
    params = list())

###### Generation of the list of Surrogated distances.

bioDistList<-list(bioDistmRNA,bioDistmiRNA)
sample.weights<-matrix(0,4,2)
sample.weights[,1]<-c(0,0.33,0.67,1)
sample.weights[,2]<-c(1,0.67,0.33,0)

###### Generation of the list of bioDistWclass objects.

bioDistWList<-bioDistW(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
    bioDistList = bioDistList,
    weights=sample.weights)

###### Plot of distances.

bioDistWPlot(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1) ,
    listDistW = bioDistWList,
    method.cor="spearman")

###### Computing the matrix of features/distances associated.

fm<-bioDistFeature(Feature = rownames(Block1)[1] ,
    listDistW = bioDistWList,
    threshold.cor=0.7)

bioDistFeaturePlot(data=fm)

---

**bioDistWPlot**

**bioDistWPlot**

**Description**

Function that plots the "distance relation" between features computed through different surrogate features.

**Usage**

bioDistWPlot(referenceFeatures, listDistW, method.cor)
bioDistWPlot

Arguments

- **referenceFeatures**
  The set of features to be used.

- **listDistW**
  A list of bioDistWclass objects.

- **method.cor**
  Method to compute distances between the elements in the listDistW. The default is spearman correlation.

Value

Makes a plot with the projected distance between the listDistW objects.

Author(s)

David Gomez-Cabrero

Examples

data(STATegRa_S1)
data(STATegRa_S2)
require(Biobase)

# Truncate data for brevity
Block1 <- Block1[1:100,]
Block2 <- Block2[1:100,]

## Create ExpressionSets
mRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
miRNA.ds <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2,pData=ed,pDataDescr=c("classname"))

## Create the bioMap
map.gene.miRNA<-bioMap(name = "Symbol-miRNA",
metadata = list(type_v1="Gene",type_v2="miRNA",
source_database="targetscan.Hs.eg.db",
data_extraction="July2014"),
map=mapdata)

# Create Gene-gene distance computed through miRNA data
bioDistmiRNA<-bioDist(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
reference = "Var1",
mapping = map.gene.miRNA,
surrogateData = miRNA.ds, ### miRNA data
referenceData = mRNA.ds, ### mRNA data
maxitems=2,
selectionRule="sd",
expfac=NULL,
aggregation = "sum",
distance = "spearman",
noMappingDist = 0,
filtering = NULL,
name = "mRNAbymiRNA")
# Create Gene-gene distance through mRNA data
bioDistmRNA<-new("bioDistclass",
    name = "mRNAbymRNA",
    distance = cor(t(exprs(mRNA.ds)),method="spearman"),
    map.name = "id",
    map.metadata = list(),
    params = list())

###### Generation of the list of Surrogated distances.
bioDistList<-list(bioDistmRNA,bioDistmiRNA)
sample.weights<-matrix(0,4,2)
sample.weights[,1]<-c(0,0.33,0.67,1)
sample.weights[,2]<-c(1,0.67,0.33,0)

###### Generation of the list of bioDistWclass objects.
bioDistWList<-bioDistW(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1),
    bioDistList = bioDistList,
    weights=sample.weights)

###### Plot of distances.
bioDistWPlot(referenceFeatures = rownames(Block1) ,
    listDistW = bioDistWList,
    method.cor="spearman")

###### Computing the matrix of features/distances associated.
fm<-bioDistFeature(Feature = rownames(Block1)[1] ,
    listDistW = bioDistWList,
    threshold.cor=0.7)
bioDistFeaturePlot(data=fm)

---

**bioMap**

**bioMap**

---

**Description**

Function to generate a bioMap object.

**Usage**

bioMap(name, metadata, map)

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>Name to assign the object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
metadata A list with information of the mapping. Elements expected in the list are: (1) "type_v1" and "type_v2", refer to the nature of the features mapped; a vocabulary we recommend is "gene", "mRNA", "miRNA", "proteins", etc. (2) "source_database", provides information on the source of the mapping; from a specific data-base e.g. "targetscan.Hs.eg.db" to a genomic location mapping. (3) "data_extraction" stores information on the data the mapping was generated or downloaded.

map A data.frame object storing the mapping. The data.frame may include an unlimited number of columns, however the first column must be named "Var1" and refer to the elements of "type_v1" and similarly for the second column ("Var2", "type_v2").

Value
An object of class bioMap

Author(s)
David Gomez-Cabrero

Examples

data(STATegRa_S2)
map.gene.miRNA<-bioMap(name = "Symbol-miRNA",
    metadata = list(type_v1="Gene",type_v2="miRNA",
        source_database="targetscan.Hs.eg.db",
        data_extraction="July2014"),
    map=mapdata)

caClass-class  

Description
Stores the results of any of the omicsPCA analyses.

Slots

InitialData List of ExpressionSets, one for each set of omics data
Names Character vector giving names for the input data
preprocessing Character vector describing the preprocessing applied to the data
preproData List of matrices containing data after preprocessing
caMethod Character giving the component analysis method name
commonComps Numeric giving the number of common components
distComps Numeric vector giving the number of distinctive components for each block
scores List of matrices of common and distinctive scores
combiningMappings

loadings List of matrices of common and distinctive loadings

VAF List of matrices indicating VAF (Variability Explained For) for each component in each block of data

others List containing other miscellaneous information specific to different SCA methods

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian Leon

combiningMappings combiningMappings, combining several mappings for use in the omicsNPC function

Description

This function combines several annotation so that measurements across different datasets are mapped to the same reference elements (e.g., genes). The annotations should all be either data frame / matrices, named vectors/lists, or bioMap objects. See the examples for further details

Usage

combiningMappings(mappings, reference = NULL, retainAll = FALSE)

Arguments

mappings List of annotations.

reference If the annotations are data frame, matrices or bioMap objects, the name of the column containing the reference elements

retainAll Logical, if set to TRUE measurements that have no counterparts in other datasets are retained

Value

A data frame encoding the mapping across several dataset

Author(s)

Vincenzo Lagani

References

Nestoras Karathanasis, Ioannis Tsamardinos and Vincenzo Lagani. omicsNPC: applying the Non-Parametric Combination methodology to the integrative analysis of heterogeneous omics data. Submitted to PlosONE.
Examples

# Example 1
# Mapping with data frames
mRNA <- data.frame(gene = rep(c('G1', 'G2', 'G3'), each = 2), probeset = paste('p', 1:6, sep = ''));
methylation <- data.frame(gene = c(rep('G1', 3), rep('G2', 4)),
                           methy = paste('methy', 1:7, sep = ''));
miRNA <- data.frame(gene = c(rep('G1', 2), rep('G2', 1), rep('G3', 2)),
                     miR = c('miR1', 'miR2', 'miR1', 'miR1', 'miR2'));
mappings <- list(mRNA = mRNA, methylation = methylation, miRNA = miRNA);
combiningMappings(mappings = mappings, retainAll = TRUE)

# Example 2
# Mapping with character vectors
mRNA <- rep(c('G1', 'G2', 'G3'), each = 2);
names(mRNA) = paste('p', 1:6, sep = '');
methylation <- c(rep('G1', 3), rep('G2', 4));
names(methylation) = paste('methy', 1:7, sep = '');
miRNA <- c(rep('G1', 2), rep('G2', 1), rep('G3', 2));
names(miRNA) = c('miR1', 'miR2', 'miR1', 'miR1', 'miR2');
mappings <- list(mRNA = mRNA, methylation = methylation, miRNA = miRNA);
combiningMappings(mappings = mappings, retainAll = TRUE)

createOmicsExpressionSet

Description

This function allow to the user to create a ExpressionSet object from a matrix representing an omics dataset. It allows to include the experimental design and annotation in the ExpressionSet object.

Usage

createOmicsExpressionSet(Data, pData = NULL, pDataDescr = NULL,
                          feaData = NULL, feaDataDescr = NULL)

Arguments

- **Data**: Omics data
- **pData**: Data associated with the samples/phenotype
- **pDataDescr**: Description of the phenotypic data
- **feaData**: Data associated with the variables/features annotation
- **feaDataDescr**: Description of the feature annotation

Details

In Data matrix, samples has to be in columns and variables has to be in rows.
getInitialData

Value

ExpressionSet with the data provided

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

Examples

data(STATegRa_S3)
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA,pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))

getInitialData(x, block=NULL)

Arguments

x caClass-class object.
block Character indicating the block of data to be returned. It can be specified by the position of the block ("1" or "2") or the name assigned in the caClass-class object. If it is NULL both blocks are displayed.

Value

The requested data block or blocks

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

See Also

omicsCompAnalysis, caClass-class
Examples

```r
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA, pData=ed.PCA,
pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
res <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1, B2), Names=c("expr", "mirna"),
method="DISCOSCA", Rcommon=2, Rspecific=c(2, 2),
center=TRUE, scale=TRUE, weight=TRUE)
getInitialData(res)
getInitialData(res, block="expr")
```

---

**getLoadings**

*Retrieves component analysis loadings*

**Description**

Generic function to retrieve loadings (common and distinctive) found by `omicsCompAnalysis` on a `caClass-class` object.

**Usage**

```r
getLoadings(x, part=NULL, block=NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` - `caClass-class` object.
- `part` - Character indicating whether "common" or "distinctive" loadings should be displayed.
- `block` - Character indicating the block of data for which the loadings will be given. It can be specified by the position of the block ("1" or "2") or the name assigned in the `caClass-class` object. If it is NULL both blocks are displayed.

**Value**

A list containing the requested information.

**Author(s)**

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

**See Also**

`omicsCompAnalysis`, `caClass-class`
Examples

```r
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA, pData=ed.PCA, 
    pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA, 
    pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
res <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1, B2), Names=c("expr", "mirna"), 
    method="DISCOSCA", Rcommon=2, Rspecific=c(2, 2), 
    center=TRUE, scale=TRUE, weight=TRUE)
getLoadings(res)
getLoadings(res, part="common", block="expr")
getLoadings(res, part="distinctive", block="expr")
```

getMethodInfo

Retrieves information about the method used by `omicsCompAnalysis` on a `caClass-class` object.

**Usage**

```r
getMethodInfo(x, method=FALSE, comps=NULL, block=NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `x`: `caClass-class` object.
- `method`: Logical indicating whether to return the method name.
- `comps`: Character indicating which component number to return ("common", "distinctive" or "all")
- `block`: Character indicating the block of data for which the component count will be given. It can be specified by the position of the block ("1" or "2") or the name assigned in the `caClass-class` object. If it is NULL both blocks are displayed.

**Value**

A list containing the requested information.

**Author(s)**

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

**See Also**

`omicsCompAnalysis`, `caClass-class`
Examples

```r
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA, pData=ed.PCA,
pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
res <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1, B2), Names=c("expr", "mirna"),
method="DISCOSCA", Rcommon=2, Rspecific=c(2, 2),
center=TRUE, scale=TRUE, weight=TRUE)
getMethodInfo(res)
getMethodInfo(res, method=TRUE)
getMethodInfo(res, comps="all", block="expr")
```

---

**getPreprocessing**  
*Retrieve information about preprocessing*

Description

Generic function to retrieve information about the preprocessing done by `omicsCompAnalysis` on a `caClass-class` object.

Usage

```r
getPreprocessing(x, process=FALSE, preproData=FALSE, block=NULL)
```

Arguments

- **x**  
  *caClass-class* object.
- **process**  
  Logical indicating whether to return information about the processing done.
- **preproData**  
  Logical indicating whether to return the pre-processed data matrices.
- **block**  
  Character indicating the block of data to be returned. It can be specified by the position of the block ("1" or "2") or the name assigned in the `caClass-class` object. If it is NULL both blocks are displayed.

Value

If both `process` and `preproData` are specified, a list containing (otherwise the individual item):

- **process**  
  Character indicating the processing done
- **preproData**  
  Matrix (or list of matrices, depending on `block`) containing pre-processed data

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon
getScores

See Also
omicsCompAnalysis, caClass-class

Examples

```r
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA, pData=ed.PCA,
pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
res <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1, B2), Names=c("expr", "mirna"),
method="DISCOSCA", Rcommon=2, Rspecific=c(2, 2),
center=TRUE, scale=TRUE, weight=TRUE)
getPreprocessing(res, process=TRUE)
getPreprocessing(res, preproData=TRUE, block="1")
```

getScores

Retrieve component analysis scores

Description

Generic function to retrieve scores (common and distinctive) found by omicsCompAnalysis on a caClass-class object.

Usage

```r
getScores(x, part=NULL, block=NULL)
```

Arguments

- **x**: caClass-class object.
- **part**: Character indicating whether "common" or "distinctive" scores should be displayed
- **block**: Character indicating the block of data for which the scores will be given. It can be specified by the position of the block ("1" or "2") or the name assigned in the caClass-class object. If it is NULL both blocks are displayed.

Value

A list containing the requested information.

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon
getVAF

See Also
omicsCompAnalysis, caClass-class

Examples

```r
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA, pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA, pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
res <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1, B2), Names=c("expr", "mirna"),
  method="DISCOSCA", Rcommon=2, Rspecific=c(2, 2),
  center=TRUE, scale=TRUE, weight=TRUE)
getScores(res)
getScores(res, part="common")
getScores(res, part="distinctive", block="expr")
```

getVAF

Retrieves information about VAF

Description

Generic function to retrieve VAF found by omicsCompAnalysis on a caClass-class object.

Usage

```r
getVAF(x, part=NULL, block=NULL)
```

Arguments

- **x**: caClass-class object.
- **part**: Character indicating whether "common" or "distinctive" VAF should be displayed
- **block**: Character indicating the block of data for which the VAF will be given. It can be specified by the position of the block ("1" or "2") or the name assigned in the caClass-class object. If it is NULL both blocks are displayed.

Value

A list containing the requested information.

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

See Also

omicsCompAnalysis, caClass-class
Examples

```r
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA, pData=ed.PCA,
pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
pData=ed.PCA, pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
res <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1, B2), Names=c("expr", "mirna"),
method="DISCOSCA", Rcommon=2, Rspecific=c(2, 2),
center=TRUE, scale=TRUE, weight=TRUE)
getVAF(res)
getVAF(res, part="common")
getVAF(res, part="distinctive", block="expr")
```

holistOmics

HolistOmics an application of NPC on omics datasets

Description

This function is defunct. Use omicsNPC instead.

Usage

```r
holistOmics(dataInput, dataTypes, comb.method = c("Fisher", "Liptak", "Tippett"),
numPerm = 1000, numCores = 1, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- **dataInput**: List of ExpressionSet objects, one for each data modality.
- **dataTypes**: Character vector with possible values: 'RNA-seq', 'microarray'
- **comb.method**: Character vector with possible values: 'Fisher', 'Liptak', 'Tippett', if more than one is specified, all will be used.
- **numPerm**: Number of permutations
- **numCores**: Number of CPU cores to use
- **verbose**: Logical, if set to TRUE holistOmics prints out the step that it performs

Value

A data.frame

Author(s)

Nestoras Karathanasis

References

modelSelection

Find optimal common and distinctive components

Description

Estimate the optimal number of common and distinctive components according to given selection criteria.

Usage

modelSelection(Input, Rmax, fac.sel, varthreshold = NULL, nvar = NULL, PCnum = NULL, center = FALSE, scale = FALSE, weight = FALSE)

Arguments

Input List of ExpressionSet objects, one for each block of data
Rmax Maximum common components
fac.sel PCA criteria for selection ("%accum", "single%", "rel.abs", "fixed.num")
varthreshold Cumulative variance criteria for PCA selection. Threshold for "%accum" or "single%" criteria.
nvar Relative variance criteria. Threshold for "rel.abs".
PCnum Fixed number of components for "fixed.num".
center Character (or FALSE) specifying which (if any) centering will be applied before analysis. Choices are "PERBLOCKS" (each block separately) or "ALL-BLOCKS" (all data together).
modelSelection

scale  Character (or FALSE) specifying which (if any) scaling will be applied before analysis. Choices are "PERBLOCKS" (each block separately) or "ALL-BLOCKS" (all data together).

weight Logical indicating whether weighting is to be done. Choices are "BETWEEN-BLOCKS"

plot_common Logical indicating whether to plot the explained variances (SSQ) of each block and its estimation and the ratios

plot_dist Logical indicating whether to plot the explained variances (SSQ) and the accumulated variance for each block

Value

List containing:

- **common**  List with common components results
- **commonComps**  Optimal number of common components
- **ssqs**  Matrix of SSQ for each block and estimator
- **pssq**  **ggplot** object showing SSQ for each block and estimator
- **pratios**  **ggplot** object showing SSQ ratios between each block and estimator
- **dist**  List containing the results of distinct PCA for each input block; for each block PCAres and numComps is returned within a list

**PCAsres**  List containing results of PCA, with fields "eigen", "var.exp", "scores" and "loadings"

**numComps**  Number of components selected

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

See Also

- **omicsCompAnalysis**

Examples

data(STATegRa_S3)
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA,pData=ed.PCA,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,pData=ed.PCA,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
ms <- modelSelection(Input=list(B1, B2), Rmax=3, fac.sel="single\%", varthreshold=0.03, center=TRUE, scale=FALSE, 
ms
omcisCompAnalysis

Components analysis for multiple objects

Description

This function performs a components analysis of object wise omics data to understand the mechanisms that underlay all the data blocks under study (common mechanisms) and the mechanisms underlying each of the data block independently (distinctive mechanisms). This analysis include both, the preprocessing of data and the components analysis by using three different methodologies.

Usage

omcisCompAnalysis(Input, Names, method, Rcommon, Rspecific, convThres=1e-10, maxIter=600, center=FALSE, scale=FALSE, weight=FALSE)

Arguments

- **Input**: List of ExpressionSet objects, one for each block of data.
- **Names**: Character vector giving names for each Input object.
- **method**: Method to use for analysis (either "DISCOSCA", "JIVE", or "O2PLS").
- **Rcommon**: Number of common components between all blocks
- **Rspecific**: Vector giving number of unique components for each input block
- **convThres**: Stop criteria for convergence
- **maxIter**: Maximum number of iterations
- **center**: Character (or FALSE) specifying which (if any) centering will be applied before analysis. Choices are "PERBLOCKS" (each block separately) or "ALL-BLOCKS" (all data together).
- **scale**: Character (or FALSE) specifying which (if any) scaling will be applied before analysis. Choices are "PERBLOCKS" (each block separately) or "ALL-BLOCKS" (all data together).
- **weight**: Logical indicating whether weighting is to be done.

Value

An object of class caClass-class.

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian Leon
Examples

data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA,pData=ed.PCA,
pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
pData=ed.PCA,pDataDescr=c("classname"))

# Omics components analysis
discoRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
method="DISCOSCA",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)
jiveRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
method="JIVE",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)
o2plsRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
method="O2PLS",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)

omicsNPC

omicsNPC, applying the Non-Parametric Combination (NPC) on omics datasets

Description

This function applies the NonParametric Combination methodology on the integrative analysis of different omics data modalities. It retrieves genes associated to a given outcome, taking into account all omics data. First, each datatype is analyzed independently using the appropriate method. omicsNPC analyses continuous data (microarray) using limma, while count data (e.g., RNAseq) are first preprocessed with using the "voom" function. The user can also specify their own function for computing deregulation / association The p-values from the single dataset analysis are then combined employing Fisher, Liptak and Tippett combining functions. The Tippett function returns findings which are supported by at least one omics modality. The Liptak function returns findings which are supported by most modalities. The Fisher function has an intermediate behavior between those of Tippett and Liptak.

Usage

omicsNPC(dataInput, dataMapping, dataTypes = rep('continuous', length(dataInput)),
combMethods = c("Fisher", "Liptak", "Tippett"), numPerms = 1000,
umCores = 1, verbose = FALSE, functionGeneratingIndex = NULL,
outcomeName = NULL, allCombinations = FALSE,
dataWeights = rep(1, length(dataInput))/length(dataInput),
returnPermPvalues = FALSE, ...)

Arguments

dataInput List of ExpressionSet objects, one for each data modality.
dataMapping A data frame describing how to map measurements across datasets. See details for more information.
dataTypes  Character vector with possible values: 'continuous', 'count'. Alternatively, a list of functions for assessing deregulation/association with an outcome.
combMethods  Character vector with possible values: 'Fisher', 'Liptak', 'Tippett'. If more than one is specified, all will be used.
numPerms  Number of permutations
numCores  Number of CPU cores to use
verbose  Logical, if set to TRUE omicsNPC prints out the step that it performs.
functionGeneratingIndex  Function generating the indices for randomly permuting the samples.
outcomeName  Name of the outcome of interest/experimental factor, as reported in the design matrices. If NULL, the last column of the design matrices is assumed to be the outcome of interest.
allCombinations  Logical, if TRUE all combinations of omics datasets are considered.
dataWeights  A vector specifying the weight to give to each dataset. Note that sum(dataWeights) should be 1.
returnPermPvalues  Logical, should the p-values computed at each permutation being returned?
...  Additional arguments to be passed to the user-defined functions.

Value
A list containing: stats0 Partial deregulation/association statistics pvalues0 The partial p-values computed on each dataset pvaluesNPC The p-values computed through NPC. permPvalues The p-values computed at each permutation.

Author(s)
Nestoras Karathanasis, Vincenzo Lagani

References

Examples
# Load the data
data("TCGA_BRCA_Batch_93")
# Setting dataTypes, the first two ExpressionSets include RNAseq data, # the third ExpressionSet includes Microarray data.
dataTypes <- c("count", "count", "continuous")
# Setting methods to combine pvalues
combMethods = c("Fisher", "Liptak", "Tippett")
# Setting number of permutations
numPerms = 1000
# Setting number of cores
numCores = 1
# Setting omicsNPC to print out the steps that it performs.
verbose = TRUE
# Run omicsNPC analysis.
# The output contains a data.frame of p-values, where each row corresponds to a gene,
# and each column corresponds to a method used in the analysis.

## Not run: out <- omicsNPC(dataInput = TCGA_BRCA_Data, dataTypes = dataTypes,
combMethods = combMethods, numPerms = numPerms,
numCores = numCores, verbose = verbose)
## End(Not run)

plotRes

Plot component analysis results

Description
Plot scatterplots of scores or loadings, for common and distinctive parts as well as combined plots.

Usage
plotRes(object, comps=c(1, 2), what, type, combined, block=NULL,
color=NULL, shape=NULL, labels=NULL, title=NULL, xlabel=NULL, ylabel=NULL, background=TRUE,
palette=NULL, pointSize=4, labelSize=NULL,
axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL, sizeValues = c(2,4), shapeValues = c(17, 0))

Arguments

object caClass-class containing component analysis results
comps If combined=FALSE, it indicates the x and y components of the type and block
chosen. If combined=TRUE, it indicates the component to plot for the first block
of information and the component for the second block of information to plot
together. By default the components are set to c(1,2) if combined=FALSE and to
c(1,1) if combined=TRUE.
what Either "scores", "loadings" or "both"
type Either "common", "individual" or "both"
combined Logical indicating whether to make a simple plot of two components from one
block, or components from different blocks
block Which block to plot, either "1" or "2" or the name of the block.
color Character specifying a pData column from the original data to use to color points
shape Character specifying a pData column to select point shape
labels Character specifying a pData column from which to take point labels
title Main title
xlabel x-axis name
ylabel y-axis name
background Logical specifying whether to make a grey background
palette Vector giving the color palette for the plot
pointSize Size of plot points
labelSize Size of point labels if not NULL
axisSize Size of axis text
titleSize Size of title text
sizeValues Vector containing sizes for scores and loadings
shapeValues Vector indicating the shapes for scores and loadings

Value
ggplot object

Author(s)
Patricia Sebastian-Leon

Examples
data("STATegRa_S3")
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA,pData=ed.PCA,
pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
pData=ed.PCA,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
discoRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
method="DISCOSCA",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)
jiveRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
method="JIVE",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)
o2plsRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
method="O2PLS",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)

# Scatterplot of scores variables associated to common components

# DISCO-SCA
plotRes(object=discoRes,comps=c(1,2),what="scores",type="common",
combined=FALSE,block=NULL,color="classname",shape=NULL,labels=NULL,
background=TRUE,palette=NULL,pointSize=4,labelSize=NULL,
axisSize=NULL,titleSize=NULL)

# JIVE
plotRes(object=jiveRes,comps=c(1,2),what="scores",type="common",
combined=FALSE,block=NULL,color="classname",shape=NULL,labels=NULL,
background=TRUE,palette=NULL,pointSize=4,labelSize=NULL,
axisSize=NULL,titleSize=NULL)
# O2PLS
# Scatterplot of scores variables associated to common components
# Associated to first block
p1 <- plotRes(object=o2plsRes, comps=c(1,2), what="scores", type="common",
              combined=FALSE, block="expr", color="classname", shape=NULL,
              labels=NULL, background=TRUE, palette=NULL, pointSize=4,
              labelSize=NULL, axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL)

# Associated to second block
p2 <- plotRes(object=o2plsRes, comps=c(1,2), what="scores", type="common",
              combined=FALSE, block="mirna", color="classname", shape=NULL,
              labels=NULL, background=TRUE, palette=NULL, pointSize=4,
              labelSize=NULL, axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL)

# Combined plot of scores variables associated to common components
plotRes(object=o2plsRes, comps=c(1,1), what="scores", type="common",
        combined=TRUE, block=NULL, color="classname", shape=NULL,
        labels=NULL, background=TRUE, palette=NULL, pointSize=4,
        labelSize=NULL, axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL)

# Loadings plot for individual components
# Separately for each block
p1 <- plotRes(object=discoRes, comps=c(1,2), what="loadings", type="individual",
              combined=FALSE, block="expr", color="classname", shape=NULL,
              labels=NULL, background=TRUE, palette=NULL, pointSize=4,
              labelSize=NULL, axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL)
p2 <- plotRes(object=discoRes, comps=c(1,2), what="loadings", type="individual",
              combined=FALSE, block="mirna", color="classname", shape=NULL,
              labels=NULL, background=TRUE, palette=NULL, pointSize=4,
              labelSize=NULL, axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL)

# Biplot: scores + loadings
plotRes(object=discoRes, comps=c(1,2), what="both", type="common",
        combined=FALSE, block="expr", color="classname", shape=NULL,
        labels=NULL, background=TRUE, palette=NULL, pointSize=4,
        labelSize=NULL, axisSize=NULL, titleSize=NULL)

---

**plotVAF**  
Plot VAF (Variance Explained For) from Component Analysis

**Description**

This function visualises the VAF results from component analysis. The input is a `caClass-class` object from `omicsCompAnalysis`. VAF cannot be calculated if mode "O2PLS" was used. The plots for modes "DISCOSCA" and "JIVE" are different since DISCO-SCA distinctive components have some VAF in the other block. This VAF can be interpreted as an error in the rotation.

**Usage**

```r
plotVAF(object, mainTitle="")
```
Arguments

object         caClass-class object containing component analysis results
mainTitle     Plot title

Value

ggplot object

Author(s)

Patricia Sebastian-Leon

Examples

data("STATegRa_S3")
require(ggplot2)
B1 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block1.PCA,pData=ed.PCA,
                                pDataDescr=c("classname"))
B2 <- createOmicsExpressionSet(Data=Block2.PCA,
                                pData=ed.PCA,pDataDescr=c("classname"))
# Omics components analysis
discoRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
                               method="DISCOSCA",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
                               center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)
jiveRes <- omicsCompAnalysis(Input=list(B1,B2),Names=c("expr","mirna"),
                               method="JIVE",Rcommon=2,Rspecific=c(2,2),
                               center=TRUE,scale=TRUE,weight=TRUE)

# DISCO-SCA plotVAF
plotVAF(discoRes)

# JIVE plotVAF
plotVAF(jiveRes)

Description

STATegRa is a package for the integrative analysis of multi-omic data-sets.
For full information, see the user's guide.

See Also

STATegRaUsersGuide
## Defunct functions in STATegRa

### Description

These functions have are defunct and no longer available.

### Details

- holistOmics: replaced by omicsNPC

## STATegRaUsersGuide

### Description

Finds the location of the STATegRa User's Guide and optionally opens it.

### Usage

```r
STATegRaUsersGuide(view = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

- `view` : Whether to open a browser

### Value

The path to the documentation

### Author(s)

David Gomez-Cabrero

### Examples

```r
STATegRaUsersGuide(view=FALSE)
```
Description

mRNA data (Block1), miRNA data (Block2) and the design matrix (ed), from STATegRa_S1, provides selected data downloaded from https://tcga-data.nci.nih.gov/docs/publications/gbm_exp/. The mapping between miRNA and mRNA (mapdata, available in STATegRa_S2) contains, as a processed matrix, selected information available from TargetScan; we selected the set of miRNA target predictions for humans for those miRNA-mRNA pairs where both miRNA and mRNA were in Block1 and Block2 respectively.

The PCA version of the data (Block1.PCA, Block2.PCA, ed.PCA; available in STATegRa_S3), provides a similar data-set to Block1, Block2 and ed data; however in this case the data has been processed in order to provide a pedagogic example of OmicsPCA. Results obtained from OmicsPCA (omicsCompAnalysis) with the existing data should not be taken as clinically valid.

Format

Two matrices with mRNA and miRNA expression data, a design matrix that describes both and a mapping between miRNA and genes.

Author(s)

David Gomez-Cabrero, Patricia Sebastian-Leon, Gordon Ball

Source

(a) See https://tcga-data.nci.nih.gov/docs/publications/gbm_exp/. (b) Gabor Csardi, targetscan.Hs.eG.db: TargetScan miRNA target predictions for human. R package version 0.6.1

Examples

data(STATegRa_S1)
data(STATegRa_S2)
data(STATegRa_S3)

Description

Data were downloaded from TCGA data portal, https://tcga-data.nci.nih.gov/tcga/. We downloaded sixteen tumour samples and the sixteen matching normal, for Breast invasive carcinoma, BRCA, batch 93. Herein, three types of data modalities are included, RNAseq (TCGA_BRCA_Data$RNAseq), RNAseqV2 (TCGA_BRCA_Data$RNAseqV2) and Expression-Genes (TCGA_BRCA_Data$Microarray). The Data Level was set to Level 3. For each data type, we pooled all data to one matrix, where rows corresponded to genes and columns to samples. Only the first 100 genes are included.
Format

One list, which contains three ExpressionSet objects.

Author(s)

Nestoras Karathanasis, Vincenzo Lagani

Source

See https://tcga-data.nci.nih.gov/tcga/.

Examples

# load data
data(TCGA_BRCA_Batch_93)
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