Package 'MSA2dist'

August 9, 2022

Type Package

Title MSA2dist calculates pairwise distances between all sequences of a DNAStringSet or a AAStringSet using a custom score matrix and conducts codon based analysis

Version 1.0.0

Description MSA2dist calculates pairwise distances between all sequences of a DNAStringSet or a AAStringSet using a custom score matrix and conducts codon based analysis. It uses scoring matrices to be used in these pairwise distance calcualtions which can be adapted to any scoring for DNA or AA characters. E.g. by using literal distances MSA2dist calcualtes pairwise IUPAC distances.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData false

biocViews Alignment, Sequencing, Genetics, GO

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports Rcpp, Biostrings, GenomicRanges, IRanges, ape, doParallel, dplyr, foreach, methods, parallel, rlang, seqinr, stringr, tibble, tidyr, stats, stringi

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr, devtools, testthat, ggplot2, BiocStyle

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppThread

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation yes

SystemRequirements C++11

URL https://gitlab.gwdg.de/mpievolbio-it/MSA2dist, https://mpievolbio-it.pages.gwdg.de/MSA2dist/

BugReports https://gitlab.gwdg.de/mpievolbio-it/MSA2dist/issues

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Author Kristian K Ullrich [aut, cre] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4308-9626>)

Maintainer Kristian K Ullrich <ullrich@evolbio.mpg.de>

R topics documented:

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aabin2aastring *aabin2aastring*

Description

This function converts an ape AAbin into AAStringSet.

Usage

```
aabin2aastring(aabin)
```

Arguments

aabin	ape AAbin [mandatory]

Value

An object of class AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment as.DNAbin.alignment AAStringSet

Examples

```
data(woodmouse, package="ape")
## convert into AAStringSet
#aabin2aastring(ape::trans(woodmouse, 2))
ape::trans(woodmouse, 2) |> aabin2aastring()
```

AAMatrix-data *AAMatrix-data*

Description

getAAMatrix() from the alakazam package.

Usage

```
data(AAMatrix)
```

Format

an object of class matrix

Value

score matrix

References

Gupta N, Vander Heiden J, Uduman M, Gadala-Maria D, Yaari G, Kleinstein S (2015) Change-O: a toolkit for analyzing large-scale B cell immunoglobulin repertoire sequencing data. *Bioinformatics.* **31(20)**, 3356-3358.

Examples

```
data("AAMatrix", package="MSA2dist")
```

aastring2aabin *aastring2aabin*

Description

This function converts a AAStringSet into an ape DNAbin.

Usage

```
aastring2aabin(aa)
```

Arguments

aa	AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

An object of class DNAbin

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment as.DNAbin.alignment

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
## convert into AAbin
#aastring2aabin(cds2aa(cds1.cds2.aln))
cds1.cds2.aln |> cds2aa() |> aastring2aabin()
```

---

aastring2aln *aastring2aln*

Description

This function converts a AAStringSet into an seqinr alignment.

Usage

```
aastring2aln(aa)
```

Arguments

aa	AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

An object of class alignment which is a list with the following components:
nb the number of aligned sequences
nam a vector of strings containing the names of the aligned sequences
seq a vector of strings containing the aligned sequences
com a vector of strings containing the commentaries for each sequence or NA if there are no comments

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
#aastring2aln(cds2aa(cds1.cds2.aln))
cds1.cds2.aln |> cds2aa() |> aastring2aln()
```

`aastring2dist` *aastring2dist*

Description

This function calculates pairwise distances for all combinations of a `AAStringSet`.

Usage

```
aastring2dist(aa, threads = 1, score = NULL, mask = NULL, region = NULL)
```

Arguments

`aa`	`AAStringSet` [mandatory]
`threads`	number of parallel threads [default: 1]
`score`	`score matrix` use a score matrix to calculate distances [mandatory]
`mask`	`IRanges` object indicating masked sites [default: NULL]
`region`	`IRanges` object indicating region to use for dist calculation (by default all sites are used) [default: NULL]

Value

A `data.frame` of pairwise distance values `distSTRING`, sites used `sitesUsed` and region used `regionUsed`

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

`dnastring2dist`

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
#aastring2dist(cds2aa(hiv), score=granthamMatrix())
hiv |> cds2aa() |> aastring2dist(score=granthamMatrix())
## create mask
mask1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(11,41,71), end=c(20,50,80))
## use mask
hiv |> cds2aa() |> aastring2dist(score=granthamMatrix(), mask=mask1)
## use region
region1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,75), end=c(45,85))
hiv |> cds2aa() |> aastring2dist(score=granthamMatrix(), region=region1)
## use mask and region
hiv |> cds2aa() |> aastring2dist(score=granthamMatrix(),
    mask=mask1, region=region1)
```

---

addmask2string *addmask2string*

Description

This function adds mask information as an IRanges object, START and END information, to a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet and puts them into the metadata information. This information can be used to restrict the distance calculation to specific regions of the DNAStringSet or the AAStringSet.

Usage

```
addmask2string(seq, mask = NULL, append = TRUE)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]
mask	IRanges object [mandatory]
append	indicate if mask should be appended or overwritten [default: TRUE]

Value

An object of class DNAStringSet or AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addregion2string, addpop2string, addpos2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create mask
mask1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,41), end=c(20,50))
## add mask
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addmask2string(mask=mask1)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$mask
iupac.aa |> getmask()
## append mask
mask2 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(21), end=c(30))
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addmask2string(mask=mask2)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$mask
iupac.aa |> getmask()
## overwrite mask
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addmask2string(mask=mask2, append=FALSE)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$mask
iupac.aa |> getmask()
## reduce by mask
#iupac.aa.region <- iupac.aa |> string2region(mask=
#    (iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$mask)
iupac.aa.region <- iupac.aa |> string2region(mask=
    getmask(iupac.aa))
#iupac.aa.region |> slot("metadata")
iupac.aa.region |> getmask()
```

`addpop2string` *addpop2string*

Description

This function adds population information to a `DNAStringSet` or an `AAStringSet` and puts them into the `metadata` information.
__Note__: All unassigned sequences will be put into pop "unassigned"!
Do not use "unassigned" as a population name!
__Note__: Names in a population in the poplist must match sequence names!
__Note__: Duplicated assignments are allowed!

Usage

```
addpop2string(seq, poplist)
```

Arguments

`seq`	`DNAStringSet` or `AAStringSet` [mandatory]
`poplist`	named `list` of populations either as index or names per population (do not mix index and names in one population) [mandatory]

Value

An object of class DNAStringSet or AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addmask2string, addregion2string, addpos2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create poplist
poplist <- list(FRA = grep("Mmd.FRA", names(iupac)),
    GER = grep("Mmd.GER", names(iupac)),
    IRA = grep("Mmd.IRA", names(iupac)),
    AFG = grep("Mmm.AFG", names(iupac)))
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addpop2string(poplist)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$pop.integer
iupac.aa |> popinteger()
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$pop.names
iupac.aa |> popnames()
## mxixing index and names
poplist <- list(FRA = names(iupac)[grep("Mmd.FRA", names(iupac))],
    GER = grep("Mmd.GER", names(iupac)),
    IRA = names(iupac)[grep("Mmd.IRA", names(iupac))],
    AFG = grep("Mmm.AFG", names(iupac)))
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addpop2string(poplist)
iupac.aa |> popinteger()
iupac.aa |> popnames()
## leaving out some sequences which will be assigned as "unassigned"
poplist <- list(FRA = names(iupac)[grep("Mmd.FRA", names(iupac))],
    GER = grep("Mmd.GER", names(iupac)),
    IRA = names(iupac)[grep("Mmd.IRA", names(iupac))])
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addpop2string(poplist)
iupac.aa |> popinteger()
iupac.aa |> popnames()
```

---

addpos2string *addpos2string*

Description

This function adds GenomicRanges information, CHROM, START and END to a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet and puts them into the metadata information. This information can be used to find overlaps with a chromosome wide mask.

Usage

```
addpos2string(seq, chrom = NULL, start = NULL, end = NULL)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]
chrom	chromosome name [mandatory]
start	start position [mandatory]
end	end position [mandatory]

Value

An object of class DNAStringSet or AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addmask2string, addregion2string, addpop2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
## add position
iupac <- iupac |> addpos2string(chrom="chr1", start=1, end=1000)
#(iupac |> slot("metadata"))$GRanges
iupac |> getpos()
```

---

addregion2string *addregion2string*

Description

This function adds region information as an IRanges object, START and END information, to a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet and puts them into the metadata information. This information can be used to restrict the distance calculation to specific regions of the DNAStringSet or the AAStringSet.

Usage

```
addregion2string(seq, region = NULL, append = TRUE)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]
region	IRanges object [mandatory]
append	indicate if region should be appended or overwritten [default: TRUE]

Value

An object of class DNAStringSet or AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addmask2string, addpop2string, addpos2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create region
region1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,41), end=c(20,50))
## add region
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addregion2string(region=region1)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$region
iupac.aa |> region()
## append region
region2 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(21), end=c(30))
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addregion2string(region=region2)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$region
iupac.aa |> region()
## overwrite region
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addregion2string(region=region2, append=FALSE)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$region
iupac.aa |> region()
## reduce by region
#iupac.aa.region <- iupac.aa |> string2region(region=
#    (iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$region)
iupac.aa.region <- iupac.aa |> string2region(region=
    region(iupac.aa))
#iupac.aa.region |> slot("metadata")
iupac.aa.region |> region()
```

aln2aastring *aln2aastring*

Description

This function converts a seqinr alignment into an AAStringSet.

Usage

```
aln2aastring(aln)
```

Arguments

aln	seqinr alignment [mandatory]

Value

An object of class AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment AAStringSet

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
#aastring2aln(cds2aa(cds1.cds2.aln))
cds1.cds2.aln |> cds2aa() |> aastring2aln() |> aln2aastring()
```

aln2dnastring *aln2dnastring*

Description

This function converts a seqinr alignment into an DNAStringSet.

Usage

```
aln2dnastring(aln)
```

Arguments

aln	seqinr alignment [mandatory]

Value

An object of class DNAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment DNAStringSet

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
## convert into alignment
#dnastring2aln(cds1.cds2.aln)
cds1.cds2.aln |> dnastring2aln()
## convert back into DNAStringSet
#aln2dnastring(dnastring2aln(cds1.cds2.aln))
cds1.cds2.aln |> dnastring2aln() |> aln2dnastring()
```

cds2aa *cds2aa*

Description

This function translates a DNAStringSet into an AAStringSet.

Usage

```
cds2aa(cds, shorten = FALSE, frame = 1, framelist = NULL, genetic.code = NULL)
```

Arguments

cds	DNAStringSet [mandatory]
shorten	shorten all sequences to multiple of three [default: FALSE]
frame	indicates the first base of a the first codon [default: 1]
framelist	supply vector of frames for each entry [default: NULL]
genetic.code	The genetic code to use for the translation of codons into Amino Acid letters [default: NULL]

Value

AAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

XStringSet-class, translate

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
#cds2aa(cds1.cds2.aln)
cds1.cds2.aln |> cds2aa()
## alternative genetic code
data(woodmouse, package="ape")
#cds2aa(dnabin2dnastring(woodmouse), shorten=TRUE)
woodmouse |> dnabin2dnastring() |> cds2aa(shorten=TRUE)
#cds2aa(dnabin2dnastring(woodmouse), shorten=TRUE,
woodmouse |> dnabin2dnastring() |> cds2aa(shorten=TRUE,
genetic.code=Biostrings::getGeneticCode("2"))
```

codon2numberAMBIG *codon2numberAMBIG*

Description

This function converts a codon into a number, but accept N and -.

Usage

```
codon2numberAMBIG(codon)
```

Arguments

codon	[mandatory]

Value

An object of class numeric

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

GENETIC_CODE

Examples

```
#unlist(lapply(names(Biostrings::GENETIC_CODE), codon2numberAMBIG))
names(Biostrings::GENETIC_CODE) |> codon2numberAMBIG()
```

codon2numberTCAG *codon2numberTCAG*

Description

This function converts a codon into a number.

Usage

```
codon2numberTCAG(codon)
```

Arguments

codon	[mandatory]

Value

An object of class numeric

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

GENETIC_CODE

Examples

```
#unlist(lapply(names(Biostrings::GENETIC_CODE), codon2numberTCAG))
names(Biostrings::GENETIC_CODE) |> codon2numberTCAG()
```

---

codonmat2pnps *codonmat2pnps*

Description

This function calculates pn/ps according to *Nei and Gojobori (1986)*.

Usage

```
codonmat2pnps(codonmat)
```

Arguments

codonmat	codon matrix of two columns to be compared [mandatory]

Value

An object of class pnps which is a list with the following components:
seq1 sequence1 name
seq2 sequence2 name
Codons sequence2 name
Compared sequence2 name
Ambigiuous sequence2 name
Indels sequence2 name
Ns sequence2 name
Sd sequence2 name
Sn sequence2 name
S sequence2 name
N sequence2 name
ps sequence2 name
pn sequence2 name
pnps sequence2 name

ds sequence2 name
dn sequence2 name
dnds sequence2 name

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

References

Nei and Gojobori. (1986) Simple methods for estimating the numbers of synonymous and nonsynonymous nucleotide substitutions. *Mol. Biol. Evol.*, **3(5)**, 418-426.

Ganeshan et al. (1997) Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 genetic evolution in children with different rates of development of disease. *J. Virology.* **71(1)**, 663-677.

Yang et al. (2000) Codon-substitution models for heterogeneous selection pressure at amino acid sites. *Genetics.* **155(1)**, 431-449.

See Also

kaks

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
#codonmat2pnps(dnastring2codonmat(hiv)[,c(1, 2)])
(hiv |> dnastring2codonmat())[,c(1, 2)] |> codonmat2pnps()
```

---

codonmat2xy *codonmat2xy*

Description

This function calculates average behavior of each codon for all pairwise comparisons for indels, syn, and nonsyn mutations according to *Nei and Gojobori (1986)*.

Usage

```
codonmat2xy(codonmat, threads = 1)
```

Arguments

codonmat	codon matrix obtained via dnastring2codonmat [mandatory]
threads	number of parallel threads [default: 1]

Value

A `data.frame` object with the following components:
`Codon` Codon index
`n` number of comparison
`SynSum` Sum of syn
`NonSynSum` Sum of nonsyn
`IndelSum` Sum of indels
`SynMean` average syn per codon
`NonSynMean` average nonsyn per codon
`IndelMean` average indels per codon
`CumSumSynMean` cumulative average syn per codon
`CumSumNonSynMean` cumulative average nonsyn per codon
`CumSumIndelMean` cumulative indels per codon

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

References

Nei and Gojobori. (1986) Simple methods for estimating the numbers of synonymous and nonsynonymous nucleotide substitutions. *Mol. Biol. Evol.*, **3(5)**, 418-426.

Ganeshan et al. (1997) Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 genetic evolution in children with different rates of development of disease. *J. Virology.* **71(1)**, 663-677.

Yang et al. (2000) Codon-substitution models for heterogeneous selection pressure at amino acid sites. *Genetics.* **155(1)**, 431-449.

See Also

`dnastring2codonmat` `codonmat2pnps` `dnastring2kaks` `kaks`

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
#codonmat2xy(dnastring2codonmat(hiv))
hiv |> dnastring2codonmat() |> codonmat2xy()
#codonmat2xy(dnastring2codonmat(hiv), threads=2)
hiv |> dnastring2codonmat() |> codonmat2xy(threads=2)
```

compareCodons *compareCodons*

Description

This function compares two codons and returns the number of syn and non-syn sites according to *Nei and Gojobori (1986).*

Usage

```
compareCodons(codA, codB)
```

Arguments

codA	codon A [mandatory]
codB	codon B [mandatory]

Value

vector of syn and non-syn sites

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

References

Nei and Gojobori. (1986) Simple methods for estimating the numbers of synonymous and nonsynonymous nucleotide substitutions. *Mol. Biol. Evol.*, **3(5)**, 418-426.

Ganeshan et al. (1997) Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 genetic evolution in children with different rates of development of disease. *J. Virology.* **71(1)**, 663-677.

Yang et al. (2000) Codon-substitution models for heterogeneous selection pressure at amino acid sites. *Genetics.* **155(1)**, 431-449.

See Also

kaks

Examples

```
compareCodons("AAA","TTA")
compareCodons("AAA","TAT")
compareCodons("AAA","ATT")
compareCodons("AAA","TTT")
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
compareCodons(dnastring2codonmat(hiv)[1,1], dnastring2codonmat(hiv)[1,2])
```

dnabin2dnastring *dnabin2dnastring*

Description

This function converts an ape DNAbin into a DNAStringSet.

Usage

```
dnabin2dnastring(dnabin)
```

Arguments

dnabin	ape DNAbin [mandatory]

Value

An object of class DNAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment as.DNAbin.alignment DNAStringSet

Examples

```
data(woodmouse, package="ape")
## convert into DNAStringSet
#dnabin2dnastring(woodmouse)
woodmouse |> dnabin2dnastring()
```

dnastring2aln *dnastring2aln*

Description

This function converts a DNAStringSet into an seqinr alignment.

Usage

```
dnastring2aln(dna)
```

Arguments

dna	DNAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

An object of class alignment which is a list with the following components:
nb the number of aligned sequences
nam a vector of strings containing the names of the aligned sequences
seq a vector of strings containing the aligned sequences
com a vector of strings containing the commentaries for each sequence or NA if there are no comments

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
## convert into alignment
#dnastring2aln(cds1.cds2.aln)
cds1.cds2.aln |> dnastring2aln()
```

---

dnastring2codonmat *dnastring2codonmat*

Description

This function converts a DNAStringSet into a codon matrix.

Usage

```
dnastring2codonmat(cds, shorten = FALSE, frame = 1, framelist = NULL)
```

Arguments

cds	DNAStringSet [mandatory]
shorten	shorten all sequences to multiple of three [default: FALSE]
frame	indicates the first base of a the first codon [default: 1]
framelist	supply vector of frames for each entry [default: NULL]

Value

An object of class `alignment` which is a list with the following components:
`nb` the number of aligned sequences
`nam` a vector of strings containing the names of the aligned sequences
`seq` a vector of strings containing the aligned sequences
`com` a vector of strings containing the commentaries for each sequence or `NA` if there are no comments

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

`as.alignment`

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
## convert into alignment
#dnastring2codonmat(cds1.cds2.aln)
cds1.cds2.aln |> dnastring2codonmat()
## use frame 2 and shorten to circumvent multiple of three error
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("-ATGCAACATTGC-")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("-ATG---CATTGC-")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
cds1.cds2.aln |> dnastring2codonmat(frame=2, shorten=TRUE)
```

---

dnastring2dist *dnastring2dist*

Description

This function calculates pairwise distances for all combinations of a `DNAStringSet`.

Usage

```
dnastring2dist(
    dna,
    model = "IUPAC",
    threads = 1,
    score = NULL,
    mask = NULL,
```

```
    region = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

dna	DNAStringSet [mandatory]
model	specify model either "IUPAC" or any model from ape::dist.dna [default: IUPAC]
threads	number of parallel threads [default: 1]
score	score matrix use score matrix to calculate distances [default: NULL]
mask	IRanges object indicating masked sites [default: NULL]
region	IRanges object indicating region to use for dist calculation. Default is null, meaning all sites are used [default: NULL]
...	other ape::dist.dna parameters (see dist.dna)

Value

A data.frame of pairwise distance values distSTRING and sites used sitesUsed

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

dist.dna

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
#dnastring2dist(hiv, model="IUPAC")
hiv |> dnastring2dist(model="IUPAC")
#dnastring2dist(hiv, model="K80")
hiv |> dnastring2dist(model="K80")
data("woodmouse", package="ape")
#dnastring2dist(dnabin2dnastring(woodmouse), score=iupacMatrix())
woodmouse |> dnabin2dnastring() |> dnastring2dist()
#dnastring2dist(hiv, model = "IUPAC", threads = 2)
hiv |> dnastring2dist(model = "IUPAC", threads = 2)
## create mask
mask1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,61,121), end=c(30,90,150))
## use mask
hiv |> dnastring2dist(model="IUPAC", mask=mask1)
## use region
region1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,139), end=c(75,225))
hiv |> dnastring2dist(model="IUPAC", region=region1)
## use mask and region
hiv |> dnastring2dist(model="IUPAC", mask=mask1, region=region1)
```

dnastring2dnabin *dnastring2dnabin*

Description

This function converts a DNAStringSet into an ape DNAbin.

Usage

```
dnastring2dnabin(dna)
```

Arguments

dna	DNAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

An object of class DNAbin

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

as.alignment as.DNAbin.alignment

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
## convert into DNAbin
#dnastring2dnabin(cds1.cds2.aln)
cds1.cds2.aln |> dnastring2dnabin()
```

dnastring2kaks *dnastring2kaks*

Description

This function calculates Ka/Ks (pN/pS; according to *Li (1993)* or *Nei and Gojobori (1986)* for all combinations of a `DNAStringSet`.

Usage

```
dnastring2kaks(cds, model = "Li", threads = 1)
```

Arguments

`cds`	`DNAStringSet` coding sequence alignment [mandatory]
`model`	specify codon model either "Li" or "NG86" [default: Li]
`threads`	number of parallel threads [default: 1]

Value

A `data.frame` of `KaKs` values

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

References

Nei and Gojobori. (1986) Simple methods for estimating the numbers of synonymous and nonsynonymous nucleotide substitutions. *Mol. Biol. Evol.*, **3(5)**, 418-426.

Ganeshan et al. (1997) Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 genetic evolution in children with different rates of development of disease. *J. Virology.* **71(1)**, 663-677.

Yang et al. (2000) Codon-substitution models for heterogeneous selection pressure at amino acid sites. *Genetics.* **155(1)**, 431-449.

See Also

`kaks`

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
#dnastring2kaks(hiv, model="Li")
hiv |> dnastring2kaks(model="Li")
#dnastring2kaks(hiv, model="NG86")
hiv |> dnastring2kaks(model="NG86")
```

```
#dnastring2kaks(hiv, model="NG86", threads=2)
hiv |> dnastring2kaks(model="NG86", threads=2)
```

GENETIC_CODE_TCAG *GENETIC_CODE_TCAG*

Description

GENETIC_CODE from Biostrings extended by codon number and number of syn sites.

Usage

```
codon2number(codon)
```

Arguments

codon	codon [mandatory]

Value

An object of class numeric

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

GENETIC_CODE

Examples

```
GENETIC_CODE_TCAG
```

---

getmask *getmask*

Description

This function shows the mask slot from a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet metadata information.

Usage

```
getmask(seq)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

IRanges information from metadata

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addpop2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create mask
mask1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,41), end=c(20,50))
## add mask
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addmask2string(mask=mask1)
#(iupac.aa |> slot("metadata"))$mask
iupac.aa |> getmask()
```

---

getpos *getpos*

Description

This function shows the position slot from a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet metadata information.

Usage

```
getpos(seq)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

GenomicRanges information from metadata

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addpop2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
## add position
iupac <- iupac |> addpos2string(chrom="chr1", start=1, end=1000)
#(iupac |> slot("metadata"))$GRanges
iupac |> getpos()
```

---

globalDeletion *globalDeletion*

Description

This function returns a DNAStringSet reduced by all sites containing any gaps ("-", "+", ".") or missing ("N") sites.

Usage

```
globalDeletion(dna)
```

Arguments

dna	DNAStringSet	[mandatory]

Value

DNAStringSet

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
globalDeletion(cds1.cds2.aln)
```

granthamMatrix *granthamMatrix*

Description

This function creates a granthamMatrix object to be used with the rcpp_distSTRING function. By default,the grantham matrix is defined as from Grantham 1974. (see https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00335-017-9704-9)

Usage

```
granthamMatrix()
```

Value

matrix

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

References

Grantham R. (1974). Amino Acid Difference Formula to Help Explain Protein Evolution. *Science*,**185(4154)**,862-864.

See Also

aastring2dist,dist.dna

Examples

```
granthamMatrix()
```

hiv-data *hiv-data*

Description

Example cds sequences from HIV-1 sample 136 patient 1 from Sweden envelope glycoprotein (env) gene, V3 region as DNAStringSet.

Usage

```
data(hiv)
```

Format

an object of class DNAStringSet see XStringSet-class

References

Yang et al. (2000) Codon-substitution models for heterogeneous selection pressure at amino acid sites. *Genetics.* **155(1)**, 431-449.

Examples

```
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
```

---

iupac-data *iupac-data*

Description

Example IUPAC sequences created with angsd from different house mouse (Mus musculus) subpopulations from Harr et al. (2016) DNAStringSet.

Usage

```
data(iupac)
```

Format

an object of class DNAStringSet see XStringSet-class

References

Harr et al. (2016) Genomic resources for wild populations of the house mouse, Mus musculus and its close relative Mus spretus. *Scientific data.* **3(1)**, 1-14.

Examples

```
data("iupac", package="MSA2dist")
```

iupacMatrix *iupacMatrix*

Description

This function creates a iupacMatrix object to be used with the rcpp_distSTRING function. By default, the iupac matrix is defined as literal distance obtained from Chang et al. 2017. (see https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00335-017-9704-9)

Usage

```
iupacMatrix()
```

Value

score matrix

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

References

Chang,P. L.,Kopania,E.,Keeble,S.,Sarver,B. A.,Larson, E.,Orth,A.,... & Dean,M. D. (2017). Whole exome sequencing of wild-derived inbred strains of mice improves power to link phenotype and genotype. *Mammalian genome*,**28(9-10)**,416-425.

See Also

dnastring2dist,dist.dna

Examples

```
iupacMatrix()
```

popinteger *popinteger*

Description

This function shows the population integer slot from a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet metadata information.

Usage

```
popinteger(seq)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

population integer from metadata

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addpop2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create poplist
poplist <- list(FRA = grep("Mmd.FRA", names(iupac)),
    GER = grep("Mmd.GER", names(iupac)),
    IRA = grep("Mmd.IRA", names(iupac)),
    AFG = grep("Mmm.AFG", names(iupac)))
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addpop2string(poplist)
popinteger(iupac.aa)
```

---

popnames *popnames*

Description

This function shows the population names slot from a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet metadata information.

Usage

```
popnames(seq)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

population names from metadata

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addpop2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create poplist
poplist <- list(FRA = grep("Mmd.FRA", names(iupac)),
    GER = grep("Mmd.GER", names(iupac)),
    IRA = grep("Mmd.IRA", names(iupac)),
    AFG = grep("Mmm.AFG", names(iupac)))
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addpop2string(poplist)
popnames(iupac.aa)
```

---

rcpp_distSTRING *rcpp_distSTRING*

Description

calcualtes pairwise distances using a score matrix

Usage

```
rcpp_distSTRING(dnavector, scoreMatrix, ncores = 1L)
```

Arguments

dnavector	StringVector
scoreMatrix	NumericMatrix
ncores	number of cores

Value

list

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
rcpp_distSTRING(dnavector=as.character(hiv), scoreMatrix=iupacMatrix())
```

rcpp_pairwiseDeletionAA *rcpp_pairwiseDeletionAA*

Description

returns number of AA sites used

Usage

```
rcpp_pairwiseDeletionAA(aavector, ncores = 1L)
```

Arguments

aavector	StringVector
ncores	number of cores

Value

list

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
h <- hiv |> cds2aa() |> as.character()
rcpp_pairwiseDeletionAA(aavector=h, ncores=1)
```

rcpp_pairwiseDeletionDNA *rcpp_pairwiseDeletionDNA*

Description

returns number of DNA sites used

Usage

```
rcpp_pairwiseDeletionDNA(dnavector, ncores = 1L)
```

Arguments

dnavector	StringVector
ncores	number of cores

Value

list

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("woodmouse", package="ape")
w <- woodmouse |> dnabin2dnastring() |> as.character()
rcpp_pairwiseDeletionDNA(dnavector=w, ncores=1)
```

---

region *region*

Description

This function shows the region slot from a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet metadata information.

Usage

```
region(seq)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]

Value

region IRanges object from metadata

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

addpop2string

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data(iupac, package="MSA2dist")
iupac.aa <- iupac |> cds2aa(shorten = TRUE)
## create region
region1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,41), end=c(20,50))
## add region
iupac.aa <- iupac.aa |> addregion2string(region=region1)
iupac.aa |> region()
```

`regionused` *regionused*

Description

This function shows the region used slot from a `DNAStringSet` or an `AAStringSet` `metadata` information.

Usage

```
regionused(seq)
```

Arguments

`seq`	`DNAStringSet` or `AAStringSet` [mandatory]

Value

population names from `metadata`

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

`addpop2string`

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
## create mask
mask1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(11,41,71), end=c(20,50,80))
## use mask
hiv.region <- hiv |> cds2aa() |> string2region(mask=mask1)
#(hiv.region |> slot("metadata"))$regionUsed
hiv.region |> regionused()
```

string2region *string2region*

Description

This function subsets a DNAStringSet or an AAStringSet by a mask and region given one or both options as IRanges.

Usage

```
string2region(seq, mask = NULL, region = NULL, add = TRUE)
```

Arguments

seq	DNAStringSet or AAStringSet [mandatory]
mask	IRanges object indicating masked sites [default: NULL]
region	IRanges object indicating region to use for dist calculation (by default all sites are used) [default: NULL]
add	indicate if mask and region should be added to metadata [default: TRUE]

Value

A list object with the following components:
DNAStringSet or AAStringSet
regionUsed

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

dnastring2dist

Examples

```
## load example sequence data
data("hiv", package="MSA2dist")
## create mask
mask1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(11,41,71), end=c(20,50,80))
## use mask
hiv.region <- hiv |> cds2aa() |> string2region(mask=mask1)
#(hiv.region |> slot("metadata"))$regionUsed
hiv.region |> regionused()
## use region
region1 <- IRanges::IRanges(start=c(1,75), end=c(45,85))
hiv.region <- hiv |> cds2aa() |> string2region(region=region1)
```

```
#(hiv.region |> slot("metadata"))$regionUsed
hiv.region |> regionused()
## use mask and region
hiv.region <- hiv |> cds2aa() |> string2region(mask=mask1, region=region1)
#(hiv.region |> slot("metadata"))$regionUsed
hiv.region |> regionused()
```

---

subString *subString*

Description

This function gets a subsequence from a DNAString, RNAString, AAString, BString, DNAStringSet, RNAStringSet, AAStringSet, BStringSet object from the Biostrings package.

Usage

```
subString(x, s, e)
```

Arguments

x	DNAStringSet, RNAString, AAString, BString, DNAStringSet, RNAStringSet, AAStringSet, BStringSet [mandatory]
s	start vector [mandatory]
e	end vector [mandatory]

Value

subsequence of an Biostrings object

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

See Also

subseq

Examples

```
## define two cds sequences
cds1 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATGCAACATTGC")
cds2 <- Biostrings::DNAString("ATG---CATTGC")
cds1.cds2.aln <- c(Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds1),
    Biostrings::DNAStringSet(cds2))
subString(cds1.cds2.aln, c(1,7), c(3,12))
```

uptriidx *uptriidx*

Description

This function returns upper tri index for usage with `pivot_long` reduction.

Usage

```
uptriidx(n, diag = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`n`	dimension of initial matrix [mandatory]
`diag`	indicate if diag should be retained [default: FALSE]

Value

list of positions

Author(s)

Kristian K Ullrich

Examples

```
uptriidx(10)
```

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