

Package ‘CytoGLMM’

May 14, 2025

Type Package

Title Conditional Differential Analysis for Flow and Mass Cytometry Experiments

Version 1.16.0

Description The CytoGLMM R package implements two multiple regression strategies: A bootstrapped generalized linear model (GLM) and a generalized linear mixed model (GLMM). Most current data analysis tools compare expressions across many computationally discovered cell types. CytoGLMM focuses on just one cell type. Our narrower field of application allows us to define a more specific statistical model with easier to control statistical guarantees. As a result, CytoGLMM finds differential proteins in flow and mass cytometry data while reducing biases arising from marker correlations and safeguarding against false discoveries induced by patient heterogeneity.

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URL <https://christofseiler.github.io/CytoGLMM>,
<https://github.com/ChristofSeiler/CytoGLMM>

BugReports <https://github.com/ChristofSeiler/CytoGLMM/issues>

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Imports stats, methods, BiocParallel, RColorBrewer, cowplot, dplyr, factoextra, flexmix, ggplot2, magrittr, pheatmap, stringr, strucchange, tibble, ggrepel, MASS, Matrix, tidyr, caret, rlang, grDevices

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat, BiocStyle

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

biocViews FlowCytometry, Proteomics, SingleCell, CellBasedAssays, CellBiology, ImmunoOncology, Regression, StatisticalMethod, Software

git_url <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/CytoGLMM>

git_branch RELEASE_3_21

git_last_commit f19e730

git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15

Repository Bioconductor 3.21

Date/Publication 2025-05-14

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cytoflexmix

Logistic mixture regression

Description

Logistic mixture regression

Usage

```
cytoflexmix(
  df_samples_subset,
  protein_names,
  condition,
  group = "donor",
  cell_n_min = Inf,
  cell_n_subsample = 0,
  ks = seq_len(10),
  num_cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>df_samples_subset</code> | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| <code>protein_names</code> | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| <code>condition</code> | The column name of the condition variable |
| <code>group</code> | The column name of the group variable |
| <code>cell_n_min</code> | Remove samples that are below this cell counts threshold |
| <code>cell_n_subsample</code> | Subsample samples to have this maximum cell count |
| <code>ks</code> | A vector of cluster sizes |
| <code>num_cores</code> | Number of computing cores |

Value

A list of class `cytoglm` containing

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>flexmixfits</code> | list of <code>flexmix</code> objects |
| <code>df_samples_subset</code> | possibly subsampled <code>df_samples_subset</code> table |
| <code>protein_names</code> | input protein names |
| <code>condition</code> | input condition variable |
| <code>group</code> | input group names |
| <code>cell_n_min</code> | input <code>cell_n_min</code> |
| <code>cell_n_subsample</code> | input <code>cell_n_subsample</code> |
| <code>ks</code> | input <code>ks</code> |
| <code>num_cores</code> | input <code>num_cores</code> |

Examples

```

set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
mix_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoflexmix(df,
                                protein_names = protein_names,
                                condition = "condition",
                                group = "donor",
                                ks = 2)

mix_fit

```

cytoglm

*Fit GLM with bootstrap resampling***Description**

Fit GLM with bootstrap resampling

Usage

```

cytoglm(
  df_samples_subset,
  protein_names,
  condition,
  group = "donor",
  covariate_names = NULL,
  cell_n_min = Inf,
  cell_n_subsample = 0,
  num_boot = 100,
  num_cores = 1
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>df_samples_subset</code> | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| <code>protein_names</code> | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| <code>condition</code> | The column name of the condition variable |
| <code>group</code> | The column name of the group variable |
| <code>covariate_names</code> | The column names of covariates |
| <code>cell_n_min</code> | Remove samples that are below this cell counts threshold |
| <code>cell_n_subsample</code> | Subsample samples to have this maximum cell count |
| <code>num_boot</code> | Number of bootstrap samples |
| <code>num_cores</code> | Number of computing cores |

Value

A list of class `cytoglm` containing

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>tb_coef</code> | coefficient table |
| <code>df_samples_subset</code> | possibly subsampled <code>df_samples_subset</code> table |
| <code>protein_names</code> | input protein names |
| <code>condition</code> | input condition variable |
| <code>group</code> | input group names |
| <code>covariate_names</code> | input covariates |
| <code>cell_n_min</code> | input <code>cell_n_min</code> |
| <code>cell_n_subsample</code> | input <code>cell_n_subsample</code> |
| <code>unpaired</code> | true if unpaired samples were provided as input |
| <code>num_boot</code> | input <code>num_boot</code> |
| <code>num_cores</code> | input <code>num_cores</code> |
| <code>formula_str</code> | formula use in the regression model |

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
glm_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoglm(df,
                             protein_names = protein_names,
                             condition = "condition",
                             group = "donor",
                             num_boot = 10) # in practice >=1000
glm_fit
```

cytgroup

Group-specific fixed effects model

Description

Group-specific fixed effects model

`cytostab`*Evaluate parameter stability with respect to gating scheme*

Description

Evaluate parameter stability with respect to gating scheme

Usage

```
cytostab(  
  df_samples_subset,  
  protein_names,  
  condition,  
  group = "donor",  
  cell_n_min = Inf,  
  cell_n_subsample = 0  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>df_samples_subset</code> | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| <code>protein_names</code> | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| <code>condition</code> | The column name of the condition variable |
| <code>group</code> | The column name of the group variable |
| <code>cell_n_min</code> | Remove samples that are below this cell counts threshold |
| <code>cell_n_subsample</code> | Subsample samples to have this maximum cell count |

Value

A data frame

Examples

```
set.seed(23)  
df <- generate_data()  
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]  
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))  
stab <- CytoGLMM::cytostab(df,  
  protein_names = protein_names,  
  condition = "condition",  
  group = "donor")  
stab
```

| | |
|------------|---|
| cyto_check | <i>Check if input to cytoxxx function have errors</i> |
|------------|---|

Description

Check if input to cytoxxx function have errors

Usage

```
cyto_check(cell_n_subsample, cell_n_min, protein_names)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|--|
| cell_n_subsample | Subsample samples to have this maximum cell count |
| cell_n_min | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| protein_names | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |

Value

NULL.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| generate_data | <i>Generate dataset for vignettes and simulation studies</i> |
|---------------|--|

Description

Generate dataset for vignettes and simulation studies

Usage

```
generate_data()
```

Value

[tibble](#) data frame

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
str(df)
df
```

| | |
|-------------|--|
| is_unpaired | <i>Check if samples match or paired on condition</i> |
|-------------|--|

Description

Check if samples match or paired on condition

Usage

```
is_unpaired(df_samples_subset, condition, group)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| df_samples_subset | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| condition | The column name of the condition variable |
| group | The column name of the group variable |

Value

A boolean

| | |
|------------------|--|
| plot.cytoflexmix | <i>Plot all components of mixture regression</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Plot all components of mixture regression

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cytoflexmix'
plot(x, k = NULL, separate = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| x | A cytoflexmix class |
| k | Number of clusters |
| separate | create two separate ggplot2 objects |
| ... | Other parameters |

Value

[ggplot2](#) object

Examples

```

set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
mix_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoflexmix(df,
                                protein_names = protein_names,
                                condition = "condition",
                                group = "donor",
                                ks = 2)

plot(mix_fit)

```

plot.cytoglm

Plot bootstrapped coefficients

Description

Plot bootstrapped coefficients

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'cytoglm'
plot(x, order = FALSE, separate = FALSE, ...)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| x | A cytoglm class |
| order | Order the markers according to the magnitude of the coefficients |
| separate | create two separate ggplot2 objects |
| ... | Other parameters |

Value

[ggplot2](#) object

Examples

```

set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
glm_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoglm(df,
                              protein_names = protein_names,
                              condition = "condition",
                              group = "donor",
                              num_boot = 10) # in practice >=1000

plot(glm_fit)

```

| | |
|----------------|--|
| plot.cytogroup | <i>Plot fixed coefficients of group-specific fixed effects model</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Plot fixed coefficients of group-specific fixed effects model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cytgroup'
plot(x, order = FALSE, separate = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| x | A <code>cytoglmm</code> class |
| order | Order the markers according to the magnitude of the coefficients |
| separate | create two separate <code>ggplot2</code> objects |
| ... | Other parameters |

Value

`ggplot2` object

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
group_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytgroup(df,
                                protein_names = protein_names,
                                condition = "condition",
                                group = "donor")

plot(group_fit)
```

| | |
|------------|---|
| plot_coeff | <i>Helper function to plot regression coefficient</i> |
|------------|---|

Description

Helper function to plot regression coefficient

Usage

```
plot_coeff(
  tb,
  title_str,
  title_str_right,
  xlab_str,
  redline = 0,
  order = FALSE,
  separate = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| tb | A data frame |
| title_str | Title string for summary plot |
| title_str_right | Title for bootstrap sample plot |
| xlab_str | Label on x-axis |
| redline | Point on x-axis to draw the red line |
| order | Order the markers according to the magnitude of the coefficients |
| separate | Plot both summary and bootstrap samples |

Value

[ggplot2](#) object or list of two objects if separate is true

| | |
|--------------|--|
| plot_heatmap | <i>Heatmap of median marker expression</i> |
|--------------|--|

Description

Heatmap of median marker expression

Usage

```
plot_heatmap(
  df_samples,
  sample_info_names,
  protein_names,
  arrange_by_1,
  arrange_by_2 = "",
  cluster_cols = FALSE,
  fun = median
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| df_samples | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| sample_info_names | Column names that contain information about the cell, e.g. donor, condition, file name, or cell type |
| protein_names | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| arrange_by_1 | Column name |
| arrange_by_2 | Column name |
| cluster_cols | Apply hierarchical cluster to columns |
| fun | Summary statistics of marker expression |

Value

`pheatmap` object

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
CytoGLMM::plot_heatmap(df,
                        protein_names = protein_names,
                        sample_info_names = c("donor", "condition"),
                        arrange_by_1 = "condition")
```

plot_lda

LDA on marker expression

Description

LDA on marker expression

Usage

```
plot_lda(
  df_samples,
  protein_names,
  group,
  cor_scaling_factor = 1,
  arrow_color = "black",
  marker_color = "black",
  marker_size = 5
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| df_samples | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| protein_names | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| group | The column name of the group variable |
| cor_scaling_factor | Scaling factor of circle of correlations |
| arrow_color | Color of correlation circle |
| marker_color | Colors of marker names |
| marker_size | Size of markerr names |

Value

`ggplot2` object

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
df$condition <- rep(c("A", "B", "C", "D"), each = length(df$condition)/4)
CytoGLMM::plot_lda(df,
                    protein_names = protein_names,
                    group = "condition",
                    cor_scaling_factor = 2)
```

plot_mds

MDS on median marker expression

Description

MDS on median marker expression

Usage

```
plot_mds(
  df_samples,
  protein_names,
  sample_info_names,
  color,
  sample_label = ""
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| df_samples | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| protein_names | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| sample_info_names | Column names that contain information about the cell, e.g. donor, condition, file name, or cell type |
| color | Column name |
| sample_label | Column name |

Value

cowplot object

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
CytoGLMM::plot_mds(df,
                    protein_names = protein_names,
                    sample_info_names = c("donor", "condition"),
                    color = "condition")
```

plot_model_selection *Plot model selection to choose number optimal number of clusters*

Description

Plot model selection to choose number optimal number of clusters

Usage

```
plot_model_selection(fit, k = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|---------------------|
| fit | A cytoflexmix class |
| k | Number of clusters |

Value

cowplot object

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
mix_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoflexmix(df,
                                protein_names = protein_names,
                                condition = "condition",
                                group = "donor",
                                ks = 1:2)

plot_model_selection(mix_fit)
```

plot_prcomp

Plot PCA of subsampled data using ggplot

Description

Plot PCA of subsampled data using ggplot

Usage

```
plot_prcomp(
  df_samples,
  protein_names,
  color_var = "treatment",
  subsample_size = 10000,
  repel = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|--|
| df_samples | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| protein_names | A vector of column names of protein to use in the analysis |
| color_var | A column name |
| subsample_size | Subsample per color_var variable |
| repel | Repel labels |

Value

cowplot object

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
CytoGLMM::plot_prcomp(df,
                      protein_names = protein_names,
                      color_var = "condition")
```

| | |
|---------------|--|
| print.cytoglm | <i>Extract and print bootstrap GLM fit</i> |
|---------------|--|

Description

Extract and print bootstrap GLM fit

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cytoglm'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|------------------|
| x | A cytoglm class |
| ... | Other parameters |

Value

NULL.

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
glm_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoglm(df,
                             protein_names = protein_names,
                             condition = "condition",
                             group = "donor",
                             num_boot = 10) # in practice >=1000

print(glm_fit)
```

| | |
|----------------|--|
| remove_samples | <i>Remove samples based on low cell counts</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Remove samples based on low cell counts

Usage

```
remove_samples(df_samples_subset, condition, group, unpaired, cell_n_min)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| df_samples_subset | Data frame or tibble with proteins counts, cell condition, and group information |
| condition | The column name of the condition variable |
| group | The column name of the group variable |
| unpaired | true if unpaired samples were provided as input |
| cell_n_min | Remove samples that are below this cell counts threshold |

Value

NULL.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| summary.cytoglm | <i>Extract and calculate p-values of bootstrap GLM fit</i> |
|-----------------|--|

Description

Extract and calculate p-values of bootstrap GLM fit

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cytoglm'
summary(object, method = "BH", ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| object | A cytoglm class |
| method | Multiple comparison adjustment method |
| ... | Other parameters |

Value

[tibble](#) data frame

Examples

```
set.seed(23)
df <- generate_data()
protein_names <- names(df)[3:12]
df <- dplyr::mutate_at(df, protein_names, function(x) asinh(x/5))
glm_fit <- CytoGLMM::cytoglm(df,
                             protein_names = protein_names,
                             condition = "condition",
                             group = "donor",
                             num_boot = 10) # in practice >=1000
summary(glm_fit)
```

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