

Package ‘HTSeqGenie’

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Imports BiocGenerics (>= 0.2.0), S4Vectors (>= 0.9.25), IRanges (>= 1.21.39), GenomicRanges (>= 1.23.21), Rsamtools (>= 1.8.5), Biostrings (>= 2.24.1), chipseq (>= 1.6.1), hwriter (>= 1.3.0), Cairo (>= 1.5.5), GenomicFeatures (>= 1.9.31), BiocParallel, parallel, tools, rtracklayer (>= 1.17.19), GenomicAlignments, VariantTools (>= 1.7.7), GenomeInfoDb, SummarizedExperiment, methods

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Title A NGS analysis pipeline.

Type Package

LazyLoad yes

Author Gregoire Pau, Jens Reeder

Description Libraries to perform NGS analysis.

Version 4.21.0

Depends R (>= 3.0.0), gmapR (>= 1.8.0), ShortRead (>= 1.19.13), VariantAnnotation (>= 1.8.3)

Suggests TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, LungCancerLines, org.Hs.eg.db

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R topics documented:

analyzeVariants	2
annotateVariants	3
buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb	3
callVariantsGATK	4
checkGATKJar	4
detectRRNA	5

excludeVariantsByRegions	5
gatk	6
generateSingleGeneDErs	7
getRRNAIds	7
getTabDataFromFile	8
hashCoverage	8
hashVariants	9
hashVector	9
HTSeqGenie	10
isSparse	11
markDuplicates	11
markDups	12
realignIndels	13
realignIndelsGATK	13
runPipeline	14
runPipelineConfig	15
setupTestFramework	16
TP53GenomicFeatures	16
vcfStat	17
wrap.callVariants	17
writeVCF	18
Index	19

analyzeVariants	<i>Calculate and process Variants</i>
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Description

Calculate and process Variants

Usage

```
analyzeVariants()
```

Value

Nothing

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

annotateVariants *Annotate variants via vep*

Description

Annotate variants via vep

Usage

annotateVariants(vcf.file)

Arguments

vcf.file A character vector pointing to a VCF (or gzipped VCF) file

Value

Path to a vcf file with variant annotations

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb
Build genomic features from a TxDb object

Description

Build genomic features from a TxDb object

Usage

buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb(txdb)

Arguments

txdb A TxDb object.

Value

A list named list of GRanges objects containing the biological entities to account for.

Author(s)

Gregoire Pau

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene")
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
genomic_features <- buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb(txdb)

## End(Not run)
```

callVariantsGATK	<i>Variant calling via GATK</i>
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Description

Call variants via GATK using the pipeline framework. Requires a GATK compatible genome with a name matching the alignment genome to be installed in 'path.gatk_genome'

Usage

```
callVariantsGATK(bam.file)
```

Arguments

bam.file	Path to bam.file
----------	------------------

Value

Path to variant file

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

checkGATKJar	<i>Check for the GATK jar file</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

Description

Check for the GATK jar file

Usage

```
checkGATKJar(path = getOption("gatk.path"))
```

Arguments

path	Path to the GATK jar file
------	---------------------------

Value

TRUE if tool can be called, FALSE otherwise

`detectRRNA`*Detect rRNA Contamination in Reads*

Description

Returns a named vector indicating if a read ID has rRNA contamination or not

Usage

```
detectRRNA(lreads, remove_tmp_dir = TRUE, save_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>lreads</code>	A list of ShortReadQ objects
<code>remove_tmp_dir</code>	boolean indicating whether or not to delete temp directory of gsnap results
<code>save_dir</code>	Save directory

Details

Given a genome and fastq data, each read in the fastq data is aligned against the rRNA sequences for that genome

Value

a named logical vector indicating if a read has rRNA contamination

Author(s)

Cory Barr

`excludeVariantsByRegions`*Filter variants by regions*

Description

Filter variants by regions

Usage

```
excludeVariantsByRegions(variants, mask)
```

Arguments

<code>variants</code>	Variants as Vranges, GRanges or VCF object
<code>mask</code>	region to mask, given as GRanges

Details

This function can be used to filter variants in a given region, e.g. low complexity and repeat regions

Value

The filtered variants

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

gatk

gatk

Description

Run a command from the GATK

Usage

```
gatk(gatk.jar.path = getOption("gatk.path"), method, args, maxheap = "4g")
```

Arguments

gatk.jar.path	Path to the gatk jar file
method	Name of the gatk method, e.g. UnifiedGenotyper
args	additional args passed to gatk
maxheap	Maximal heap space allocated for java, GATK recommends 4G heap for most of its apps

Details

Execute the GATK jar file using the method specified as arg. Stops if the command executed fails.

Value

0 for success, stops otherwise

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

```
generateSingleGeneDERs
    generateSingleGeneDERs
```

Description

Generate DEXSeq-ready exons

Usage

```
generateSingleGeneDERs(txdb)
```

Arguments

txdb A transcript DB object

Details

generateSingleGeneDERs() generates exons by: 1) disjoining the whole exon set 2) keeping only the exons of coding regions 3) keeping only the exons that belong to unique genes

Value

single gene DERs

```
getRRNAIds                    Detect reads that look like rRNA
```

Description

Detect reads that look like rRNA

Usage

```
getRRNAIds(file1, file2 = NULL, tmp_dir, rRNADB)
```

Arguments

file1 FastQ file of forward reads
file2 FastQ of reverse reads in paired-end sequencing, NULL otherwise
tmp_dir temporary directory used for storing the gsnap results
rRNADB Name of the rRNA sequence database. Must exist in the gsnap genome directory

Value

IDs of reads flagged as rRNA

getTabDataFromFile	<i>Load tabular data from the NGS pipeline result directory</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Load tabular data from the NGS pipeline result directory

Usage

```
getTabDataFromFile(save_dir, object_name)
```

Arguments

save_dir	A character string containing an NGS pipeline output directory.
object_name	A character string containing the regular expression matching a filename in dir_path

Value

A data frame.

hashCoverage	<i>Hashing function for coverage</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Hashing function for coverage

Usage

```
hashCoverage(cov)
```

Arguments

cov	A SimpleRleList object
-----	------------------------

Value

A numeric

Author(s)

Gregoire Pau

hashVariants	<i>Hashing function for variants</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Hashing function for variants

Usage

```
hashVariants(var)
```

Arguments

var	A GRanges object
-----	------------------

Value

A numeric

Author(s)

Gregoire Pau

hashVector	<i>Hashing function for vector</i>
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Description

Hashing function for vector

Usage

```
hashVector(x)
```

Arguments

x	A vector
---	----------

Value

A numeric

Author(s)

Gregoire Pau

Description

The HTSeqGenie package is a robust and efficient software to analyze high-throughput sequencing experiments in a reproducible manner. It supports the RNA-Seq and Exome-Seq protocols and provides: quality control reporting (using the ShortRead package), detection of adapter contamination, read alignment versus a reference genome (using the gmapR package), counting reads in genomic regions (using the GenomicRanges package), and read-depth coverage computation.

Package content

To run the pipeline:

- runPipeline

To access the pipeline output data:

- getTabDataFromFile

To build the genomic features object:

- buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb
- TP53GenomicFeatures

Examples

```
## Not run:
## build genome and genomic features
tp53Genome <- TP53Genome()
tp53GenomicFeatures <- TP53GenomicFeatures()

## get the FASTQ files
fastq1 <- system.file("extdata/H1993_TP53_subset2500_1.fastq.gz", package="HTSeqGenie")
fastq2 <- system.file("extdata/H1993_TP53_subset2500_2.fastq.gz", package="HTSeqGenie")

## run the pipeline
save_dir <- runPipeline(
  ## input
  input_file=fastq1,
  input_file2=fastq2,
  paired_ends=TRUE,
  quality_encoding="illumina1.8",

  ## output
  save_dir="test",
  prepend_str="test",
  overwrite_save_dir="erase",

  ## aligner
  path.gsnap_genomes=path(directory(tp53Genome)),
  alignReads.genome=genome(tp53Genome),
  alignReads.additional_parameters="--indel-penalty=1 --novelsplicing=1 --distant-splice-penalty=1",
```

```

    ## gene model
    path.genomic_features=dirname(tp53GenomicFeatures),
    countGenomicFeatures.gfeatures=basename(tp53GenomicFeatures)
  )

  ## End(Not run)

```

isSparse	<i>isSparse</i>
----------	-----------------

Description

Check coverage for sparseness

Usage

```
isSparse(cov, threshold = 0.1)
```

Arguments

cov	A cov object as SimpleRleList
threshold	Fraction of number of runs over total length

Details

Some Rle related operations become very slow when they are dealing with data that violates their sparseness assumption. This method provides an estimate about whether the data is dense or sparse. More precisely it checks if the fraction of the number of runs over the total length is smaller than a threshold

Value

Boolean whether this object is dense or sparse

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

markDuplicates	<i>markDuplicates</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Mark duplicates in bam

Usage

```
markDuplicates(bamfile, outfile = NULL, path = getOption("picard.path"))
```

Arguments

bamfile	Name of input bam file
outfile	Name of output bam file
path	Full path to MarkDuplicates jar

Details

Use MarkDuplicates from PicardTools to mark duplicate alignments in bam file.

Value

Path to output bam file

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

markDups

markDups

Description

Mark duplicates in pipeline context

Usage

markDups()

Details

High level function call to mark duplicates in the analyzed.bam file of a pipelin run.

Value

Nothing

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

realignIndels	<i>realignIndels</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Realign indels in pipeline context

Usage

```
realignIndels()
```

Details

High level function call to realign indels in the analyzed.bam file using GATK

Value

Nothing

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

realignIndelsGATK	<i>Realign indels via GATK</i>
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Description

Realign indels using the GATK tools RealignerTargetCreator and IndelRealigner. Requires a GATK compatible genome with a name matching the alignment genome to be installed in 'path.gatk_genome'

Usage

```
realignIndelsGATK(bam.file)
```

Arguments

bam.file	Path to bam.file
----------	------------------

Details

Since GATKs IndelRealigner is not parallelized, we run it in parallel per chromosome.

Value

Path to realigned bam file

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

runPipeline	<i>Run the NGS analysis pipeline</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Run the NGS analysis pipeline

Usage

```
runPipeline(...)
```

Arguments

... A list of parameters. See the vignette for details.

Details

This function starts the pipeline. It first preprocesses the input FASTQ reads, align them, count the read overlaps with genomic features and compute the coverage. See the vignette for details.

Value

The path to the NGS output directory.

Author(s)

Jens Reeder, Gregoire Pau

See Also

TP53Genome, TP53GenomicFeatures

Examples

```
## Not run:
## build genome and genomic features
tp53Genome <- TP53Genome()
tp53GenomicFeatures <- TP53GenomicFeatures()

## get the FASTQ files
fastq1 <- system.file("extdata/H1993_TP53_subset2500_1.fastq.gz", package="HTSeqGenie")
fastq2 <- system.file("extdata/H1993_TP53_subset2500_2.fastq.gz", package="HTSeqGenie")

## run the pipeline
save_dir <- runPipeline(
  ## input
  input_file=fastq1,
  input_file2=fastq2,
  paired_ends=TRUE,
  quality_encoding="illumina1.8",

  ## output
  save_dir="test",
  prepend_str="test",
```

```
    overwrite_save_dir="erase",

    ## aligner
    path.gsnap_genomes=path(directory(tp53Genome)),
    alignReads.genome=genome(tp53Genome),
    alignReads.additional_parameters="--indel-penalty=1 --novelsplicing=1 --distant-splice-penalty=1",

    ## gene model
    path.genomic_features=dirname(tp53GenomicFeatures),
    countGenomicFeatures.gfeatures=basename(tp53GenomicFeatures)
)

## End(Not run)
```

runPipelineConfig *Run the NGS analysis pipeline*

Description

Run the NGS analysis pipeline from a configuration file

Usage

```
runPipelineConfig(config_filename, config_update)
```

Arguments

config_filename Path to a pipeline configuration file

config_update A list of name value pairs that will update the config parameters

Details

This is the launcher function for all pipeline runs. It will do some preprocessing steps, then aligns the reads, counts overlap with genomic Features such as genes, exons etc and applies a variant caller.

Value

Nothing

Author(s)

Jens Reeder, Gregoire Pau

setupTestFramework	<i>setup test framework</i>
--------------------	-----------------------------

Description

setup test framework

Usage

```
setupTestFramework(config.filename, config.update = list(),
  testname = "test", package = "HTSeqGenie", use.TP53Genome = TRUE)
```

Arguments

config.filename	configuration file
config.update	update list of config values
testname	name of test case
package	name of package
use.TP53Genome	Boolean indicating the use of the TP53 genome as template config

Value

the created temp directory

TP53GenomicFeatures	<i>Demo genomic features around the TP53 gene</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Build the genomic features of the TP53 demo region

Usage

```
TP53GenomicFeatures()
```

Details

Returns a list of genomic features (gene, exons, transcripts) annotating a region of UCSC hg19 sequence centered on the region of the TP53 gene, with 1 Mb flanking sequence on each side. This is intended as a test/demonstration to run the NGS pipeline in conjunction with the LungCancerLines data package.

Value

A list of GRanges objects containing the genomic features

Author(s)

Gregoire Pau

See Also

TP53Genome, buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb, runPipeline

vcfStat *Compute stats on a VCF file*

Description

Compute stats on a VCF file

Usage

```
vcfStat(vcf.filename)
```

Arguments

vcf.filename A character pointing to a VCF (or gzipped VCF) file

Value

A numeric vector

Author(s)

Gregoire Pau

wrap.callVariants *Variant calling*

Description

Call Variants in the pipeline framework

Usage

```
wrap.callVariants(bam.file)
```

Arguments

bam.file Aligned reads as bam file

Details

A wrapper around VariantTools callVariant framework.

Value

Variants as Vranges

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

`writeVCF`*writeVCF*

Description

Write variants to VCF file

Usage

```
writeVCF(variants.vranges, filename)
```

Arguments

<code>variants.vranges</code>	Genomic Variants as VRanges object
<code>filename</code>	Name of vcf file to write

Value

VCF file name

Author(s)

Jens Reeder

Index

* package

HTSeqGenie, [10](#)

analyzeVariants, [2](#)

annotateVariants, [3](#)

buildGenomicFeaturesFromTxDb, [3](#)

callVariantsGATK, [4](#)

checkGATKJar, [4](#)

detectRRNA, [5](#)

excludeVariantsByRegions, [5](#)

gatk, [6](#)

generateSingleGeneDEs, [7](#)

getRRNAIds, [7](#)

getTabDataFromFile, [8](#)

hashCoverage, [8](#)

hashVariants, [9](#)

hashVector, [9](#)

HTSeqGenie, [10](#)

isSparse, [11](#)

markDuplicates, [11](#)

markDups, [12](#)

realignIndels, [13](#)

realignIndelsGATK, [13](#)

runPipeline, [14](#)

runPipelineConfig, [15](#)

setupTestFramework, [16](#)

TP53GenomicFeatures, [16](#)

vcfStat, [17](#)

wrap.callVariants, [17](#)

writeVCF, [18](#)