

Package ‘EpiMix’

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Title EpiMix: an integrative tool for the population-level analysis of DNA methylation

Version 1.7.1

Description

EpiMix is a comprehensive tool for the integrative analysis of high-throughput DNA methylation data and gene expression data. EpiMix enables automated data downloading (from TCGA or GEO), preprocessing, methylation modeling, interactive visualization and functional annotation. To identify hypo- or hypermethylated CpG sites across physiological or pathological conditions, EpiMix uses a beta mixture modeling to identify the methylation states of each CpG probe and compares the methylation of the experimental group to the control group. The output from EpiMix is the functional DNA methylation that is predictive of gene expression. EpiMix incorporates specialized algorithms to identify functional DNA methylation at various genetic elements, including proximal cis-regulatory elements of protein-coding genes, distal enhancers, and genes encoding microRNAs and lncRNAs.

Depends R (>= 4.2.0), EpiMix.data (>= 1.2.2)

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Encoding UTF-8

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.extractPriMiRNA	<i>The extractPriMiRNA function</i>
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Description

Utility function to convert mature miRNA names to pri-miRNA names

Usage

```
.extractPriMiRNA(str)
```

Arguments

str a character string for a mature miRNA name (e.g. "hsa-miR-34a-3p")

Value

a character string for the corresponding pri-miRNA name (e.g. "hsa-mir-34a")

.getComp	<i>The .getComp function</i>
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Description

Helper function to get a string indicating the comparison made for gene expression

Usage

```
.getComp(state)
```

Arguments

state character string indicating the methylation state, can be either "Hyper", "Hypo", "Dual"

Value

a list of sample names split by methylation group

.getMetGroup *The .getMetGroup function*

Description

Helper function to get sample names split by methylation group based on DM values

Usage

```
.getMetGroup(state, DM_values)
```

Arguments

state character string indicating the methylation state, can be either "Hyper", "Hypo", "Dual"
DM_values a vector of DM values for the probe. The names of the vector are sample names.

Value

a list of sample names split by methylation group

.mapProbeGene *The .mapProbeGene function*

Description

since in the original probe annotation, a specific probe can be mapped to multiple genes, this function splits the rows and maps each probe to a single gene in a row.

Usage

```
.mapProbeGene(df.annot)
```

Arguments

df.annot a dataframe with probe annotation, can be the object returned from the convertAnnotToDF function.

Value

a dataframe with 1:1 mapping of probe and gene

`.splitMetData` *The .splitMetData function*

Description

Helper function to split the methylation data matrix into the experimental group and the control group

Usage

```
.splitMetData(methylation.data, sample.info, group.1, group.2)
```

Arguments

<code>methylation.data</code>	methylation data matrix
<code>sample.info</code>	sample information matrix
<code>group.1</code>	name of group.1
<code>group.2</code>	name of group.2

Value

a list with methylation data of group.1 and group.2

`addDistNearestTSS` *Calculate the distance between probe and gene TSS*

Description

Calculate the distance between probe and gene TSS

Usage

```
addDistNearestTSS(data, NearGenes, genome, met.platform, cores = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A multi Assay Experiment with both DNA methylation and gene Expression objects
<code>NearGenes</code>	A list or a data frame with the pairs gene probes
<code>genome</code>	Which genome build will be used: hg38 (default) or hg19.
<code>met.platform</code>	DNA methylation platform to retrieve data from: EPIC or 450K (default)
<code>cores</code>	Number of cores to be used. Default: 1

Value

a dataframe of nearest genes with distance to TSS.

addGeneNames *The addGeneNames function*

Description

Given a dataframe with a column of probe names, add the gene names

Usage

```
addGeneNames(df_data, ProbeAnnotation)
```

Arguments

df_data a dataframe with a column named Probe
 ProbeAnnotation a dataframe with ProbeAnnotation, including one column named 'probe' and another column named 'gene'

Value

a dataframe with added gene names

BatchCorrection_Combat *The BatchCorrection_Combat function*

Description

The BatchCorrection_Combat function

Usage

```
BatchCorrection_Combat(GEN_Data, BatchDataSelected)
```

Arguments

GEN_Data matrix with methylation.data or gene.expression.data
 BatchDataSelected BatchData after filtering out the small batches and selecting for overlapped samples

Details

correct batch effects with Combat

Value

corrected data matrix

BatchCorrection_Seurat

The BatchCorrection_Seurat function

Description

The BatchCorrection_Seurat function

Usage

```
BatchCorrection_Seurat(GEN_Data, BatchDataSelected)
```

Arguments

GEN_Data matrix with methylation.data or gene.expression.data

BatchDataSelected

BatchData after filtering out the small batches and selecting for overlapped samples.

Details

correct batch effects with the Seurat data integration functions.

Value

corrected data matrix

betaEst_2

The betaEst_2 function

Description

Internal. Estimates a beta distribution via Maximum Likelihood. Adapted from RPMM package.

Usage

```
betaEst_2(Y, w, weights)
```

Arguments

Y data vector.

w posterior weights.

weights Case weights.

Value

(a,b) parameters.

 blc_2

The blc_2 function

Description

Internal. Fits a beta mixture model for any number of classes. Adapted from RPMM package.

Usage

```
blc_2(Y, w, maxiter = 25, tol = 1e-06, weights = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Y	Data matrix (n x j) on which to perform clustering.
w	Initial weight matrix (n x k) representing classification.
maxiter	Maximum number of EM iterations.
tol	Convergence tolerance.
weights	Case weights.
verbose	Verbose output.

Value

A list of parameters representing mixture model fit, including posterior weights and log-likelihood.

 calcDistNearestTSS

Calculate distance from region to nearest TSS

Description

Idea For a given region R linked to X genes G merge R with nearest TSS for G (multiple) this will increase nb of lines i.e R1 - G1 - TSS1 - DIST1 R1 - G1 - TSS2 - DIST2 To vectorize the code: make a granges from left and one from right and find distance collapse the results keeping min distance for equals values

Usage

```
calcDistNearestTSS(links, TRange, tssAnnot)
```

Arguments

links	Links to calculate the distance
TRange	Genomic coordinates for Target region
tssAnnot	TSS annotation

Value

dataframe of genomic distance from TSS

Author(s)

Tiago C. Silva

ClusterProbes

The ClusterProbes function

Description

This function uses the annotation for Illumina methylation arrays to map each probe to a gene. Then, for each gene, it clusters all its CpG sites using hierarchical clustering and Pearson correlation as distance and complete linkage. If data for normal samples is provided, only overlapping probes between cancer and normal samples are used. Probes with SNPs are removed. This function is prepared to run in parallel if the user registers a parallel structure, otherwise it runs sequentially. This function also cleans up the sample names, converting them to the 12 digit format.

Usage

```
ClusterProbes(MET_data, ProbeAnnotation, CorThreshold = 0.4)
```

Arguments

MET_data data matrix for methylation.
ProbeAnnotation GRange object for probe annotation.
CorThreshold correlation threshold for cutting the clusters.

Value

List with the clustered data sets and the mapping between probes and genes.

ComBat_NoFiles *The ComBat_NoFiles function*

Description

Internal. Performs batch correction.

Usage

```
ComBat_NoFiles(
  dat,
  saminfo,
  type = "txt",
  write = FALSE,
  covariates = "all",
  par.prior = FALSE,
  filter = FALSE,
  skip = 0,
  prior.plots = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dat	dat
saminfo	saminfo
type	currently supports two data file types 'txt' for a tab-delimited text file and 'csv' for an Excel .csv file (sometimes R handles the .csv file better, so use this if you have problems with a .txt file!).
write	if 'T' ComBat writes adjusted data to a file, and if 'F' and ComBat outputs the adjusted data matrix if 'F' (so assign it to an object! i.e. <code>NewData <- ComBat('my expression.xls','Sample info file.txt', write=F)</code>).
covariates	'covariates=all' will use all of the columns in your sample info file in the modeling (except array/sample name), if you only want use a some of the columns in your sample info file, specify these columns here as a vector (you must include the Batch column in this list).
par.prior	if 'T' uses the parametric adjustments, if 'F' uses the nonparametric adjustments— if you are unsure what to use, try the parametric adjustments (they run faster) and check the plots to see if these priors are reasonable.
filter	'filter=value' filters the genes with absent calls in > 1-value of the samples. The default here (as well as in <code>dchip</code>) is .8. Filter if you can as the EB adjustments work better after filtering. Filter must be numeric if your expression index file contains presence/absence calls (but you can set it >1 if you don't want to filter any genes) and must be 'F' if your data doesn't have presence/absence calls;
skip	is the number of columns that contain probe names and gene information, so 'skip=5' implies the first expression values are in column 6

`prior.plots` if true will give prior plots with black as a kernel estimate of the empirical batch effect density and red as the parametric estimate.

Value

Results.

`combineForEachOutput` *The combineForEachOutput function*

Description

Internal. Function to combine results from the foreach loop.

Usage

```
combineForEachOutput(out1, out2)
```

Arguments

`out1` result from one foreach loop.
`out2` result from another foreach loop.

Value

List with the combined results.

`convertAnnotToDF` *The convertAnnotToDF function*

Description

convert the probe annotation from the GRRange object to a dataframe

Usage

```
convertAnnotToDF(annot)
```

Arguments

`annot` a GRRange object of probe annotation, can be the object returned from the `get-InfiniumAnnotation` function.

Value

a dataframe with chromosome, beginning and end position, mapped gene information for each CpG probe

convertGeneNames *The convertGeneNames function*

Description

auxiliary function to translate ensembl_gene_ids or ensembl_transcript_ids to human gene symbols (HGNC)

Usage

```
convertGeneNames(gene.expression.data)
```

Arguments

gene.expression.data
gene expression data matrix with the rownames to be the ensembl_gene_ids or ensembl_transcript_ids

Value

gene expression matrix with rownames translated to human gene symbols (HGNC)

CorrectBatchEffect *The CorrectBatchEffect function*

Description

top-level wrapper function for batch correction.

Usage

```
CorrectBatchEffect(  
  GEN_Data,  
  BatchData,  
  batch.correction.method,  
  MinInBatch = 5,  
  featurePerSet = 50000  
)
```

Arguments

GEN_Data	matrix with methylation.data or gene.expression.data with genes in rows and samples in columns
BatchData	dataframe with two columns: the first column indicates the sample names, and the second column indicates the batch ids.
batch.correction.method	character string. Should be either 'Seurat' or 'Combat'.
MinInBatch	integer indicating the batch size threshold. Batches smaller than this threshold will be removed. Default: 5
featurePerSet	integer indicating the row numbers to split the GEN_Data into small subsets. Default: 50,000

Details

(1) filters the batch data and the molecular data to keep only the overlapped samples. (2) removes extremely small batches. (3) if the molecular data have over 50,000 features (rows), it splits the data into subsets, with 50,000 features in each subset, and perform batch correction on each subset. (4) identify overlapped samples in batch corrected subsets, and merge the subsets into one matrix.

Value

matrix with corrected data

EpiMix	<i>The EpiMix function</i>
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Description

EpiMix uses a model-based approach to identify functional changes DNA methylation that affect gene expression.

Usage

```
EpiMix(
  methylation.data,
  gene.expression.data,
  sample.info,
  group.1,
  group.2,
  mode = "Regular",
  promoters = FALSE,
  correlation = "negative",
  met.platform = "HM450",
  genome = "hg38",
  cluster = FALSE,
  listOfGenes = NULL,
```

```

filter = TRUE,
raw.pvalue.threshold = 0.05,
adjusted.pvalue.threshold = 0.05,
numFlankingGenes = 20,
roadmap.epigenome.groups = NULL,
roadmap.epigenome.ids = NULL,
chromatin.states = c("EnhA1", "EnhA2", "EnhG1", "EnhG2"),
NoNormalMode = FALSE,
cores = 1,
MixtureModelResults = NULL,
OutputRoot = "."
)

```

Arguments

methylation.data	Matrix of the DNA methylation data with CpGs in rows and samples in columns.
gene.expression.data	Matrix of the gene expression data with genes in rows and samples in columns.
sample.info	Dataframe that maps each sample to a study group. Should contain two columns: the first column (named 'primary') indicates the sample names, and the second column (named 'sample.type') indicating which study group each sample belongs to (e.g., "Cancer" vs. "Normal", "Experiment" vs. "Control"). Sample names in the 'primary' column must coincide with the column names of the methylation.data.
group.1	Character vector indicating the name(s) for the experiment group.
group.2	Character vector indicating the names(s) for the control group.
mode	Character string indicating the analytic mode to model DNA methylation. Should be one of the followings: 'Regular', 'Enhancer', 'miRNA' or 'lncRNA'. Default: 'Regular'. See details for more information.
promoters	Logic indicating whether to focus the analysis on CpGs associated with promoters (2000 bp upstream and 1000 bp downstream of the transcription start site). This parameter is only used for the Regular mode.
correlation	Character vector indicating the expected correlation between DNA methylation and gene expression. Can be either 'negative' or 'positive'. Default: 'negative'.
met.platform	Character string indicating the microarray type for collecting the DNA methylation data. The value should be either 'HM27', 'HM450' or 'EPIC'. Default: 'HM450'
genome	Character string indicating the genome build version to be used for CpG annotation. Should be either 'hg19' or 'hg38'. Default: 'hg38'.
cluster	Logic indicating whether to cluster CpG site based on methylation levels using hierarchical clustering
listOfGenes	Character vector used for filtering the genes to be evaluated.
filter	Logic indicating whether to use a linear regression filter to pre-filter the CpGs whose methylation correlates with gene expression. Used in the Regular mode. Default: TRUE.

<code>raw.pvalue.threshold</code>	Numeric value indicating the threshold of the raw P value for selecting the functional CpG-gene pairs. Default: 0.05.
<code>adjusted.pvalue.threshold</code>	Numeric value indicating the threshold of the adjusted P value for selecting the function CpG-gene pairs. Default: 0.05.
<code>numFlankingGenes</code>	Numeric value indicating the number of flanking genes whose expression is to be evaluated for selecting the functional enhancers. Default: 20.
<code>roadmap.epigenome.groups</code>	(parameter used for the 'Enhancer' mode) Character vector indicating the tissue group(s) to be used for selecting the enhancers. See details for more information. Default: NULL.
<code>roadmap.epigenome.ids</code>	(parameter used for the 'Enhancer' mode) Character vector indicating the epigenome ID(s) to be used for selecting the enhancers. See details for more information. Default: NULL.
<code>chromatin.states</code>	(parameter used for the 'Enhancer' mode) Character vector indicating the chromatin states to be used for selecting the enhancers. To get the available chromatin states, please run the <code>list.chromatin.states()</code> function. Default: <code>c('EnhA1', 'EnhA2', 'EnhG1', 'EnhG2')</code> .
<code>NoNormalMode</code>	Logical indicating if the methylation states found in the experiment group should be compared to the control group. Default: FALSE.
<code>cores</code>	Number of CPU cores to be used for computation. Default: 1.
<code>MixtureModelResults</code>	Pre-computed EpiMix results, used for generating functional probe-gene pair matrix. Default: NULL
<code>OutputRoot</code>	File path to store the EpiMix result object. Default: <code>'.'</code> (current directory)

Details

mode: EpiMix incorporates four alternative analytic modes for modeling DNA methylation: “Regular,” “Enhancer,” “miRNA” and “lncRNA”. The four analytic modes target DNA methylation analysis on different genetic elements. The Regular mode aims to model DNA methylation at proximal cis-regulatory elements of protein-coding genes. The Enhancer mode targets DNA methylation analysis on distal enhancers. The miRNA or lncRNA mode focuses on methylation analysis of miRNA- or lncRNA-coding genes.

`roadmap.epigenome.groups` & `roadmap.epigenome.ids`:

Since enhancers are cell-type or tissue-type specific, EpiMix needs to know the reference tissues or cell types in order to select the proper enhancers. EpiMix identifies enhancers from the RoadmapEpigenomic project (Nature, PMID: 25693563), which enhancers were identified by ChromHMM in over 100 tissue and cell types. Available epigenome groups (a group of relevant cell types) or epigenome ids (individual cell types) can be obtained from the original publication (Nature, PMID: 25693563, figure 2). They can also be retrieved from the `list.epigenomes()` function. If both `roadmap.epigenome.groups` and `roadmap.epigenome.ids` are specified, EpiMix will select all the epigenomes from the combination of the inputs.

Value

The results from EpiMix is a list with the following components:

MethylationDrivers	CpG probes identified as differentially methylated by EpiMix.
NrComponents	The number of methylation states found for each driver probe.
MixtureStates	A list with the DM-values for each driver probe. Differential Methylation values (DM-values) are defined as the difference between the methylation mean of samples in one mixture component from the experiment group and the methylation mean in samples from the control group, for a given probe.
MethylationStates	Matrix with DM-values for all driver probes (rows) and all samples (columns).
Classifications	Matrix with integers indicating to which mixture component each sample in the experiment group was assigned to, for each probe.
Models	Beta mixture model parameters for each driver probe.
group.1	sample names in group.1 (experimental group).
group.2	sample names in group.2 (control group).
FunctionalPairs	Dataframe with the prevalence of differential methylation for each CpG probe in the sample population, and fold change of mRNA expression and P values for each significant probe-gene pair.

Examples

```

data(MET.data)
data(mRNA.data)
data(microRNA.data)
data(lncRNA.data)
data(LUAD.sample.annotation)

# Example #1: Regular mode
EpiMixResults <- EpiMix(methylation.data = MET.data,
                       gene.expression.data = mRNA.data,
                       sample.info = LUAD.sample.annotation,
                       group.1 = 'Cancer',
                       group.2 = 'Normal',
                       met.platform = 'HM450',
                       OutputRoot = tempdir())

# Example #2: Enhancer mode
EpiMixResults <- EpiMix(methylation.data = MET.data,
                       gene.expression.data = mRNA.data,
                       sample.info = LUAD.sample.annotation,
                       mode = 'Enhancer',
                       group.1 = 'Cancer',
                       group.2 = 'Normal',
                       met.platform = 'HM450',

```

```
roadmap.epigenome.ids = 'E096',
OutputRoot = tempdir())

# Example #3: miRNA mode
EpiMixResults <- EpiMix(methylation.data = MET.data,
  gene.expression.data = microRNA.data,
  sample.info = LUAD.sample.annotation,
  mode = 'miRNA',
  group.1 = 'Cancer',
  group.2 = 'Normal',
  met.platform = 'HM450',
  OutputRoot = tempdir())

# Example #4: lncRNA mode
EpiMixResults <- EpiMix(methylation.data = MET.data,
  gene.expression.data = lncRNA.data,
  sample.info = LUAD.sample.annotation,
  mode = 'lncRNA',
  group.1 = 'Cancer',
  group.2 = 'Normal',
  met.platform = 'HM450',
  OutputRoot = tempdir())
```

EpiMix_getInfiniumAnnotation

The EpiMix_getInfiniumAnnotation function

Description

fetch the Infinium probe annotation from the AnnotationHub

Usage

```
EpiMix_getInfiniumAnnotation(plat = "EPIC", genome = "hg38")
```

Arguments

plat	character string indicating the methylation platform.
genome	character string indicating the version of genome build

Value

a GRRange object of probe annotation

Examples

```
annot <- EpiMix_getInfiniumAnnotation(plat = "EPIC", genome = "hg38")
```

EpiMix_PlotGene *The EpiMix_PlotGene function*

Description

plot the genomic coordinate, DM values and chromatin state for each CpG probe of a specific gene.

Usage

```
EpiMix_PlotGene(
  gene.name,
  EpiMixResults,
  met.platform = "HM450",
  roadmap.epigenome.id = "E002",
  left.gene.margin = 10000,
  right.gene.margin = 10000,
  gene.name.font = 0.7,
  show.probe.name = TRUE,
  probe.name.font = 0.6,
  plot.transcripts = TRUE,
  plot.transcripts.structure = TRUE,
  y.label.font = 0.8,
  y.label.margin = 0.1,
  axis.number.font = 0.5,
  chromatin.label.font = 0.7,
  chromatin.label.margin = 0.02
)
```

Arguments

<code>gene.name</code>	character string indicating the name of the gene to be plotted.
<code>EpiMixResults</code>	the resulting list object returned from the function of EpiMix.
<code>met.platform</code>	character string indicating the type of the microarray where the DNA methylation data were collected. The value should be either 'HM27', 'HM450' or 'EPIC'. Default: 'HM450'
<code>roadmap.epigenome.id</code>	character string indicating the epigenome id (EID) for a reference tissue or cell type. Default: 'E002'. If the value is empty (""), no histone modifications plot will show.\Note: Keep this value empty if using the Windows system, since this feature is not supported in Windows.
<code>left.gene.margin</code>	numeric value indicating the number of extra nucleotide bases to be plotted on the left side of the target gene. Default: 10000.
<code>right.gene.margin</code>	numeric value indicating the number of extra nucleotide bases to be plotted on the right side of the target gene. Default: 10000.

`gene.name.font` numeric value indicating the font size for the gene name. Default: 0.7.
`show.probe.name` logic indicating whether to show the name(s) for each differentially methylated CpG probe. Default: TRUE
`probe.name.font` numeric value indicating the font size of the name(s) for the differentially methylated probe(s) in pixels. Default: 0.6.
`plot.transcripts` logic indicating whether to plot each individual transcript of the gene. Default: TRUE. If False, the gene will be plotted with a single rectangle, without showing the structure of individual transcripts.
`plot.transcripts.structure` logic indicating whether to plot the transcript structure (introns and exons). Non-coding exons are shown in green and the coding exons are shown in red. Default: TRUE.
`y.label.font` font size of the y axis label
`y.label.margin` distance between y axis label and y axis
`axis.number.font` font size of axis ticks and numbers
`chromatin.label.font` font size of the labels of the histone proteins
`chromatin.label.margin` distance between the histone protein labels and axis

Details

this function requires R package dependencies: `karyoploteR`, `TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene`, `org.Hs.eg.db`

`roadmap.epigenome.id`: since the chromatin state is tissue or cell-type specific, EpiMix needs to know the reference tissue or cell type in order to retrieve the proper DNase-seq and histone ChIP-seq data. Available epigenome ids can be obtained from the Roadmap Epigenomic study (Nature, PMID: 25693563, figure 2). They can also be retrieved from the `list.epigenomes()` function.

Value

plot of the genomic coordinate, DM values and chromatin state for each CpG probe of a specific gene.

Examples

```

library(karyoploteR)
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
library(regioneR)

data(Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular)
  
```

```

gene.name = 'CCND2'

roadmap.epigenome.id = 'E096'

EpiMix_PlotGene(gene.name = gene.name,
                EpiMixResults = Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular,
                met.platform = 'HM450',
                roadmap.epigenome.id = roadmap.epigenome.id)

```

EpiMix_PlotModel *The EpiMix_PlotModel function.*

Description

Produce the mixture model and the gene expression plots representing the EpiMix results.

Usage

```

EpiMix_PlotModel(
  EpiMixResults,
  Probe,
  methylation.data,
  gene.expression.data = NULL,
  GeneName = NULL,
  axis.title.font = 20,
  axis.text.font = 16,
  legend.title.font = 18,
  legend.text.font = 18,
  plot.title.font = 20
)

```

Arguments

EpiMixResults	resulting list object from the EpiMix function.
Probe	character string indicating the name of the CpG probe for which to create a mixture model plot.
methylation.data	Matrix with the methylation data with genes in rows and samples in columns.
gene.expression.data	Gene expression data with genes in rows and samples in columns (optional). Default: NULL.
GeneName	character string indicating the name of the gene whose expression will be plotted with the EpiMix plot (optional). Default: NULL.
axis.title.font	font size for the axis legend.

axis.text.font font size for the axis label.
 legend.title.font
 font size for the legend title.
 legend.text.font
 font size for the legend label.
 plot.title.font
 font size for the plot title.

Details

The violin plot and the scatter plot will be NULL if the gene expression data or the GeneName is not provided

Value

A list of EpiMix plots:

MixtureModelPlot
 a histogram of the distribution of DNA methylation data

ViolinPlot
 a violin plot of gene expression levels in different mixtures in the MixtureModelPlot

CorrelationPlot
 a scatter plot between DNA methylation and gene expression

Examples

```
{
  data(MET.data)
  data(mRNA.data)
  data(Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular)

  probe = "cg14029001"
  gene.name = "CCND3"
  plots <- EpiMix_PlotModel(
    EpiMixResults = Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular,
    Probe = probe,
    methylation.data = MET.data,
    gene.expression.data = mRNA.data,
    GeneName = gene.name
  )

  plots$MixtureModelPlot
  plots$ViolinPlot
  plots$CorreilationPlot
}
```

EpiMix_PlotProbe *The EpiMix_PlotProbe function*

Description

plot the genomic coordinate and the chromatin state of a specific CpG probe and the nearby genes.

Usage

```
EpiMix_PlotProbe(
  probe.name,
  EpiMixResults,
  met.platform = "HM450",
  roadmap.epigenome.id = "E002",
  numFlankingGenes = 20,
  left.gene.margin = 10000,
  right.gene.margin = 10000,
  gene.name.pos = 2,
  gene.name.size = 0.5,
  gene.arrow.length = 0.05,
  gene.line.width = 2,
  plot.chromatin.state = TRUE,
  y.label.font = 0.8,
  y.label.margin = 0.1,
  axis.number.font = 0.5,
  chromatin.label.font = 0.7,
  chromatin.label.margin = 0.02
)
```

Arguments

probe.name	character string indicating the CpG probe name.
EpiMixResults	resulting list object returned from EpiMix.
met.platform	character string indicating the type of micro-array where the DNA methylation data were collected. Can be either 'HM27', 'HM450' or 'EPIC'. Default: 'HM450'
roadmap.epigenome.id	character string indicating the epigenome id (EID) for a reference tissue or cell type. Default: 'E002'. If the value is empty (""), no histone modifications plot will show. \ Note: Keep this value empty if using the Windows system, since this feature is not supported in Windows.
numFlankingGenes	numeric value indicating the number of flanking genes to be plotted with the CpG probe. Default: 20 (10 gene upstream and 10 gene downstream).
left.gene.margin	numeric value indicating the number of extra nucleotide bases to be plotted on the left side of the image. Default: 10000.

`right.gene.margin` numeric value indicating the number of extra nucleotide bases to be plotted on the right side of the image. Default: 10000.

`gene.name.pos` integer indicating the position for plotting the gene name relative to the gene structure. Should be 1 or 2 or 3 or 4, indicating bottom, left, top, and right, respectively.

`gene.name.size` numeric value indicating the font size of the gene names in pixels.

`gene.arrow.length` numeric value indicating the size of the arrow which indicates the positioning of the gene.

`gene.line.width` numeric value indicating the line width for the genes.

`plot.chromatin.state` logical indicating whether to plot the DNase-seq and histone ChIP-seq signals. Warnings: If the 'numFlankingGenes' is a larger than 15, plotting the chromatin state may flood the internal memory.

`y.label.font` font size of the y axis label.

`y.label.margin` distance between y axis label and y axis.

`axis.number.font` font size of axis ticks and numbers.

`chromatin.label.font` font size of the labels of the histone proteins.

`chromatin.label.margin` distance between the histone protein labels and axis.

Details

this function requires additional dependencies: `karyoploteR`, `TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene`, `org.Hs.eg.db`

`roadmap.epigenome.id`: since the chromatin state is tissue or cell-type specific, EpiMix needs to know the reference tissue or cell type in order to retrieve the proper DNase-seq and histone ChIP-seq data. Available epigenome ids can be obtained from the Roadmap Epigenomic study (Nature, PMID: 25693563, figure 2). They can also be retrieved from the `list.epigenomes()` function.

Value

plot with CpG probe and nearby genes. Genes whose expression is significantly negatively associated with the methylation of the probe are shown in red, while the others are shown in black.

Examples

```
library(karyoploteR)
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
library(regioneR)

data(Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular)
```



```
# The CpG site to plot
probe.name = 'cg00374492'

# The number of adjacent genes to be plotted
numFlankingGenes = 10

# Set up the reference cell/tissue type
roadmap.epigenome.id = 'E096'

# Generate the plot
EpiMix_PlotProbe(probe.name = probe.name,
                 EpiMixResults = Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular,
                 met.platform = 'HM450',
                 roadmap.epigenome.id = roadmap.epigenome.id,
                 numFlankingGenes = numFlankingGenes)
```

EpiMix_PlotSurvival *EpiMix_PlotSurvival function*

Description

function to plot Kaplan-meier survival curves for patients with different methylation state of a specific probe.

Usage

```
EpiMix_PlotSurvival(
  EpiMixResults,
  plot.probe,
  TCGA_CancerSite = NULL,
  clinical.df = NULL,
  font.legend = 16,
  font.x = 16,
  font.y = 16,
  font.tickslab = 14,
  legend = c(0.8, 0.9),
  show.p.value = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

EpiMixResults List of objects returned from the EpiMix function
plot.probe Character string with the name of the probe
TCGA_CancerSite TCGA cancer code (e.g. 'LUAD')

clinical.df	(If the TCGA_CancerSite parameter has been specified, this parameter is optional) Dataframe with survival information. Must contain at least three columns: 'sample.id', 'days_to_death', 'days_to_last_follow_up'.
font.legend	numeric value indicating the font size of the figure legend. Default: 16
font.x	numeric value indicating the font size of the x axis label. Default: 16
font.y	numeric value indicating the font size of the y axis label. Default: 16
font.tickslab	numeric value indicating the font size of the axis tick label. Default: 14
legend	numeric vector indicating the x,y coordinate for positioning the figure legend. c(0,0) indicates bottom left, while c(1,1) indicates top right. Default: c(0.8,0.9). If 'none', legend will be removed.
show.p.value	logic indicating whether to show p value in the plot. P value was calculated by log-rank test. Default: TRUE.

Value

Kaplan-meier survival curve showing the survival time for patients with different methylation states of the probe.

Examples

```
library(survival)
library(survminer)

data(Sample_EpiMixResults_miRNA)

EpiMix_PlotSurvival(EpiMixResults = Sample_EpiMixResults_miRNA,
                    plot.probe = 'cg00909706',
                    TCGA_CancerSite = 'LUAD')
```

filterLinearProbes *The filterLinearProbes function*

Description

use a linear regression filter to screen for probes that were negatively associated with gene expression.

Usage

```
filterLinearProbes(
  methylation.data,
  gene.expression.data,
  ProbeAnnotation,
  cores,
```

```

    filter,
    cluster,
    correlation = "negative"
  )

```

Arguments

methylation.data	methylation data matrix.
gene.expression.data	gene expression data matrix.
ProbeAnnotation	dataframe of probe annotation
cores	number of CPU cores used for computation
filter	logical indicating whether to perform a linear regression to select functional probes
cluster	logical indicating whether the CpGs were clustered using hierarchical clustering
correlation	Character vector indicating the expected correlation between DNA methylation and gene expression. Can be either 'negative' or 'positive'. Default: 'negative'.

Value

a character vector of probe names.

filterMethMatrix	<i>The filterMethMatrix function</i>
------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

The filterMethMatrix function

Usage

```
filterMethMatrix(MET_matrix, control.names, gene.expression.data)
```

Arguments

MET_matrix	a matrix of methylation states from the EpiMix results
control.names	a character vector of control sample names
gene.expression.data	a matrix with gene expression data

Details

This function filters methylation states from the beta mixture modeling for each probe. The filtered probes can be used to model gene expression by Wilcoxon test.

Value

a matrix of methylation states for each differentially methylated probe with probes in rows and patient in columns.

filterProbes	<i>The filterProbes function</i>
--------------	----------------------------------

Description

filter CpG sites based on user-specified conditions

Usage

```
filterProbes(  
  mode,  
  gene.expression.data,  
  listOfGenes,  
  promoters,  
  met.platform,  
  genome  
)
```

Arguments

mode	analytic mode
gene.expression.data	matrix of gene expression data
listOfGenes	list of genes of interest
promoters	logic indicating whether to filter CpGs on promoters
met.platform	methylation platform
genome	genome build version

Value

filtered ProbeAnnotation

find_miRNA_targets *The find_miRNA_targets function*

Description

Detection potential target protein-coding genes for the differentially methylated miRNAs using messenger RNA expression data

Usage

```
find_miRNA_targets(  
  EpiMixResults,  
  geneExprData,  
  database = "mirtarbase",  
  raw.pvalue.threshold = 0.05,  
  adjusted.pvalue.threshold = 0.2,  
  cores = 1  
)
```

Arguments

EpiMixResults	List of the result objects returned from the EpiMix function.
geneExprData	Matrix of the messenger RNA expression data with genes in rows and samples in columns.
database	character string indicating the database for retrieving miRNA targets. Default: "mirtarbase".
raw.pvalue.threshold	Numeric value indicating the threshold of the raw P value for selecting the miRNA targets based on gene expression. Default: 0.05.
adjusted.pvalue.threshold	Numeric value indicating the threshold of the adjusted P value for selecting the miRNA targets based on gene expression. Default: 0.2.
cores	Number of CPU cores to be used for computation. Default: 1.

Value

Matrix indicating the miRNA-target pairs, with fold changes of target gene expression and P values.

Examples

```
library(multiMiR)  
library(miRBaseConverter)  
  
data(mRNA.data)  
data(Sample_EpiMixResults_miRNA)  
  
miRNA_targets <- find_miRNA_targets(  
  EpiMixResults,  
  geneExprData,  
  database = "mirtarbase",  
  raw.pvalue.threshold = 0.05,  
  adjusted.pvalue.threshold = 0.2,  
  cores = 1  
)
```

```
EpiMixResults = Sample_EpiMixResults_miRNA,
geneExprData = mRNA.data
)
```

functionEnrich *The functionEnrich function*

Description

Perform functional enrichment analysis for the differentially methylated genes occurring in the significant CpG-gene pairs.

Usage

```
functionEnrich(
  EpiMixResults,
  methylation.state = "all",
  enrich.method = "GO",
  ont = "BP",
  simplify = TRUE,
  cutoff = 0.7,
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
  qvalueCutoff = 0.2,
  save.dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

EpiMixResults	List of the result objects returned from the EpiMix function.
methylation.state	character string indicating whether to use all the differentially methylated genes or only use the hypo- or hyper-methylated genes for enrichment analysis. Can be either 'all', 'Hyper' or 'Hypo'.
enrich.method	character string indicating the method to perform enrichment analysis, can be either 'GO' or 'KEGG'.
ont	character string indicating the aspect for GO analysis. Can be one of 'BP' (i.e., biological process), 'MF' (i.e., molecular function), and 'CC' (i.e., cellular component) subontologies, or 'ALL' for all three.
simplify	boolean value indicating whether to remove redundancy of enriched GO terms.
cutoff	if simplify is TRUE, this is the threshold for similarity cutoff of the adjusted p value.
pvalueCutoff	adjusted pvalue cutoff on enrichment tests to report

pAdjustMethod one of 'holm', 'hochberg', 'hommel', 'bonferroni', 'BH', 'BY', 'fdr', 'none'
qvalueCutoff qvalue cutoff on enrichment tests to report as significant. Tests must pass i) pvalueCutoff on unadjusted pvalues, ii) pvalueCutoff on adjusted pvalues and iii) qvalueCutoff on qvalues to be reported.
save.dir path to save the enrichment table.

Value

a clusterProfiler enrichResult instance

Examples

```
library(clusterProfiler)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)

data(Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular)

enrich.results <- function.enrich(
  EpiMixResults = Sample_EpiMixResults_Regular,
  enrich.method = 'GO',
  ont = 'BP',
  simplify = TRUE,
  save.dir = ''
)
```

generateFunctionalPairs

The generateFunctionalPairs function

Description

Wrapper function to get functional CpG-gene pairs, used for Regular, miRNA and lncRNA modes

Usage

```
generateFunctionalPairs(
  MET_matrix,
  control.names,
  gene.expression.data,
  ProbeAnnotation,
  raw.pvalue.threshold,
  adjusted.pvalue.threshold,
  cores,
  mode = "Regular",
  correlation = "negative"
)
```

Arguments

MET_matrix	matrix of methylation states
control.names	character vector indicating the samples names in the control group
gene.expression.data	matrix of gene expression data
ProbeAnnotation	dataframe of probe annotation
raw.pvalue.threshold	raw p value threshold
adjusted.pvalue.threshold	adjusted p value threshold
cores	number of computational cores
mode	character string indicating the analytic mode
correlation	the expected relationship between DNAm and gene expression

Value

a dataframe of functional CpG-gene matrix

GEO_Download_DNAMethylation

The GEO_Download_DNAMethylation function

Description

Download the methylation data and the associated sample phenotypic data from the GEO database.

Usage

```
GEO_Download_DNAMethylation(
  AccessionID,
  targetDirectory = ".",
  DownloadData = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

AccessionID	character string indicating GEO accession number. Currently support the GEO series (GSE) data type.
targetDirectory	character string indicating the file path to save the data. Default: '.' (current directory).
DownloadData	logical indicating whether the actual data should be downloaded (Default: TRUE). If False, the desired directory where the downloaded data should have been saved is returned.

Value

a list with two elements. The first element (`'$MethylationData'`) indicating the file path to the downloaded methylation data. The second element (`'$PhenotypicData'`) indicating the file path to the sample phenotypic data.

Examples

```
METdirectories <- GEO_Download_DNAMethylation(AccessionID = 'GSE114134',
                                             targetDirectory = tempdir())
```

GEO_Download_GeneExpression

The GEO_Download_GeneExpression function

Description

Download the gene expression data and the associated sample phenotypic data from the GEO database.

Usage

```
GEO_Download_GeneExpression(  
  AccessionID,  
  targetDirectory = ".",  
  DownloadData = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

AccessionID	character string indicating the GEO accession number. Currently support the GEO series (GSE) data type.
targetDirectory	character string indicating the file path to save the data. Default: <code>'.'</code> (current directory)
DownloadData	logical indicating whether the actual data should be downloaded (Default: TRUE). If False, the desired directory where the downloaded data should have been saved is returned.

Value

a list with two elements. The first element (`'$GeneExpressionData'`) indicating the file path to the downloaded methylation data. The second element (`'$PhenotypicData'`) indicating the file path to the sample phenotypic data.

Examples

```
GEdirectories <- GEO_Download_GeneExpression(AccessionID = 'GSE114065',  
                                             targetDirectory = tempdir())
```

GEO_EstimateMissingValues_Methylation

The GEO_EstimateMissingValues_Methylation function

Description

Internal. Removes samples and probes with more missing values than the MissingValueThreshold, and imputes remaining missing values using Tibshirani's KNN method.

Usage

```
GEO_EstimateMissingValues_Methylation(  
  MET_Data,  
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.3,  
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.3  
)
```

Arguments

MET_Data methylation data or gene expression data matrix.

MissingValueThresholdGene
 threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.

MissingValueThresholdSample
 threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.

Value

the dataset with imputed values and possibly some genes or samples deleted.

`GEO_EstimateMissingValues_Molecular`*The GEO_EstimateMissingValues_Molecular function*

Description

Internal. Removes samples and genes with more missing values than the `MissingValueThreshold`, and imputes remaining missing values using Tibshirani's KNN method.

Usage

```
GEO_EstimateMissingValues_Molecular(  
  MET_Data,  
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.3,  
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.1  
)
```

Arguments

`MET_Data` methylation data or gene expression data matrix.

`MissingValueThresholdGene`
 threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.

`MissingValueThresholdSample`
 threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.

Value

the dataset with imputed values and possibly some genes or samples deleted.

`GEO_GetSampleInfo`*The GEO_GetSampleInfo function*

Description

auxiliary function to generate a sample information dataframe that indicates which study group each sample belongs to.

Usage

```
GEO_GetSampleInfo(METdirectories, group.column, targetDirectory = ".")
```

Arguments

- `METdirectories` list of the file paths to the downloaded DNA methylation data, which can be the output from the `GEO_Download_DNAMethylation` function.
- `group.column` character string indicating the column in the phenotypic data that defines the study group of each sample. The values in this column will be used to split the experiment and the control group.
- `targetDirectory`
file path to save the output. Default: `'.'` (current directory)

Value

a dataframe with two columns: a `'primary'` column indicating the actual sample names, a `'sample.type'` column indicating the study group for each sample.

`GEO_getSampleMap` *the GEO_getSampleMap function*

Description

auxiliary function to generate a sample map for DNA methylation data and gene expression data

Usage

```
GEO_getSampleMap(METdirectories, GEdirectories, targetDirectory = ".")
```

Arguments

- `METdirectories` list of the file paths to the downloaded DNA methylation datasets, which can be the output from the `GEO_Download_DNAMethylation` function.
- `GEdirectories` list of the file paths to the downloaded gene expression datasets, which can be the output from the `GEO_Download_GeneExpression` function.
- `targetDirectory`
file path to save the output. Default: `'.'` (current directory)

Value

dataframe with three columns: `$assay` (character string indicating the type of the experiment, can be either `'DNA methylation'` or `'Gene expression'`), `$primary` (character string indicating the actual sample names), `$colnames` (character string indicating the actual column names for each samples in DNA methylation data and gene expression data)

get.chromosome *The get.chromosome function*

Description

given a list of genes, get the chromosomes of these genes.

Usage

```
get.chromosome(genes, genome)
```

Arguments

genes	character vector with the gene names
genome	character string indicating the genome build version, can be either 'hg19' or 'hg38'

Value

a dataframe for the mapping between genes and their chromosomes.

get.prevalence *The get.prevalence function*

Description

Helper function to get the methylation state and the prevalence of the differential methylation of a CpG sites in the study population.

Usage

```
get.prevalence(MethylMixResults)
```

Arguments

MET_matrix	matrix of methylation states
------------	------------------------------

Value

a list of prevalence for the abnormal methylation

Get.Pvalue.p	<i>Calculate empirical Pvalue</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Calculate empirical Pvalue

Usage

```
Get.Pvalue.p(U.matrix, permu)
```

Arguments

U.matrix	A data.frame of raw pvalue from U test. Output from .Stat.nonpara
permu	data frame of permutation. Output from .Stat.nonpara.permu

Value

A data frame with empirical Pvalue.

getFeatureProbe	<i>getFeatureProbe to select probes within promoter regions or distal regions.</i>
-----------------	--

Description

getFeatureProbe is a function to select the probes falling into distal feature regions or promoter regions.

This function selects the probes on HM450K that either overlap distal biofeatures or TSS promoter.

Usage

```
getFeatureProbe(
  feature = NULL,
  TSS,
  genome = "hg38",
  met.platform = "HM450",
  TSS.range = list(upstream = 2000, downstream = 2000),
  promoter = FALSE,
  rm.chr = NULL
)
```

Arguments

feature	A GRange object containing biofeature coordinate such as enhancer coordinates. If NULL only distal probes (2Kbp away from TSS will be selected) feature option is only usable when promoter option is FALSE.
TSS	A GRange object contains the transcription start sites. When promoter is FALSE, Union.TSS in ELMER.data will be used for default. When promoter is TRUE, UCSC gene TSS will be used as default (see detail). User can specify their own preference TSS annotation.
genome	Which genome build will be used: hg38 (default) or hg19.
met.platform	DNA methylation platform to retrieve data from: EPIC or 450K (default)
TSS.range	A list specify how to define promoter regions. Default is upstream =2000bp and downstream=2000bp.
promoter	A logical.If TRUE, function will output the promoter probes. If FALSE, function will output the distal probes overlapping with features. The default is FALSE.
rm.chr	A vector of chromosome need to be remove from probes such as chrX chrY or chrM

Details

In order to get real distal probes, we use more comprehensive annotated TSS by both GENCODE and UCSC. However, to get probes within promoter regions need more accurate annotated TSS such as UCSC. Therefore, there are different settings for promoter and distal probe selection. But user can specify their own favorable TSS annotation. Then there won't be any difference between promoter and distal probe selection. @return A GRanges object contains the coordinate of probes which locate within promoter regions or distal feature regions such as union enhancer from REMC and FANTOM5. @usage getFeatureProbe(feature, TSS, TSS.range = list(upstream = 2000, downstream = 2000), promoter = FALSE, rm.chr = NULL)

Value

A GRange object containing probes that satisfy selecting criteria.

getFunctionalGenes *The getFunctionalGenes function*

Description

Helper function to assess if the methylation of a probe is reversely correlated with the expression of its nearby genes.

Usage

```
getFunctionalGenes(
  target.probe,
  target.genes,
  MET_matrix,
  gene.expression.data,
  ProbeAnnotation,
  correlation = "negative",
  raw.pvalue.threshold = 0.05,
  adjusted.pvalue.threshold = 0.01
)
```

Arguments

target.probe character string indicating the probe to be evaluated.

target.genes character vector indicating the nearby genes of the target probe.

MET_matrix methylation data matrix for CpGs from group.1 and group.2.

gene.expression.data
 gene expression data matrix.

ProbeAnnotation
 GRange object of CpG probe annotation.

raw.pvalue.threshold
 raw p value from testing DNA methylation and gene expression

adjusted.pvalue.threshold
 adjusted p value from testing DNA methylation and gene expression

Details

This function is probe-centered, which is used in the enhancer mode and the miRNA mode of EpiMix.

Value

dataframe with functional probe-gene pair and p values from the Wilcoxon test for methylation and gene expression.

Examples

```
data(Sample_EpiMixResults_Enhancer)
data(mRNA.data)
EpiMixResults <- Sample_EpiMixResults_Enhancer
target.probe <- EpiMixResults$FunctionalPairs$Probe[1]
target.genes <- EpiMixResults$FunctionalPairs$Gene
MET_matrix <- EpiMixResults$MethylationStates
ProbeAnnotation <- ExperimentHub::ExperimentHub()[["EH3675"]]
res <- getFunctionalGenes(target.probe, target.genes, MET_matrix, mRNA.data, ProbeAnnotation)
```

getLncRNAData	<i>The getLncRNAData function</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Helper function to retrieve the lncRNA expression data from Experiment Hub

Usage

```
getLncRNAData(CancerSite)
```

Arguments

CancerSite TCGA cancer code

Value

local file path where the lncRNA expression data are saved

getMethStates	<i>The getMethStates function</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Helper function that adds a methylation state label to each driver probe

Usage

```
getMethStates(MethylMixResults, DM.probes)
```

Arguments

MethylMixResults the list object returned from the EpiMix function
DM.probes character vector of differentially methylated probes.

Value

a character vector with the methylation state ('Hypo', 'Hyper' or 'Dual') for each probe. The names for the vector are the probe names and the values are the methylation state.

getMethStates_Helper *The getMethStates_Helper function*

Description

helper function to determine the methylation state based on DM values

Usage

```
getMethStates_Helper(DMValues)
```

Arguments

DMValues a character vector indicating the DM values of a CpG site

Value

a character string indicating the methylation state of the CpG

GetNearGenes *GetNearGenes to collect nearby genes for one locus.*

Description

GetNearGenes is a function to collect equal number of gene on each side of one locus. It can receive either multi Assay Experiment with both DNA methylation and gene Expression matrix and the names of probes to select nearby genes, or it can receive two ranges objects TRange and geneAnnot.

Usage

```
GetNearGenes(  
  data = NULL,  
  probes = NULL,  
  geneAnnot = NULL,  
  TRange = NULL,  
  numFlankingGenes = 20  
)
```

Arguments

data	A multi Assay Experiment with both DNA methylation and gene Expression objects
probes	Name of probes to get nearby genes (it should be rownames of the DNA methylation object in the data argument object)
geneAnnot	A GRange object or Summarized Experiment object that contains coordinates of promoters for human genome.
TRange	A GRange object or Summarized Experiment object that contains coordinates of a list of targets loci.
numFlankingGenes	A number determines how many gene will be collected totally. Then the number divided by 2 is the number of genes collected from each side of targets (number should be even) Default to 20.

Value

A data frame of nearby genes and information: genes' IDs, genes' symbols, distance with target and side to which the gene locate to the target.

References

Yao, Lijing, et al. "Inferring regulatory element landscapes and transcription factor networks from cancer methylomes." *Genome biology* 16.1 (2015): 1.

getProbeAnnotation *The getProbeAnnotation function*

Description

Helper function to get the probe annotation based on mode

Usage

```
getProbeAnnotation(mode, met.platform, genome)
```

Arguments

mode	analytic mode
met.platform	methylation platform
genome	genome build version

Value

a ProbeAnnotation dataframe consisting of two columns: probe, gene

getRandomGenes *The getRandomGenes function*

Description

Helper function to get a set of random genes located on different chromosomes of the target CpG.

Usage

```
getRandomGenes(
  target.probe,
  gene.expression.data,
  ProbeAnnotation,
  genome = "hg38",
  perm = 1000
)
```

Arguments

`target.probe` character string indicating the target CpG for generating the permutation p values.

`gene.expression.data` a matrix of gene expression data.

`ProbeAnnotation` GRange object of probe annotation.

`genome` character string indicating the genome build version, can be either 'hg19' or 'hg38'.

`perm` the number of permutation tests. Default: 1000

Value

a dataframe for the permutation genes and p values for the target CpG site.

getRegionNearGenes *Identifies nearest genes to a region*

Description

Auxiliary function for GetNearGenes This will get the closest genes (`n=numFlankingGenes`) for a target region (TRange) based on a genome of reference gene annotation (`geneAnnot`). If the transcript level annotation (`tssAnnot`) is provided the Distance will be updated to the distance to the nearest TSS.

Usage

```
getRegionNearGenes(  
  TRange = NULL,  
  numFlankingGenes = 20,  
  geneAnnot = NULL,  
  tssAnnot = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

TRange	A GRange object contains coordinate of targets.
numFlankingGenes	A number determine how many gene will be collected from each
geneAnnot	A GRange object contains gene coordinates of for human genome.
tssAnnot	A GRange object contains tss coordinates of for human genome.

Value

A data frame of nearby genes and information: genes' IDs, genes' symbols,

Author(s)

Tiago C Silva (maintainer: tiagochst@usp.br)

getRoadMapEnhancerProbes
getRoadMapEnhancerProbes

Description

getRoadMapEnhancerProbes

Usage

```
getRoadMapEnhancerProbes(  
  met.platform = "EPIC",  
  genome = "hg38",  
  functional.regions = c("EnhA1", "EnhA2"),  
  listOfEpigenomes = NULL,  
  ProbeAnnotation  
)
```

Arguments

<code>met.platform</code>	character string indicating the methylation platform, can be either 'EPIC' or 'HM450'
<code>genome</code>	character string indicating the genome build version, can be either 'hg19' or 'hg38'
<code>functional.regions</code>	character vector indicating the MNEMONIC chromatin states that will be retrieved from the Roadmap epigenomics. Default values are the active enhancers: 'EnhA1', 'EnhA2'.
<code>listOfEpigenomes</code>	character vector indicating which epigenome(s) to use for finding enhancers.
<code>ProbeAnnotation</code>	GRange object of probe annotation.

Details

get the CpG probes that locate at the enhancer regions identified by the Roadmap epigenomics project

Value

a dataframe with enhancer probes and their chromosome coordinates

Examples

```
met.platform = 'EPIC'
genome = 'hg38'
listOfEpigenomes = c('E034', 'E045', 'E047')
functional.regions = c('EnhA1', 'EnhA2', 'EnhG1', 'EnhG2')
df.enhancer.probes <- getEnhancerProbes(met.platform = met.platform,
                                       genome = genome,
                                       functional.regions = functional.regions,
                                       listOfEpigenomes = listOfEpigenomes)
```

GetSurvivalProbe

The GetSurvivalProbe function

Description

Get probes whose methylation state is predictive of patient survival

getTSS	<i>getTSS to fetch GENCODE gene annotation (transcripts level) from Bioconductor package biomaRt. If upstream and downstream are specified in TSS list, promoter regions of GENCODE gene will be generated.</i>
--------	---

Description

getTSS to fetch GENCODE gene annotation (transcripts level) from Bioconductor package biomaRt. If upstream and downstream are specified in TSS list, promoter regions of GENCODE gene will be generated.

Usage

```
getTSS(genome = "hg38", TSS = list(upstream = NULL, downstream = NULL))
```

Arguments

genome	Which genome build will be used: hg38 (default) or hg19.
TSS	A list. Contains upstream and downstream like TSS=list(upstream, downstream). When upstream and downstream is specified, coordinates of promoter regions with gene annotation will be generated.

Value

GENCODE gene annotation if TSS is not specified. Coordinates of GENCODE gene promoter regions if TSS is specified.

Author(s)

Lijing Yao (maintainer: lijingya@usc.edu)

get_firehoseData	<i>The get_firehoseData function</i>
------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Gets data from TCGA's firehose.

Usage

```

get_firehoseData(
  downloadData = TRUE,
  saveDir = "./",
  TCGA_acronym_uppercase = "LUAD",
  dataType = "stddata",
  dataFileTag = "mRNAseq_Preprocess.Level_3",
  FFPE = FALSE,
  fileType = "tar.gz",
  gdacURL = "https://gdac.broadinstitute.org/runs/",
  untarUngzip = TRUE,
  printDisease_abbr = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

downloadData	logical indicating if data should be downloaded (default: TRUE). If false, the url of the desired data is returned.
saveDir	path to directory to save downloaded files.
TCGA_acronym_uppercase	TCGA's cancer site code.
dataType	type of data in TCGA (default: 'stddata').
dataFileTag	name of the file to be downloaded (the default is to download RNAseq data, but this can be changed to download other data).
FFPE	logical indicating if FFPE data should be downloaded (default: FALSE).
fileType	type of downloaded file (default: 'fileType', other type not admitted at the moment).
gdacURL	gdac url.
untarUngzip	logical indicating if the gzip file downloaded should be untarred (default: TRUE).
printDisease_abbr	if TRUE data is not downloaded but all the possible cancer sites codes are shown (default: FALSE).

Value

DownloadedFile path to directory with downloaded files.

mapTranscriptToGene *mapTranscriptToGene*

Description

map the miRNA precursor names to HGNC

Usage

```
mapTranscriptToGene(transcripts)
```

Arguments

transcripts vector with the name of miRNA precursors

Value

a dataframe with two columns: 'Transcript' indicating the miRNA precursor names, 'Gene_name' indicating the actual human gene names (HGNC)

MethylMix_MixtureModel

The MethylMix_MixtureModel function

Description

Internal. Prepares all the structures to store the results and calls in a foreach loop a function that fits the mixture model in each gene.

Usage

```
MethylMix_MixtureModel(  
  METcancer,  
  METnormal = NULL,  
  FunctionalGenes,  
  NoNormalMode = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

METcancer matrix with methylation data for cancer samples (genes in rows, samples in columns).

METnormal matrix with methylation data for normal samples (genes in rows, samples in columns). If NULL no comparison to normal samples will be done.

FunctionalGenes vector with genes names to be considered for the mixture models.

NoNormalMode logical, if TRUE no comparison to normal samples is performed. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

MethylationStates matrix of DM values, with driver genes in the rows and samples in the columns.

NrComponents matrix with the number of components identified for each driver gene.

Models list with the mixture model fitted for each driver gene.

MethylationDrivers character vector with the genes found by MethylMix as differentially methylated and transcriptionally predictive (driver genes).

MixtureStates a list with a matrix for each driver gene containing the DM values.

Classifications a vector indicating to which component each sample was assigned.

MethylMix_ModelSingleGene

The MethylMix_ModelSingleGene function

Description

Internal. For a given gene, this function fits the mixture model, selects the number of components and defines the respective methylation states.

Usage

```
MethylMix_ModelSingleGene(
  GeneName,
  METdataVector,
  METdataNormalVector = NULL,
  NoNormalMode = FALSE,
  maxComp = 3,
  PvalueThreshold = 0.01,
  MeanDifferenceTreshold = 0.1,
  minSamplesPerGroup = 1
)
```

Arguments

GeneName	character string with the name of the gene to model
METdataVector	vector with methylation data for cancer samples.
METdataNormalVector	vector with methylation data for normal samples. It can be NULL and then no normal mode will be used.
NoNormalMode	logical, if TRUE no comparison to normal samples is performed. Defaults to FALSE.
maxComp	maximum number of mixture components admitted in the model (3 by default).
PvalueThreshold	threshold to consider results significant.

MeanDifferenceTreshold
 threshold in beta value scale from which two methylation means are considered different.

minSamplesPerGroup
 minimum number of samples required to belong to a new mixture component in order to accept it. Default is 1 (not used). If -1, each component has to have at least 5% of all cancer samples.

Details

maxComp, PvalueThreshold, METDiffThreshold, minSamplesPerGroup are arguments for this function but are fixed in their default values for the user because they are not available in the main MethylMix function, to keep it simple. It would be easy to make them available to the user if we want to.

Value

NrComponents number of components identified.

Models an object with the parameters of the model fitted.

MethylationStates vector with DM values for each sample.

MixtureStates vector with DMvalues for each component.

Classifications a vector indicating to which component each sample was assigned.

FlipOverState FlipOverState

MethylMix_Predict *The MethylMix_Predict function*

Description

Given a new data set with methylation data, this function predicts the mixture component for each new sample and driver gene. Predictions are based on posterior probabilities calculated with MethylMix's fitted mixture model.

Usage

```
MethylMix_Predict(newBetaValuesMatrix, MethylMixResult)
```

Arguments

newBetaValuesMatrix
 Matrix with new observations for prediction, genes/cpg sites in rows, samples in columns. Although this new matrix can have a different number of genes/cpg sites than the one provided as METcancer when running MethylMix, naming of genes/cpg sites should be the same.

MethylMixResult
 Output object from MethylMix

Value

A matrix with predictions (indices of mixture component), driver genes in rows, new samples in columns

MethylMix_RemoveFlipOver

The MethylMix_RemoveFlipOver function

Description

Internal. The estimated densities for each beta component can overlap, generating samples that look like being separated from their group. This function re classifies such samples.

Usage

```
MethylMix_RemoveFlipOver(
  OrigOrder,
  MethylationState,
  classification,
  METdataVector,
  NrComponents,
  UseTrainedFlipOver = FALSE,
  FlipOverState = 0
)
```

Arguments

OrigOrder order of sorted values in the methylation vector.

MethylationState methylation states for this gene.

classification vector with integers indicating to wich component each sample was classified into.

METdataVector vector with methylation values from the cancer samples.

NrComponents number of components in this gene.

UseTrainedFlipOver .

FlipOverState .

Value

Corrected vectors with methylation states and classification.

predictOneGene *The predictOneGene function*

Description

Auxiliar function. Given a new vector of beta values, this function calculates a matrix with posterior prob of belonging to each mixture component (columns) for each new beta value (rows), and return the number of the mixture component with highest posterior probabilit

Usage

```
predictOneGene(newVector, mixtureModel)
```

Arguments

newVector vector with new beta values
mixtureModel beta mixture model object for the gene being evaluated.

Value

A matrix with predictions (indices of mixture component), driver genes in rows, new samples in columns

Preprocess_CancerSite_Methylation27k
The Preprocess_CancerSite_Methylation27k function

Description

Internal. Pre-processes DNA methylation data from TCGA from Illymina 27k arrays.

Usage

```
Preprocess_CancerSite_Methylation27k(  
  CancerSite,  
  METdirectory,  
  doBatchCorrection,  
  batch.correction.method,  
  MissingValueThreshold  
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	character of length 1 with TCGA cancer code.
METdirectory	character with directory where a folder for downloaded files will be created. Can be the object returned by the Download_DNAMethylation function.
MissingValueThreshold	threshold for removing samples or genes with missing values.

Value

List with pre processed methylation data for cancer and normal samples.

Preprocess_DNAMethylation

The Preprocess_DNAMethylation function

Description

Preprocess DNA methylation data from the GEO database.

Usage

```
Preprocess_DNAMethylation(
  methylation.data,
  met.platform = "EPIC",
  genome = "hg38",
  sample.info = NULL,
  group.1 = NULL,
  group.2 = NULL,
  sample.map = NULL,
  rm.chr = c("chrX", "chrY"),
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.2,
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.2,
  doBatchCorrection = FALSE,
  BatchData = NULL,
  batch.correction.method = "Seurat",
  cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

methylation.data	matrix of DNA methylation data with CpG in rows and sample names in columns.
met.platform	character string indicating the type of the Illumina Infinium BeadChip for collecting the methylation data. Should be either 'HM450' or 'EPIC'. Default: 'EPIC'

genome	character string indicating the genome build version for retrieving the probe annotation. Should be either 'hg19' or 'hg38'. Default: 'hg38'.
sample.info	dataframe that maps each sample to a study group. Should contain two columns: the first column (named: 'primary') indicating the sample names, and the second column (named: 'sample.type') indicating which study group each sample belongs to (e.g., "Experiment" vs. "Control", "Cancer" vs. "Normal"). Sample names in the 'primary' column must coincide with the column names of the methylation.data. Please see details for more information. Default: NULL.
group.1	character vector indicating the name(s) for the experiment group. The values must coincide with the values in the 'sample.type' of the sample.info dataframe. Please see details for more information. Default: NULL.
group.2	character vector indicating the names(s) for the control group. The values must coincide with the values in the 'sample.type' of the sample.info dataframe. Please see details for more information. Default: NULL.
sample.map	dataframe for mapping the GEO accession ID (column names) to the actual sample names. Can be the output from the GEO_getSampleMap function. Default: NULL.
rm.chr	character vector indicating the probes on which chromosomes to be removed. Default: 'chrX', 'chrY'.
MissingValueThresholdGene	threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default: 0.3.
MissingValueThresholdSample	threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default: 0.1.
doBatchCorrection	logical indicating whether to perform batch correction. If TRUE, the batch data need to be provided.
BatchData	dataframe with batch information. Should contain two columns: the first column indicating the actual sample names, the second column indicating the batch. Users are expected to retrieve the batch information from the GEO on their own, but this can also be done using the GEO_getSampleInfo function with the 'group.column' as the column indicating the batch for each sample. Default: NULL.
batch.correction.method	character string indicating the method that will be used for batch correction. Should be either 'Seurat' or 'Combat'. Default: 'Seurat'.
cores	number of CPU cores to be used for batch effect correction. Default: 1.

Details

The data preprocessing pipeline includes: (1) eliminating samples and genes with too many NAs, imputing NAs. (2) (optional) mapping the column names of the DNA methylation data to the actual sample names based on the information from 'sample.map'. (3) (optional) removing CpG probes on the sex chromosomes or the user-defined chromosomes. (4) (optional) doing Batch correction. If both sample.info and group.1 and group.2 information are provided, the function will perform missing value estimation and batch correction on group.1 and group.2 separately. This will ensure that

the true difference between group.1 and group.2 will not be obscured by missing value estimation and batch correction.

Value

DNA methylation data matrix with probes in rows and samples in columns.

Examples

```
{
data(MET.data)
data(LUAD.sample.annotation)

Preprocessed_Data <- Preprocess_DNAMethylation(MET.data,
                                              met.platform = 'HM450',
                                              sample.info = LUAD.sample.annotation,
                                              group.1 = 'Cancer',
                                              group.2 = 'Normal')
}
```

Preprocess_GeneExpression

The Preprocess_GeneExpression function

Description

Preprocess the gene expression data from the GEO database.

Usage

```
Preprocess_GeneExpression(
  gene.expression.data,
  sample.info = NULL,
  group.1 = NULL,
  group.2 = NULL,
  sample.map = NULL,
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.3,
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.1,
  doBatchCorrection = FALSE,
  BatchData = NULL,
  batch.correction.method = "Seurat",
  cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

<code>gene.expression.data</code>	a matrix of gene expression data with gene in rows and samples in columns.
<code>sample.info</code>	dataframe that maps each sample to a study group. Should contain two columns: the first column (named: 'primary') indicating the sample names, and the second column (named: 'sample.type') indicating which study group each sample belongs to (e.g., "Experiment" vs. "Control", "Cancer" vs. "Normal"). Sample names in the 'primary' column must coincide with the column names of the <code>methylation.data</code> . Please see details for more information. Default: NULL.
<code>group.1</code>	character vector indicating the name(s) for the experiment group. The values must coincide with the values in the 'sample.type' of the <code>sample.info</code> dataframe. Please see details for more information. Default: NULL.
<code>group.2</code>	character vector indicating the names(s) for the control group. The values must coincide with the values in the 'sample.type' of the <code>sample.info</code> dataframe. Please see details for more information. Default: NULL.
<code>sample.map</code>	dataframe for mapping the GEO accession ID (column names) to the actual sample names. Can be the output from the <code>GEO_getSampleMap</code> function. Default: NULL.
<code>MissingValueThresholdGene</code>	threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.
<code>MissingValueThresholdSample</code>	threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.
<code>doBatchCorrection</code>	logical indicating whether to perform batch correction. If TRUE, the batch data need to be provided.
<code>BatchData</code>	dataframe with batch information. Should contain two columns: the first column indicating the actual sample names, the second column indicating the batch. Users are expected to retrieve the batch information from GEO on their own, but this can also be done using the <code>GEO_getSampleInfo</code> function with the 'group.column' as the column indicating the batch for each sample. Default: NULL.
<code>batch.correction.method</code>	character string indicating the method that be used for batch correction. Should be either 'Seurat' or 'Combat'. Default: 'Seurat'.
<code>cores</code>	number of CPU cores to be used for batch effect correction. Default: 1

Details

The preprocessing pipeline includes: (1) eliminating samples and genes with too many NAs and imputing NAs. (2) if the gene names (rownames) in the gene expression data are `ensembl_gene_ids` or `ensembl_transcript_ids`, translate the gene names or the transcript names to human gene symbols (HGNC). (3) mapping the column names of the gene expression data to the actual sample names based on the information from 'sample.map'. (4) doing batch correction.

Value

gene expression data matrix with genes in rows and samples in columns.

Examples

```
{
  data(mRNA.data)
  data(LUAD.sample.annotation)
  Preprocessed_Data <- Preprocess_GeneExpression(gene.expression.data = mRNA.data,
                                                sample.info = LUAD.sample.annotation,
                                                group.1 = 'Cancer',
                                                group.2 = 'Normal')
}
```

Preprocess_MAdata_Cancer

The Preprocess_MAdata_Cancer function

Description

Internal. Pre-process gene expression data for cancer samples.

Usage

```
Preprocess_MAdata_Cancer(
  CancerSite,
  Directory,
  File,
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.3,
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.1,
  doBatchCorrection,
  batch.correction.method,
  BatchData
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	TCGA code for the cancer site.
Directory	Directory.
File	File.
MissingValueThresholdGene	threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.
MissingValueThresholdSample	threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.

Value

The data matrix.

Preprocess_MAdata_Normal

The Preprocess_MAdata_Normal function

Description

Internal. Pre-process gene expression data for normal samples.

Usage

```
Preprocess_MAdata_Normal(  
  CancerSite,  
  Directory,  
  File,  
  MissingValueThresholdGene,  
  MissingValueThresholdSample,  
  doBatchCorrection,  
  batch.correction.method,  
  BatchData  
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	TCGA code for the cancer site.
Directory	Directory.
File	File.
MissingValueThresholdGene	threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.
MissingValueThresholdSample	threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.

Value

The data matrix.

removeDuplicatedGenes *The removeDuplicatedGenes function*

Description

sum up the transcript expression values if a gene has multiple transcripts

Usage

```
removeDuplicatedGenes(GEN_data)
```

Arguments

GEN_data gene expression data matrix

Value

gene expression data matrix with duplicated genes removed

splitmatrix *The splitmatrix function*

Description

The splitmatrix function

Usage

```
splitmatrix(x, by = "row")
```

Arguments

x A matrix
by A character specify if split the matrix by row or column.

Value

A list each of which is the value of each row/column in the matrix.

TCGA_Download_DNAMethylation

The TCGA_Download_DNAMethylation function

Description

Download DNA methylation data from TCGA.

Usage

```
TCGA_Download_DNAMethylation(CancerSite, TargetDirectory, downloadData = TRUE)
```

Arguments

CancerSite character of length 1 with TCGA cancer code.

TargetDirectory

character with directory where a folder for downloaded files will be created.

downloadData logical indicating if data should be downloaded (default: TRUE). If false, the url of the desired data is returned.

Value

list with paths to downloaded files for both 27k and 450k methylation data.

Examples

```
METdirectories <- TCGA_Download_DNAMethylation(CancerSite = 'OV', TargetDirectory = tempdir())
```

TCGA_Download_GeneExpression

The TCGA_Download_GeneExpression function

Description

Download gene expression data from TCGA.

Usage

```
TCGA_Download_GeneExpression(  
  CancerSite,  
  TargetDirectory,  
  mode = "Regular",  
  downloadData = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	character string indicating the TCGA cancer code.
TargetDirectory	character with directory where a folder for downloaded files will be created.
mode	character string indicating whether we should download the gene expression data for miRNAs or lncRNAs, instead of for protein-coding genes. See details for more information.
downloadData	logical indicating if the data should be downloaded (default: TRUE). If False, the url of the desired data is returned.

Details

mode: when mode is set to 'Regular', this function downloads the level 3 RNAseq data (file tag 'mRNAseq_Preprocess.Level_3'). Since there is not enough RNAseq data for OV and GBM, the micro array data is downloaded. If you plan to run the EpiMix on miRNA- or lncRNA-coding genes, please specify the 'mode' parameter to 'miRNA' or 'lncRNA'.

Value

list with paths to downloaded files for gene expression.

Examples

```
# Example #1 : download regular gene expression data for ovarian cancer
GEdirectories <- TCGA_Download_GeneExpression(CancerSite = 'OV', TargetDirectory = tempdir())

# Example #2 : download miRNA expression data for ovarian cancer
GEdirectories <- TCGA_Download_GeneExpression(CancerSite = 'OV',
                                             TargetDirectory = tempdir(),
                                             mode = 'miRNA')

# Example #3 : download lncRNA expression data for ovarian cancer
GEdirectories <- TCGA_Download_GeneExpression(CancerSite = 'OV',
                                             TargetDirectory = tempdir(),
                                             mode = 'lncRNA')
```

TCGA_EstimateMissingValues_MolecularData

The TCGA_EstimateMissingValues_MolecularData function

Description

Internal.Deletes samples and genes with more NAs than the respective thresholds. Imputes other NAs values.

Usage

```
TCGA_EstimateMissingValues_MolecularData(
  MET_Data,
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.3,
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.1
)
```

Arguments

MET_Data matrix of gene expression data

MissingValueThresholdGene
threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.

MissingValueThresholdSample
threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.

Value

gene expression data with no missing values.

TCGA_GENERIC_CheckBatchEffect

The TCGA_GENERIC_CheckBatchEffect function

Description

Internal. Checks if batch correction is needed.

Usage

```
TCGA_GENERIC_CheckBatchEffect(GEN_Data, BatchData)
```

Arguments

GEN_Data matrix with data to be corrected for batch effects.

BatchData Batch data.

Value

the p value from ANOVA test on PCA values.

TCGA_GENERIC_CleanUpSampleNames

The TCGA_GENERIC_CleanUpSampleNames function

Description

Internal. Cleans the samples IDs into the 12 digit format and removes doubles.

Usage

```
TCGA_GENERIC_CleanUpSampleNames(GEN_Data, IDlength = 12)
```

Arguments

GEN_Data	data matrix.
IDlength	length of samples ID.

Value

data matrix with cleaned sample names.

TCGA_GENERIC_GetSampleGroups

The TCGA_GENERIC_GetSampleGroups function

Description

Internal. Looks for the group of the samples (normal/cancer).

Usage

```
TCGA_GENERIC_GetSampleGroups(SampleNames)
```

Arguments

SampleNames	vector with sample names.
-------------	---------------------------

Value

a list.

TCGA_GENERIC_LoadIlluminaMethylationData

The TCGA_GENERIC_LoadIlluminaMethylationData function

Description

Internal. Read in an illumina methylation file with the following format: header row with sample labels, 2nd header row with 4 columns per sample: beta-value, geneSymbol, chromosome and GenomicCoordinate. The first column has the probe names.

Usage

```
TCGA_GENERIC_LoadIlluminaMethylationData(Filename)
```

Arguments

Filename name of the file with the data.

Value

methylation data.

TCGA_GENERIC_MergeData

The TCGA_GENERIC_MergeData function

Description

Internal.

Usage

```
TCGA_GENERIC_MergeData(NewIDListUnique, DataMatrix)
```

Arguments

NewIDListUnique unique rownames of data.

DataMatrix data matrix.

Value

data matrix.

TCGA_GENERIC_MET_ClusterProbes_Helper_ClusterGenes_with_hclust
*The TCGA_GENERIC_MET_ClusterProbes_Helper_ClusterGenes_with_hclust
function*

Description

Internal. Cluster probes into genes.

Usage

```
TCGA_GENERIC_MET_ClusterProbes_Helper_ClusterGenes_with_hclust(  
  Gene,  
  ProbeAnnotation,  
  MET_Cancer,  
  MET_Normal = NULL,  
  CorThreshold = 0.4  
)
```

Arguments

Gene	gene.
ProbeAnnotation	data set matching probes to genes.
MET_Cancer	data matrix for cancer samples.
MET_Normal	data matrix for normal samples.
CorThreshold	correlation threshold for cutting the clusters.

Value

List with the clustered data sets and the mapping between probes and genes.

TCGA_GetData *The TCGA_GetData function*

Description

This function wraps the functions for downloading, pre-processing and analysis of the DNA methylation and gene expression data from the TCGA project.

Usage

```
TCGA_GetData(
  CancerSite,
  mode = "Regular",
  outputDirectory = ".",
  doBatchCorrection = FALSE,
  batch.correction.method = "Seurat",
  roadmap.epigenome.ids = NULL,
  roadmap.epigenome.groups = NULL,
  forceUse450K = FALSE,
  cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	character string indicating the TCGA cancer code. The information can be found at: https://gdc.cancer.gov/resources-tcga-users/tcga-code-tables/tcga-study-abbreviations
mode	character string indicating the analytic mode to model DNA methylation. Should be one of the followings: 'Regular', 'Enhancer', 'miRNA' or 'lncRNA'. Default: 'Regular'. See details for more information.
outputDirectory	character string indicating the file path to save the output.
doBatchCorrection	logical indicating whether to do batch effect correction during preprocessing. Default: False.
batch.correction.method	character string indicating the method to perform batch effect correction. The value should be either 'Seurat' or 'Combat'. Seurat is much faster than the Combat. Default: 'Seurat'.
roadmap.epigenome.ids	character vector indicating the epigenome ID(s) to be used for selecting enhancers. See details for more information. Default: NULL.
roadmap.epigenome.groups	character vector indicating the tissue group(s) to be used for selecting enhancers. See details for more information. Default: NULL.
forceUse450K	logic indicating whether force to use only 450K methylation data. Default: FALSE
cores	Number of CPU cores to be used for computation.

Details

mode: EpiMix incorporates four alternative analytic modes for modeling DNA methylation: "Regular," "Enhancer", "miRNA" and "lncRNA". The four analytic modes target DNA methylation analysis on different genetic elements. The Regular mode aims to model DNA methylation at proximal cis-regulatory elements of protein-coding genes. The Enhancer mode targets DNA methylation analysis on distal enhancers. The miRNA or lncRNA mode focuses on methylation analysis of miRNA- or lncRNA-coding genes.

roadmap.epigenome.groups & roadmap.epigenome.ids:

Since enhancers are cell-type or tissue-type specific, EpiMix needs to know the reference tissues or cell types in order to select proper enhancers. EpiMix identifies enhancers from the RoadmapEpigenomic project (Nature, PMID: 25693563), in which enhancers were identified by ChromHMM in over 100 tissue and cell types. Available epigenome groups (a group of relevant cell types) or epigenome ids (individual cell types) can be obtained from the original publication (Nature, PMID: 25693563, figure 2). They can also be retrieved from the list.epigenomes() function. If both roadmap.epigenome.groups and roadmap.epigenome.ids are specified, EpiMix will select all the epigenomes from the combination of the inputs.

Value

The results from EpiMix is a list with the following components:

MethylationDrivers	CpG probes identified as differentially methylated by EpiMix.
NrComponents	The number of methylation states found for each driver probe.
MixtureStates	A list with the DM-values for each driver probe. Differential Methylation values (DM-values) are defined as the difference between the methylation mean of samples in one mixture component from the experiment group and the methylation mean in samples from the control group, for a given probe.
MethylationStates	Matrix with DM-values for all driver probes (rows) and all samples (columns).
Classifications	Matrix with integers indicating to which mixture component each sample in the experiment group was assigned to, for each probe.
Models	Beta mixture model parameters for each driver probe.
group.1	sample names in group.1 (experimental group).
group.2	sample names in group.2 (control group).
FunctionalPairs	Dataframe with the prevalence of differential methylation for each CpG probe in the sample population, and fold change of mRNA expression and P values for each significant probe-gene pair.

Examples

```
# Example #1 - Regular mode
EpiMixResults <- TCGA_GetData(CancerSite = 'LUAD',
                             outputDirectory = tempdir(),
                             cores = 8)

# Example #2 - Enhancer mode
EpiMixResults <- TCGA_GetData(CancerSite = 'LUAD',
                             mode = 'Enhancer',
                             roadmap.epigenome.ids = 'E097',
                             outputDirectory = tempdir(),
                             cores = 8)
```

```
Example #3 - miRNA mode
EpiMixResults <- TCGA_GetData(CancerSite = 'LUAD',
                             mode = 'miRNA',
                             outputDirectory = tempdir(),
                             cores = 8)

#' Example #4 - lncRNA mode
EpiMixResults <- TCGA_GetData(CancerSite = 'LUAD',
                             mode = 'lncRNA',
                             outputDirectory = tempdir(),
                             cores = 8)
```

TCGA_GetSampleInfo *The TCGA_GetSampleInfo function*

Description

The TCGA_GetSampleInfo function

Usage

```
TCGA_GetSampleInfo(METProcessedData, CancerSite = "LUAD", TargetDirectory = "")
```

Arguments

METProcessedData	Matrix of preprocessed methylation data.
CancerSite	Character string of TCGA study abbreviation.
TargetDirectory	Path to save the sample.info. Default: "".

Details

Generate the 'sample.info' dataframe for TCGA data.

Value

A dataframe for the sample groups. Contains two columns: the first column (named: 'primary') indicating the sample names, and the second column (named: 'sample.type') indicating whether each sample is a Cancer or Normal tissue.

Examples

```
{
data(MET.data)
sample.info <- TCGA_GetSampleInfo(MET.data, CancerSite = 'LUAD')
}
```

TCGA_Load_MethylationData

The TCGA_Load_MethylationData function

Description

The TCGA_Load_MethylationData function

Usage

```
TCGA_Load_MethylationData(METdirectory, ArrayType)
```

Arguments

METdirectory path to the 27K or 450K data
ArrayType character string indicating the array type, can be either '27K' or '450K'

Details

load 27K or 450K methylation data into memory

Value

matrix of methylation data with probes in rows and patient in columns

TCGA_Load_MolecularData

The TCGA_Load_MolecularData function

Description

Internal. Reads in gene expression data. Deletes samples and genes with more NAs than the respective thresholds. Imputes other NAs values.

Usage

```
TCGA_Load_MolecularData(Filename)
```

Arguments

Filename name of the file with the data.
MissingValueThresholdGene threshold for missing values per gene. Genes with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.3.
MissingValueThresholdSample threshold for missing values per sample. Samples with a percentage of NAs greater than this threshold are removed. Default is 0.1.

Value

gene expression data.

TCGA_Preprocess_DNAmethylation

The TCGA_Preprocess_DNAmethylation function

Description

Pre-processes DNA methylation data from TCGA.

Usage

```
TCGA_Preprocess_DNAmethylation(
  CancerSite,
  METdirectories,
  doBatchCorrection = FALSE,
  batch.correction.method = "Seurat",
  MissingValueThreshold = 0.2,
  cores = 1,
  use450K = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	character string indicating the TCGA cancer code.
METdirectories	character vector with directories with the downloaded data. It can be the object returned by the TCGA_Download_DNAmethylation function.
doBatchCorrection	logical indicating whether to perform batch correction. Default: False.
batch.correction.method	character string indicating the method to perform batch correction. The value should be either 'Seurat' or 'Combat'. Default: 'Seurat'. Note: Seurat is much faster than the Combat.
MissingValueThreshold	numeric values indicating the threshold for removing samples or genes with missing values. Default: 0.2.
cores	integer indicating the number of cores to be used for performing batch correction with Combat.
use450K	logic indicating whether to force use 450K, instead of 27K data.

Details

Pre-process includes eliminating samples and genes with too many NAs, imputing NAs, and doing Batch correction. If there are samples with both 27k and 450k data, the 27k data will be used only if the sample number in the 27k data is greater than the 450k data and there is more than 50 samples in the 27k data. Otherwise, the 450k data is used and the 27k data is discarded.

Value

pre-processed methylation data matrix with CpG probe in rows and samples in columns.
 Pre-processed methylation data matrix with CpG probe in rows and samples in columns.

Examples

```
METdirectories <- TCGA_Download_DNAMethylation(CancerSite = 'OV', TargetDirectory = tempdir())
METProcessedData <- TCGA_Preprocess_DNAMethylation(CancerSite = 'OV',
                                                    METdirectories = METdirectories)
```

TCGA_Preprocess_GeneExpression

The TCGA_Preprocess_GeneExpression function

Description

Pre-processes gene expression data from TCGA.

Usage

```
TCGA_Preprocess_GeneExpression(
  CancerSite,
  MAdirectories,
  mode = "Regular",
  doBatchCorrection = FALSE,
  batch.correction.method = "Seurat",
  MissingValueThresholdGene = 0.3,
  MissingValueThresholdSample = 0.1,
  cores = 1
)
```

Arguments

CancerSite	character string indicating the TCGA cancer code.
MAdirectories	character vector with directories with the downloaded data. It can be the object returned by the GEO_Download_GeneExpression function.
mode	character string indicating whether the genes in the gene expression data are miRNAs or lncRNAs. Should be either 'Regular', 'Enhancer', 'miRNA' or 'lncRNA'. This value should be consistent with the same parameter in the TCGA_Download_GeneExpression function. Default: 'Regular'.
doBatchCorrection	logical indicating whether to perform batch effect correction. Default: False.
batch.correction.method	character string indicating the method to perform batch correction. The value should be either 'Seurat' or 'Combat'. Default: 'Seurat'. Seurat is much faster than the Combat.

TCGA_Process_EstimateMissingValues

The TCGA_Process_EstimateMissingValues function

Description

Internal. Removes patients and genes with more missing values than the MissingValueThreshold, and imputes remaining missing values using Tibshirani's KNN method.

Usage

```
TCGA_Process_EstimateMissingValues(MET_Data, MissingValueThreshold = 0.2)
```

Arguments

MET_Data data matrix.
MissingValueThreshold threshold for removing samples and genes with too many missing values.

Value

the data set with imputed values and possibly some genes or samples deleted.

TCGA_Select_Dataset

The TCGA_Select_Dataset function

Description

internal function to select which MET dataset to use

Usage

```
TCGA_Select_Dataset(CancerSite, MET_Data_27K, MET_Data_450K, use450K)
```

Arguments

CancerSite TCGA cancer code
MET_Data_27K matrix of MET_Data_27K
MET_Data_450K matrix of MET_Data_450K
use450K logic indicating whether to force use 450K data

Value

the selected MET data set

test_gene_expr *The test_gene_expr function*

Description

Helper function to test whether the expression levels of a gene is reversely correlated with the methylation state of a probe.

Usage

```
test_gene_expr(  
  gene,  
  probe,  
  DM_values,  
  gene.expr.values,  
  correlation = "negative"  
)
```

Arguments

`gene` character string indicating a target gene to be modeled.

`probe` character string indicating a probe mapped to the target gene.

`DM_values` a vector of DM values for the probe. The names of the element should be sample names.

`gene.expr.values` a vector of gene expression values for the tested gene. The names of the vector are sample names.

`correlation` character indicating the direction of correlation between the methylation state of the CpG site and the gene expression levels. Can be either 'negative' or 'positive'.

`raw.pvalue.threshold` raw p value from testing DNA methylation and gene expression

`adjusted.pvalue.threshold` adjusted p value from testing DNA methylation and gene expression

Value

dataframe with functional probe-gene pairs and corresponding p values obtained from the Wilcoxon test for gene expression and methylation.

`translateMethylMixResults`*The translateMethylMixResults function*

Description

unfold clustered MethylMix results to single CpGs

Usage

```
translateMethylMixResults(MethylMixResults, probeMapping)
```

Arguments

MethylMixResults

list of MethylMix output

probeMapping dataframe of probe to gene-cluster mapping

Value

list of unfolded MethylMix results

`validEpigenomes`*The validEpigenomes function*

Description

check user input for roadmap epigenome groups or ids

Usage

```
validEpigenomes(roadmap.epigenome.groups, roadmap.epigenome.ids)
```

Arguments

roadmap.epigenome.groups

epigenome groups

roadmap.epigenome.ids

epigenome ids

Value

a character vector of selected epigenome ids

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